MTG2000B Trunk Gateway User Manual
V1.0

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Preface

Welcome

Thanks for choosing the MTG2000B Trunk Gateway! We hope you will make full use of this rich-feature gateway. Contact us if you need any technical support: 0755-61919966

About This Manual

This manual provides information about the introduction of the gateway, and about how to install, configure or use the gateway. Please read this document carefully before install the gateway.

Intended Audience

This manual is aimed primarily at the following people:

- Users
- Engineers who install, configure and maintain the gateway.

Revision Record

Document Name	Document Version	Firmware Version
MTG2000B Trunk Gateway User Manual V1.0	2021-12 v1.0	

Conventions

Gateway or device mentioned in this document refers to the MTG2000B gateway. "Note" marked in the document is what users need to pay attention to.

Contents

1 Product Description

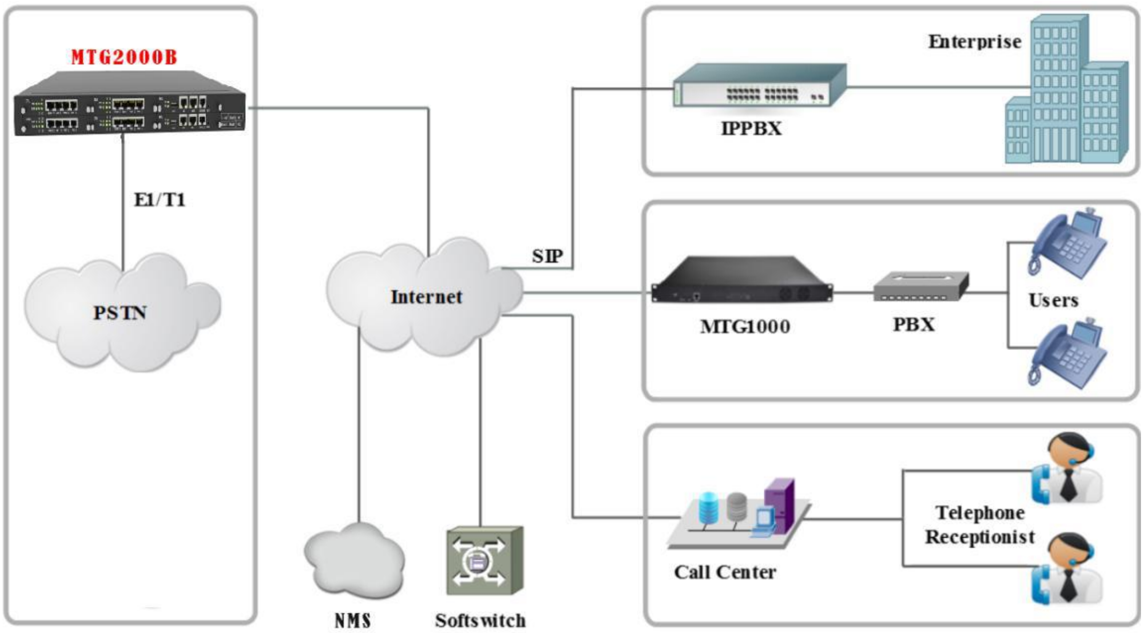
1.1 Overview

MTG2000B is a new-generation intelligent VoIP gateway, which is designed for enterprises, telecom operators and various industries. Focusing on a concept of maintainable, manageable and operable, MTG2000B features high integration and large capacity. It provides carrier-grade VoIP and FoIP . services, as well as value-added functions such as modem and voice recognition. Thus it constructs a flexible, high-efficient, future-oriented communication network for users.

MTG2000B supports a range of signaling protocols, realizing the interconnection between SIP and traditional signals like SS7 and PRI. It supports multiple codec methods, offers signal encryption technology and smart voice recognition technology, and improves the utilizing efficiency of trucking resources while ensuring voice quality. The trunk gateway is ideally fit for various access networks of SMEs, call centers, telecom operators and large-scale enterprises.

1.2 Application Scenario

The application scenario of MTG2000B is shown as follows:



1.3 Product Appearance

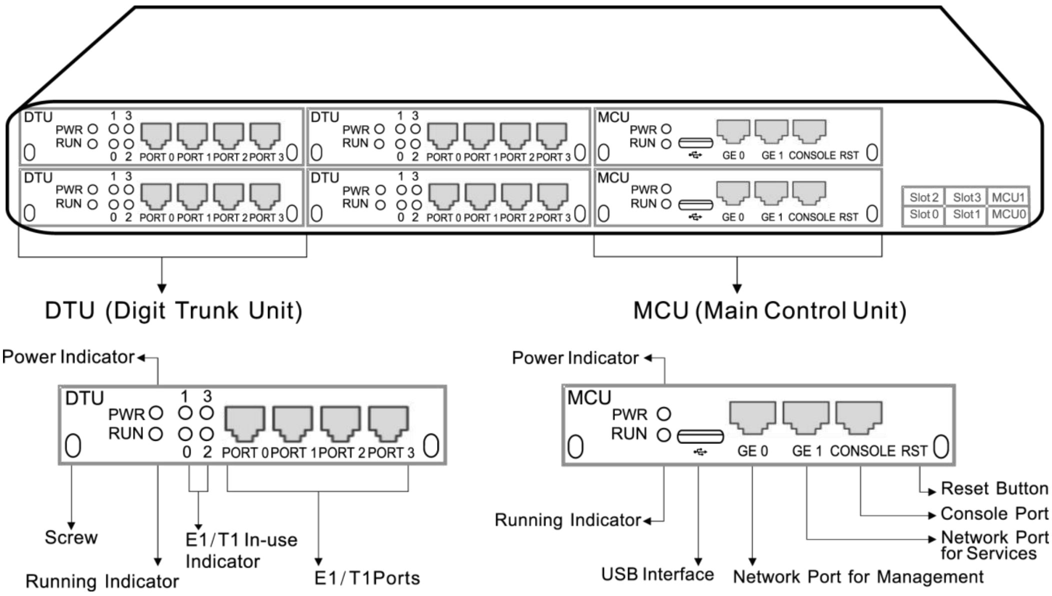
1.3.1 Image of MTG2000B

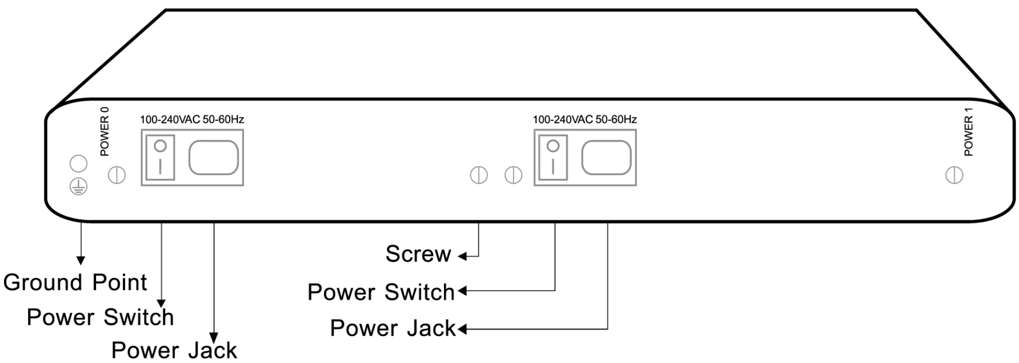
Front View

Back View

1.3.2 Description of Ports and Indicators

MTG2000B has two MCU boards and four DTU boards at most, which can be inserted or pulled out. Each DTU board has four E1/T1 ports (from 0 to 3 in sequence), and there are indicators to show the status of each E1/T1 port.





MCU Board:

Indicator/Port	Status	Description
PWR	On green	Power supply is normal.
	On dull	There is no power supply or power supply is abnormal.
RUN	Flash slowly	The MCU board has been inserted and identified by the system.
	On dull	The system does not identify the MCU board.
CONSOLE	/	The console port used to carry out maintenance-related configurations, with a baud rate of 115200bps.
GE1	/	The gigabit Ethernet port for services, which is used to realize the data transmission of signal or voice. Its default IP address is 192.168.1.111, and default netmask is 255.255.255.0.
GE0	/	The gigabit Ethernet port for network management; its default IP address is 192.168.11.1, and default netmask is 255.255.255.0.
RST	/	The button is used to restart MTG2000B.

DTU Board:

Indicator/Port	Status	Description
PWR	On green	Power supply is normal .
	On dull	There is no power supply or power supply is abnormal.
RUN	Flash slowly	The DTU board has been inserted and identified by the system.
	On dull	The system does not identify the DTU board.
E1/T1	On dull	The corresponding E1/T1 port is not in use.
	On green	The corresponding E1/T1 port is connected normally, and can be used to receive or send data.
	Flash	The corresponding E1/T1 port is connected falsely and there are bit errors.

1.4 Functions and Features

➢ **Key Features**

- Carrier grade hardware design, 1+1 power supply and MCU, hot plug
- High-integrated structure, up to 16E1 ports in 1U size

- Support flexible dialing rules and operations, allowing users to customize dialing rules according to different working environments
- Support multiple coding standards: G.711A/U, G.723.1, G.729A/B and iLBC
- High compatibility, interoperable with PBX of Avaya, NEC and Alcatel, and also leading soft-switch of Huawei, Cisco and ZTE etc.

➢ Physical Interfaces

- E1/T1 Ports

  4/8/12/16 E1/T1
- DTU Module :

  4 E1/T1
- Interface Type

  RJ48(Impedance 120Ω)
- Ethernet Interface

  GE1: 10/100/1000 BaseT Adaptive Ethernet

  GE0: 10/100/1000 BaseT Adaptive Ethernet
- Serial Port

  1* RS232, 115200bps

➢ Protocols Supported

- SIP v2.0 (UDP/TCP), RFC3261, SDP,RTP(RFC2833), RFC3262, 3263, 3264, 3265, 3515, 2976, 3311
- SIP TLS/SRTP
- RTP/RTCP, RFC2198, 1889
- SIP-T,RFC3372, RFC3204, RFC3398
- SIP Trunk Work Mode :Peer/Access
- SIP/IMS Registration :with up to 256 SIP Accounts
- NAT: Dynamic NAT, Rport

➢ Voice Capabilities

- Codecs:G.711a/μ law, G.723.1, G.729A/B, iLBC, AMR
- Silence Suppression
- Comfort Noise
- Voice Activity Detection

- Echo Cancellation (G.168),with up to 128ms
- Adaptive Dynamic Buffer
- Voice ,Fax Gain Control
- FAX:T.38 and Pass-through
- Support Modem/POS
- DTMF Mode: RFC2833/Signal/Inband
- Clear Channel/Clear Mode

➢ PSTN

- ISDN PRI

  23B+D(T1), 30B+D(E1), NT or TE

  ITU-T Q.921, ITU-T Q.931, Q.Sig
- Signal 7/SS7

  ITU-T, ANSI, ITU-CHINA

  MTP1/MTP2/MTP3, TUP/ISUP
- E1 Frame Type : DF,CRC-4,CRC_ITU
- T1 Frame Type :

  4-Frame Multi-frame (F4,FT),

  2-Frame Multi-frame (F12, D3/4),

  Extended Super-frame (F24, ESF) ,

  Remote Switch Mode (F72, SLC96)
- Line Co. des:

  E1:NRZ,CMI,AMI,HDB3

  T1:NRZ,CMI,AMI,B8ZS
- Clock

  Local/Remote Clock Source

➢ Call Features

- Flexible Route Methods
- PSTN-PSTN, PSTN-IP, IP-PSTN
- Intelligent Routing Rules
- Call Routing base on Time
- Call Routing base on Caller/Called Prefixes

- 256 Route Rules for each Direction
- Caller and Called Number Manipulation

➢ Software Features

- Local/Transparent Ring Back Tone
- Overlapping Dialing
- Dialing Rules， with up to 2000
- PSTN group by E1 port or E1 Timeslot
- IP Trunk Group Configuration
- Voice Codecs Group
- Caller and Called Number White Lists
- Caller and Called Number Black Lists
- Access Rule Lists
- IP Trunk Priority

➢ Maintenance

- Web GUI Configuration
- Data Backup/Restore
- PSTN Call Statistics
- SIP Trunk Call Statistics
- Firmware Upgrade via TFTP/FTP/Web
- Network Capture
- SNMP v2
- Syslog:

  Debug, Info, Error, Warning , Notice
- Call History Records via Syslog
- NTP Synchronization
- Centralized Management System

➢ Hardware Specifications & Environment

- 1+1 Redundancy Power Supply
- Power Supply: 100-240VAC, 50-60 Hz

- Power Consumption:45W
- Operating Temperature:0 ℃ ～45 ℃
- Storage Temperature: -20 ℃ ~80 ℃
- Humidity:10%-90% Non-Condensing
- Dimensions(W/D/H): 436*300*44.5mm(1U)
- Unit Weight: 3.8kg
- Compliance: CE, FCC

2 Quick Installation

2.1 Preparations before Installation

2.1.1 Attentions for Installation

The attentions for installing MTG2000B include:

- To guarantee MTG2000B works normally and to lengthen the service life of the device, the humidity of the equipment room where MTG2000B is installed should be maintained at 10%-90% (non-condensing), and temperature should be 0 ℃ ~45 ℃;
- Ensure the equipment room is well-ventilated and clean;
- Power supply of MTG2000B should be 100 ~ 240V AC, and its socket is a three-pin socket which should be grounded well;
- It's suggested that personnel who has experience or who has received related training be responsible for installing and maintaining MTG2000B;
- Please wear anti-static wrist strap when installing MTG2000B;
- Please do not hot plug or unplug cables;
- It's advised to adopt uninterruptible power supply.

2.1.2 Preparations about Installation Site

- Equipment Cabinet

  Ensure the cabinet is well-ventilated and strong enough to bear the weight of MTG2000B. It's required that the width of the shelf should be 436mm (19 inches).

- Trunk

  Ensure telecom operator has approved to open a trunk.

- IP Network

  Ensure Ethernet PBX or router under IP network has been prepared, since MTG2000B is connected to the IP network through the standard 10/100/1000M Ethernet port.

- Socket

  Ensure the socket of MTG2000B is a three-pin socket and power supply is grounded well.

2.1.3 Installation Tools

- Screwdriver
- Anti-static wrist strap
- Ethernet cables, power wires, telephone wires
- Hub, telephone set, fax, and PBX
- Terminal (can be a PC which is equipped with hyperterminal simulation software)

2.1.4 Unpacking

Open the packing container to check whether the MTG2000B device and all accessories have been in it:

- One MTG2000B device
- One meter long of power wire (AC 250V/4A)
- One network cable
- E1/T1 cables (the number of the cables is the same with that of E1/T1 ports)
- Serial console cable

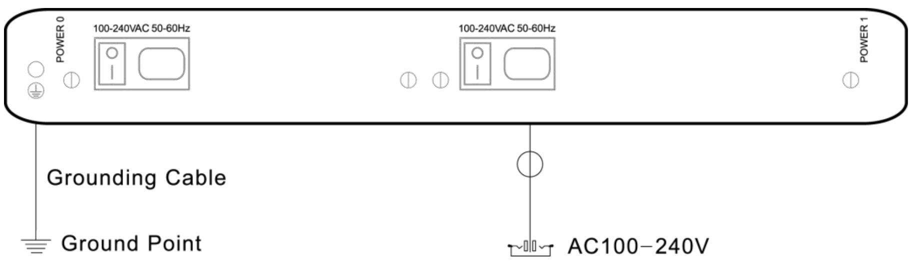
2.2 Installation of MTG2000B

2.2.1 Put MTG2000B into Shelf

1. Use screws to fix a flank on the left and the right of MTG2000B respectively;
2. Put the MTG2000B device into the shelf horizontally;
3. Fix the flanks of MTG2000B on the cabinet by using screws.

2.2.2 Connect Ground Cable to MTG2000B

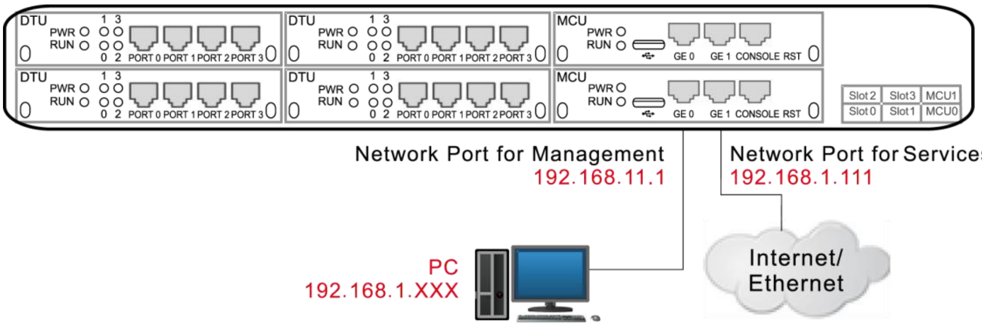
Connect one end of the ground cable to the grounding port on the back of MTG2000B and then connect the other end to the grounding bar of the shelf.



2.2.3 Connect MTG2000B to Ethernet

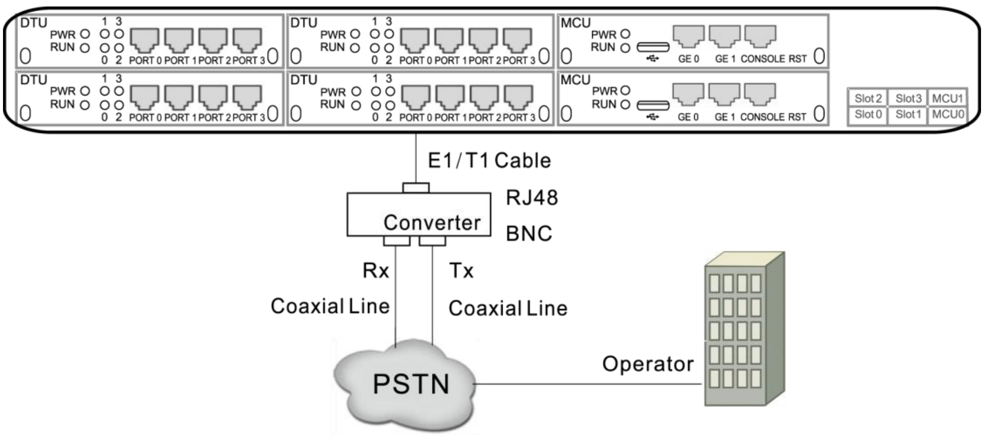
MTG2000B has two network ports, namely the gigabit Ethernet port for services (GE1) and the gigabit Ethernet port for network management (GE0). It is advised to connect GE1 to the IP network.

Both GE1 and GE0 can be used to carry out management on MTG2000B, but only GE1 is put in use generally. GE0 is used when there is a need to separate the management on MTG2000B from the service processing of the MTG2000B.



2.2.4 Connect MTG2000B to PSTN

Generally, a distribution frame needs to be used for the connection between MTG2000B and PSTN. Firstly, connect one end of E1 cable to one of the E1/T1 ports of MTG2000B, and then connect other end to the E1 port of the distribution frame. Secondly, connect one end of cable to the distribution frame, and then connect other end to an exchanger or a PBX under PSTN.

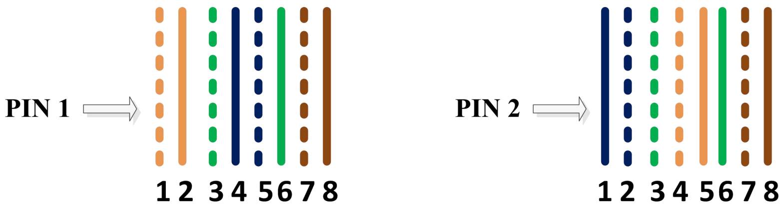


2.3 Cabling of E1/T1 Port

If there is a need to deploy multiple cables, it had better to make a mark on each cable and write down IP address and destination port in order to simplify the follow-up connection, debugging and maintenance.

2.3.1 How to make RJ-48 joint for E1/T1 Cable

1. Prepare a twisted-pair cable with a length of at least 0.6 meters, and then remove the shuck of the cable as follows:
2. Sequence the lines of the cable according to the following figure.



3. Put the lines into two pins of RJ-48 joint according to the abovementioned sequence of the lines.
4. Use a RJ-48 wire crimper to crimp the RJ-48 joint.

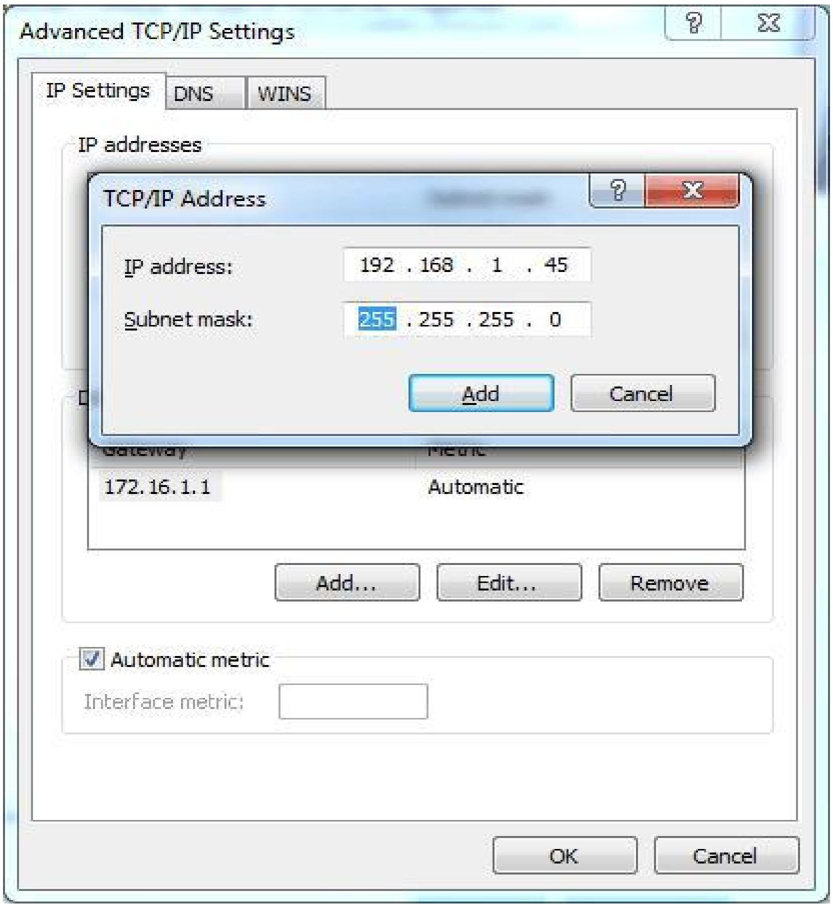
Note:	Generally, a RJ-48 cable will be provided together with the MTG2000B device, and users have no need to make RJ-48 joints by themselves.

3 Basic Operation

3.1 Configuration of IP Address

The default IP address of GE1 is 192.168.1.111, while that of GE0 is 192.168.11.1.When GE1 is in use, it's required that the IP address of GE1 and the IP address of PC are at the same network segment.

1. Connect the GE1 port of MTG2000B to a PC by using a network cable.
2. Open the TCP/IP Settings interface, click Advanced, and then click Add to add an IP whose format is 192.168.1.XXX. Or you can open the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) interface to modify an existing IP into 192.168.1.XXX.



3.2 Local Maintenance

To ensure easy maintenance, the MTG2000B trunk gateway provides a standard RJ45 console port, which has a Baud rate of 115200bps. Users can log in the MTG2000B to carry out maintenance-related configurations through the console port.

3.2.1 Example: Log in MTG2000B via Console Port

Step 1: Prepare a serial cable.

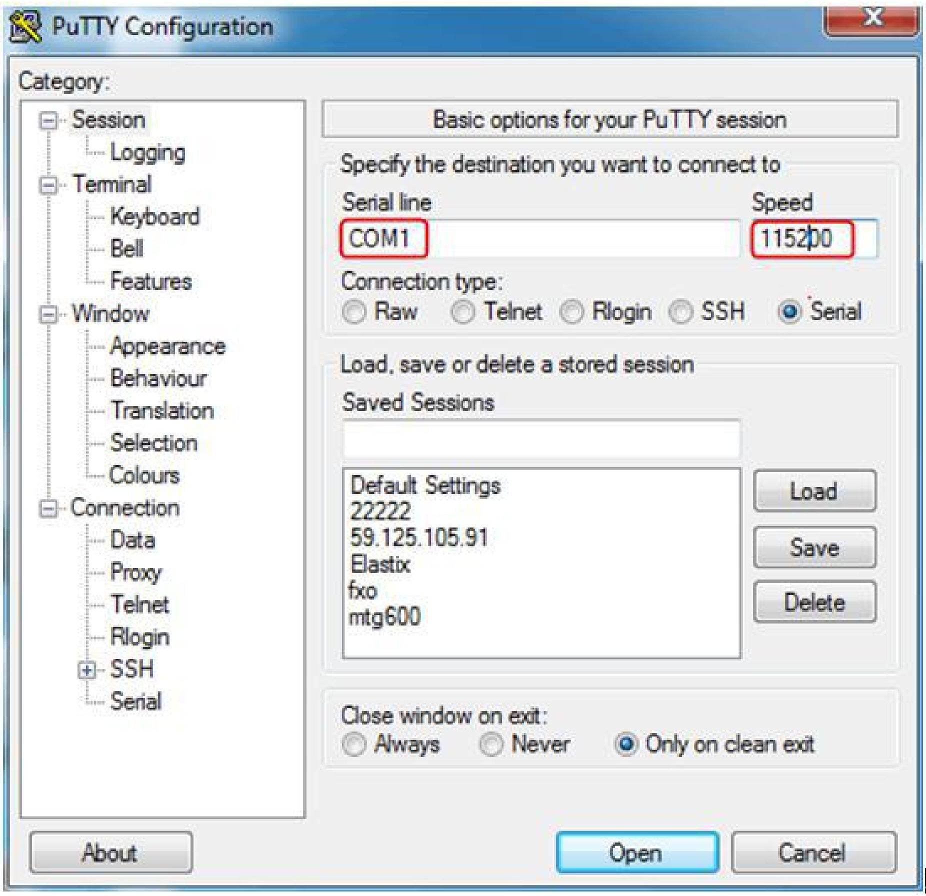
Step 2: Connect the F port of the serial cable to the COM port of PC.

If the PC does not have a COM port, please use a USB-to-COM converting line to connect the serial cable to the PC.

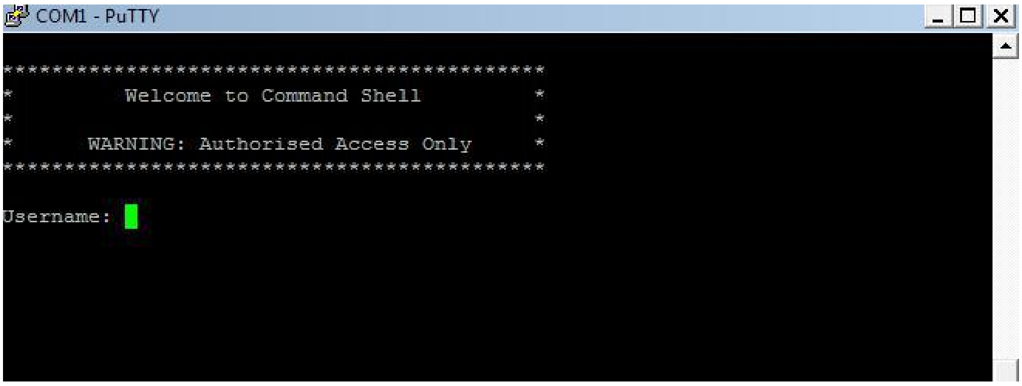
Step 3: Connect the M port of the serial cable to the console port of MTG2000B

Step 4: Conduct configurations on login software.

Herein we take the PuTTY as an example. Detailed configurations are as follows (COM1 is an example. Please enter correct serial line according to actual conditions.)



After finishing the above configuration, click the Open button to enter the following interface.



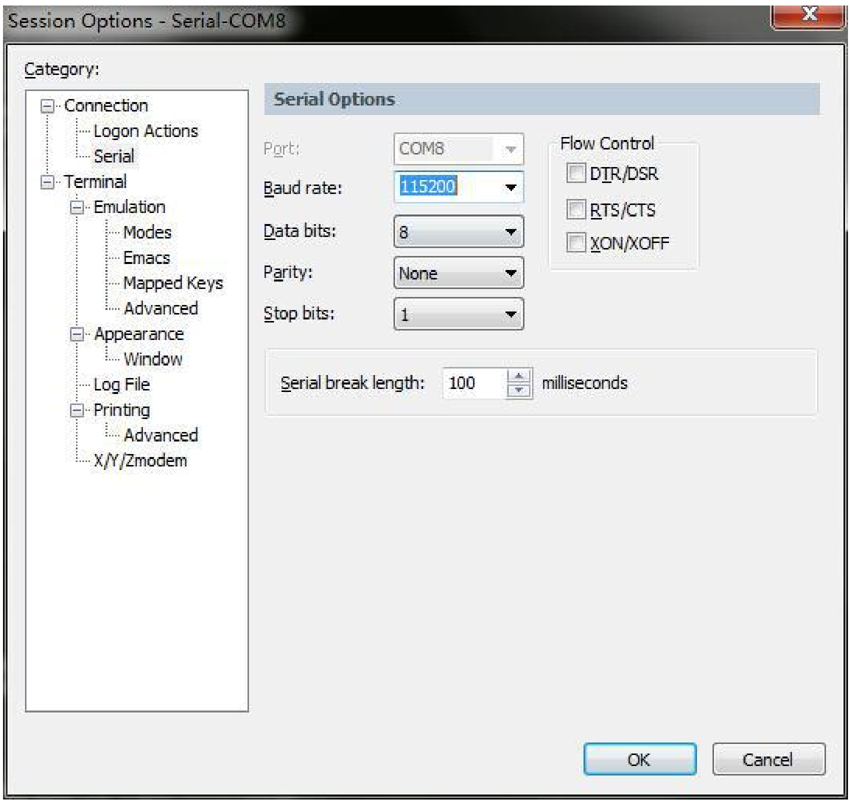
Enter username and password, which are the same with the username and password of the Web of MTG2000B. And then you will see a linux platform where you can carry out maintanance-related configurations.

Note:	For commands to query MTG2000B information, make reference to Chapter 6.

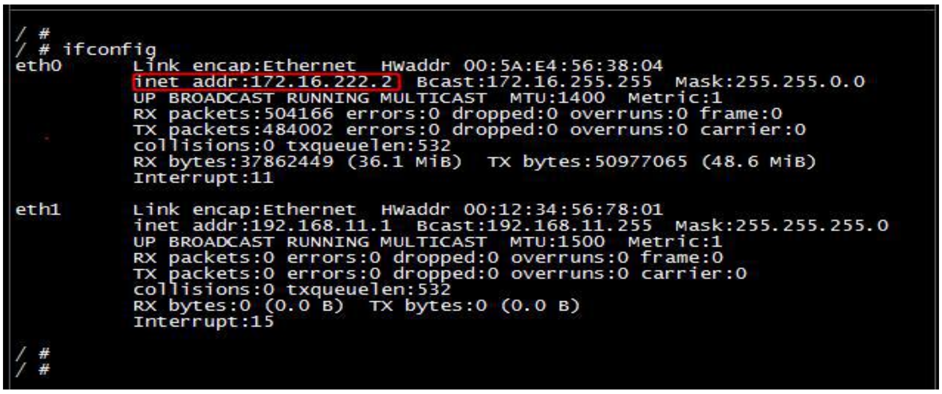
3.3 Query IP

If you have changed the default IP address of GE1 or GE0 to a new IP address but forget it, you can carry out the following procedures to query the IP address.

1. Use a serial line to connect the console port of MTG2000B with a PC;
2. Modify the baud rate to 115200;



3. Click OK, and then enter 'ifconfig', and the IP address of GE1 or GE0 of MTG2000B will be displayed.



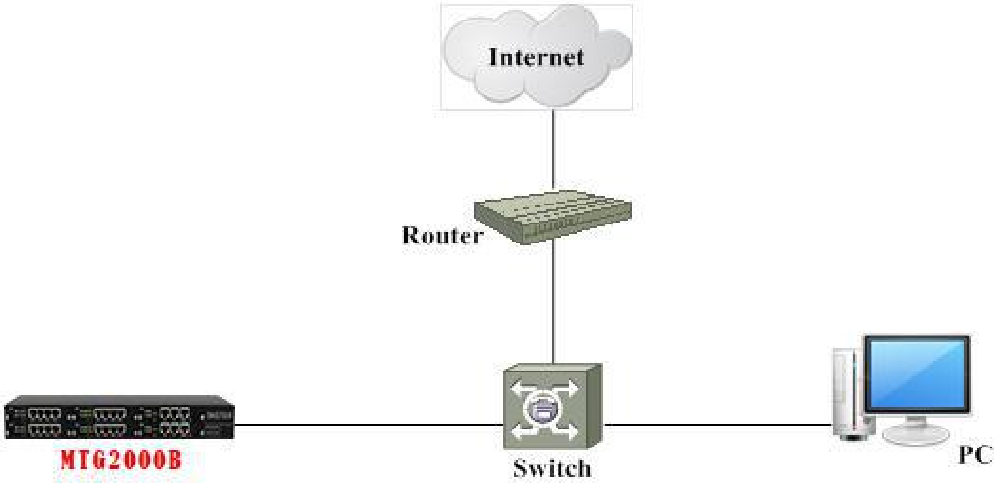
```
/ #
/ # ifconfig
eth0      Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:5A:E4:56:38:04
          inet addr:172.16.222.2  Bcast:172.16.255.255  Mask:255.255.0.0
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST  MTU:1400  Metric:1
          RX packets:504166 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:484002 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:532
          RX bytes:37862449 (36.1 MiB)  TX bytes:50977065 (48.6 MiB)
          Interrupt:11

eth1      Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:12:34:56:78:01
          inet addr:192.168.11.1  Bcast:192.168.11.255  Mask:255.255.255.0
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST  MTU:1500  Metric:1
          RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:532
          RX bytes:0 (0.0 B)  TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
          Interrupt:15

/ #
/ #
```

4 Configurations on Web Interface

4.1 How to Log in Web Interface

4.1.1 Network Connection

Connect MTG2000B to the network according to the following network topology:



4.1.2 Preparations for Login

Modify the IP address of the PC to make it at the same network segment with the IP address of GE1 port of MTG2000B device. The format of PC IP is 192.168.1.XXX, since the default IP of GE1 port is 192.168.1.111.

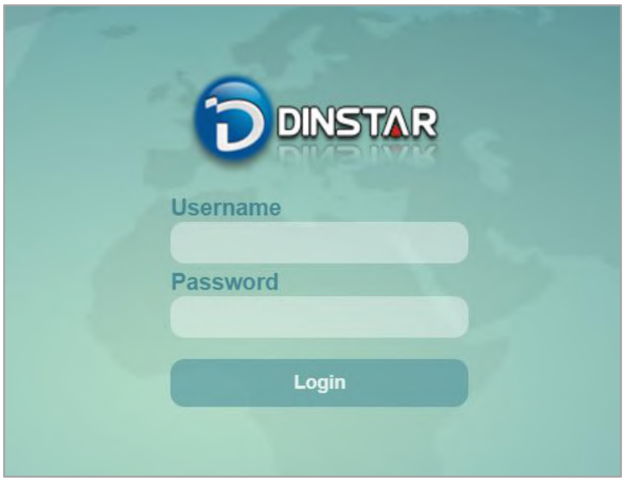
Check the connectivity between the PC and the MTG2000B. Click **Start-> Run** of PC and enter cmd to execute 'ping 192.168.1.111' to check whether the IP address of the MTG2000B runs normally.

4.1.3 Log in Web Interface

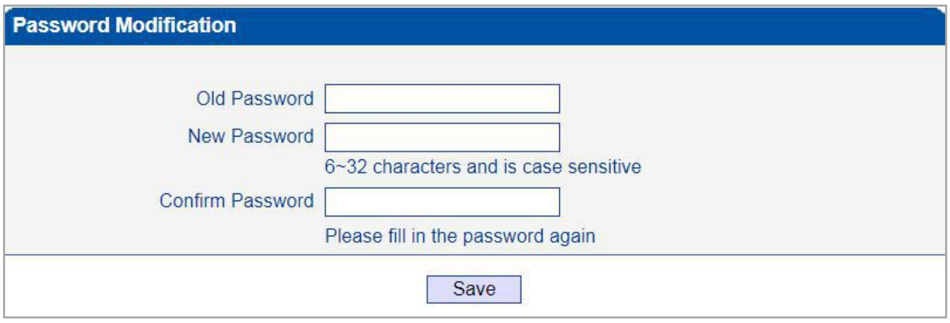
Open a web browser and enter the IP address of GE1 of MTG2000B (the default IP is 192.168.1.111). Then the login GUI will be displayed. Both the default username and password are **admin**.

It is suggested that you should modify the username and password for security consideration on the **Maintenance -> Password Modification** interface.

Login GUI:



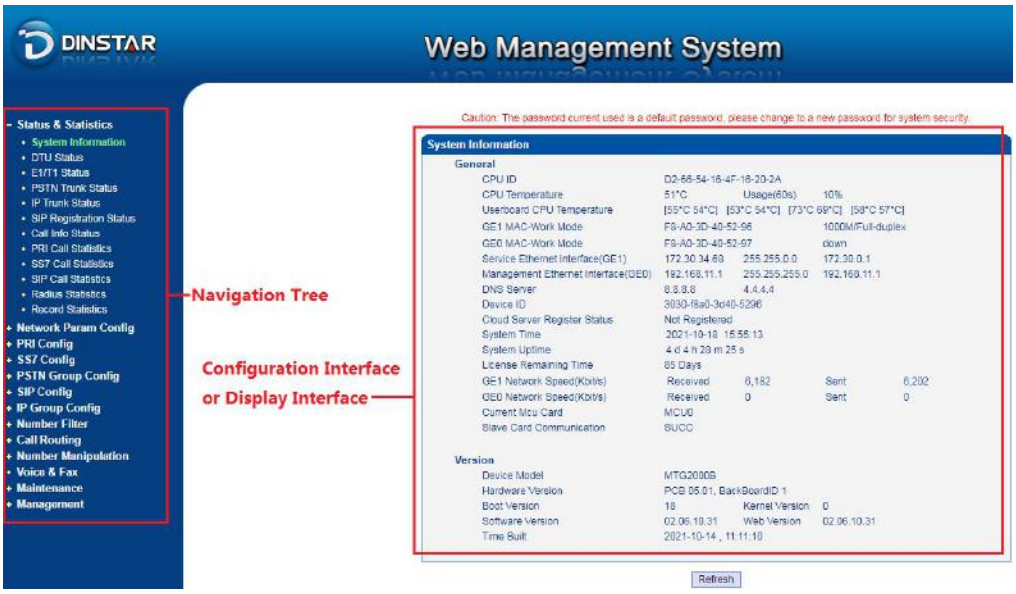
Password Modification Interface:



4.2 Introduction to Web Interface

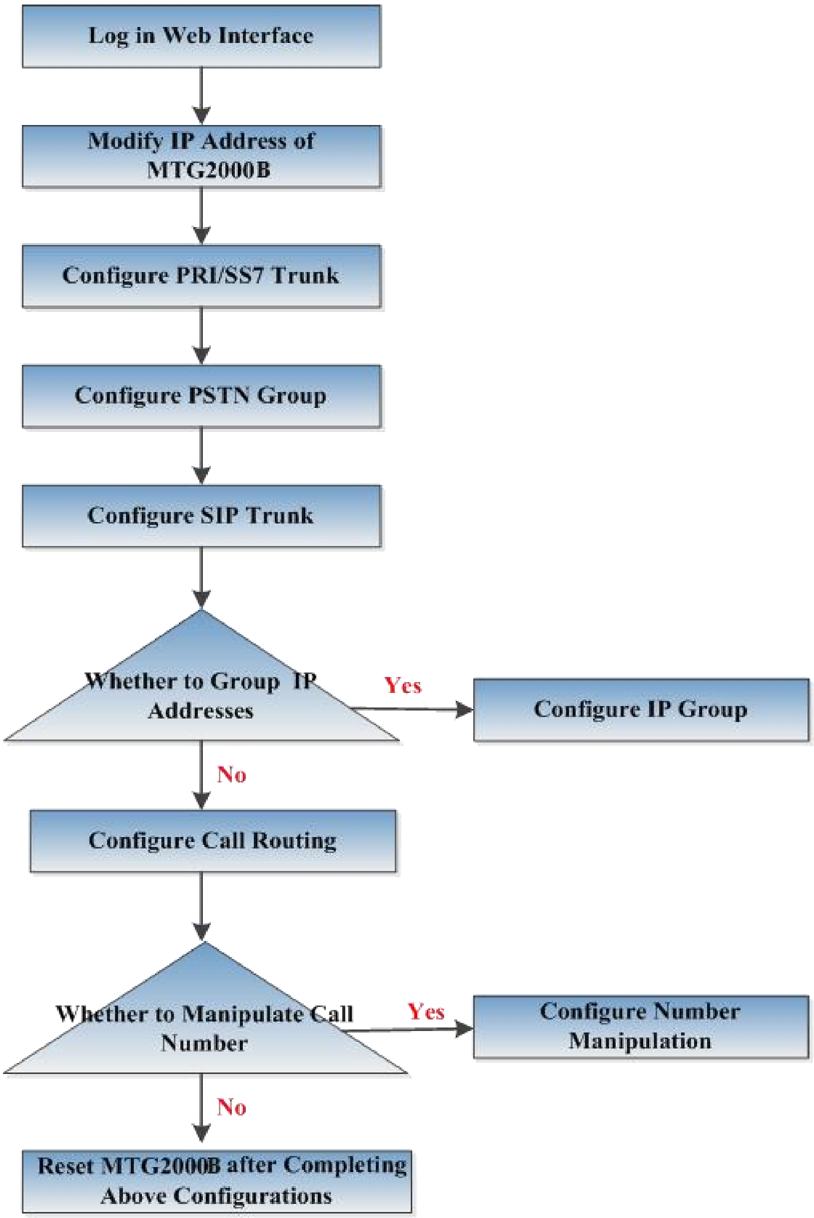
The Web Interface of the MTG2000B consists of the navigation tree and detailed configuration interfaces.

Click a node of the navigation tree, and you will see a detailed display interface or configuration interface:



4.3 Configuration Flows

The following is the configuration flows of MTG2000B:



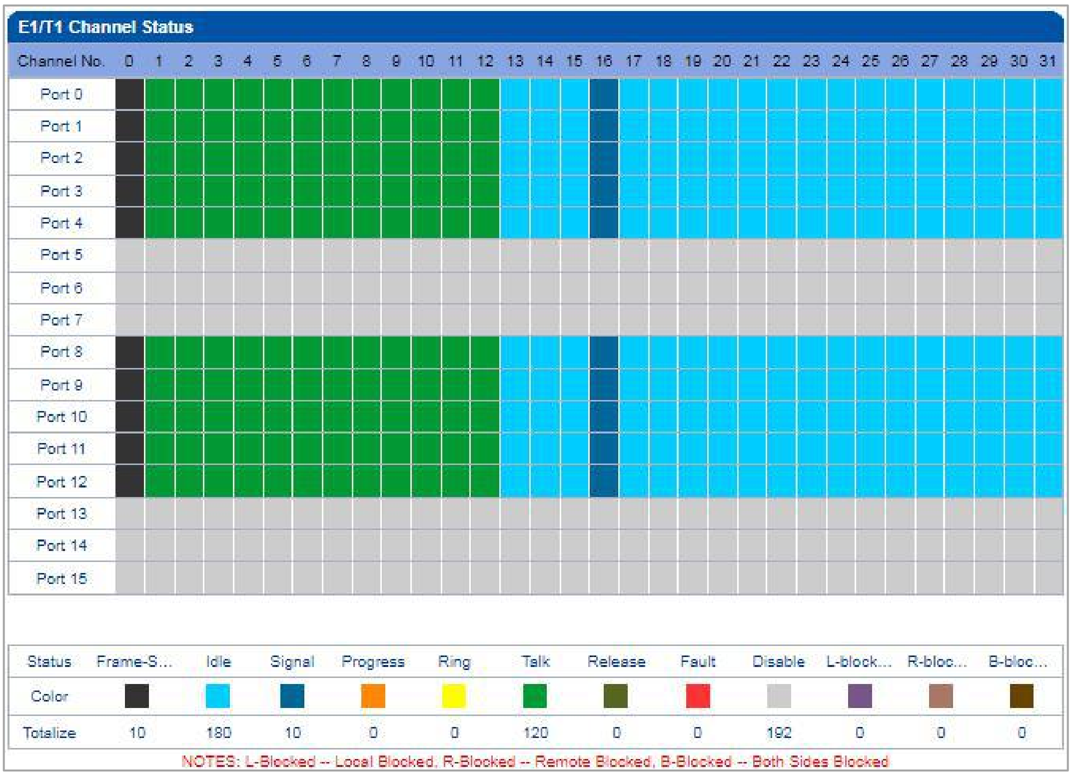
4.4 Status & Statistics

4.4.1 System Information

Click **Status & Statistics** -> **System Information** in the navigation tree on the left, and the following interface will be displayed. On the interface, information about the system, such as Mac address, CPU usage, hardware version and software version, are shown.

4.4.2 E1/T1 Status

Click **Status & Statistics** -> **E1/T1 Status** in the navigation tree, and the status of each E1/T1 port is displayed.



Status of E1/T1 Port	Actived	Both physical connection and signal connection of the E1/T1 port are normal, and the port is activated.
	Disable	The E1/T1 port is not used.
	LOS Alarm	Alarm for loss of signal. If the LOS alarm is raised, please check physical network connection.
	RAI Alarm	RAI (Remote Alarm Indication) is an alarm for lost of remote signal. The alarm is sent by the remote device and received by MTG2000B.
	AIS Alarm	AIS (Alarm Indication Signal) is an alarm raised by MTG2000B, indicating the peer device malfunctions, or signal/physical connections are abnormal.
	ISDN/SS7 Signal Alarm	This alarm means physical connection is normal while signal connection is abnormal.
	Frame-Sync	Frame synchronization
	Idle	The channel is available, and related cables are connected normally.(The channel is used to transmit voice)

E1/T1 Channel Status	Signal	The channel is used to transmit signal.
	Busy	The E1/T1 channel is being used by voice.
	Fault	The channel is normal while cables are not successfully connected.
	Disable	The E1/T1 trunk is not used.
	L-blocked	The E1/T1 channel is blocked at local end, but not blocked at remote end.
	R-blocked	The E1/T1 channel is blocked at remote end, but not blocked at local end.
	B-block	The E1/T1 is blocked at both local end and remote end.

4.4.3 PSTN Trunk Status

On the **PSTN Trunk Status** interface, the statuses of PRI/SS7 trunks are displayed. The PRI/SS7 trunks under PSTN need to be established at the **PRI Config** -> **PRI Trunk** interface or the **SS7 Config** -> **SS7 Trunk** interface first.

PRI Link Status

PRI Trunk No.	Trunk Name	E1/T1 Port No.	Link Status	Send Frames Num	Recv Frames Num
---	---	---	---	---	---

Total: 0 ▼

SS7 Link Status

SS7 Trunk No.	Trunk Name	E1/T1 Port No.	Link Status	Send Frames Num	Recv Frames Num
---	---	---	---	---	---

4.4.4 IP Trunk Status

On the **IP Trunk Status** interface, the statuses of SIP trunks are displayed. The SIP trunks need to be established at the **SIP Config** -> **SIP Trunk** interface first.

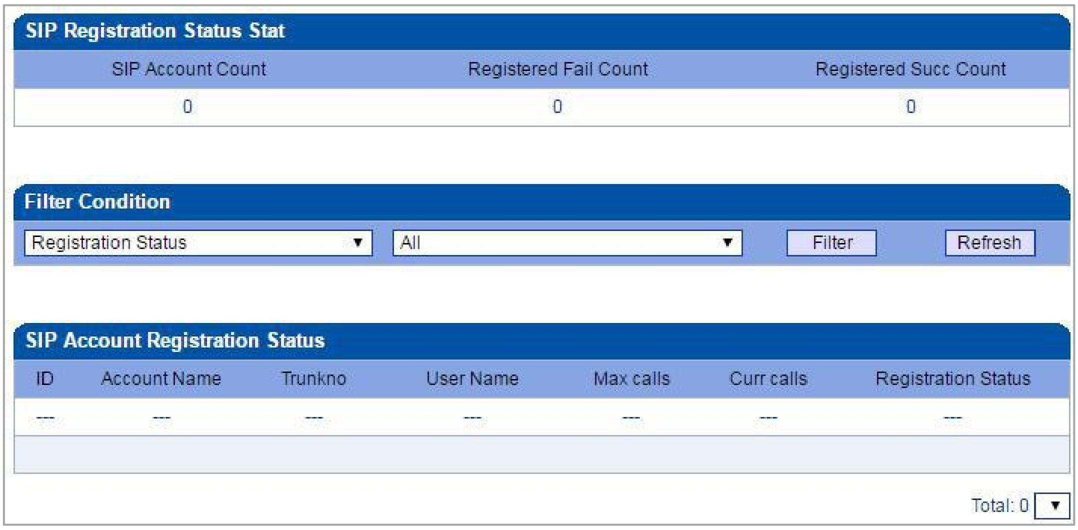
SIP Trunk Status

Trunk No	Trunk Name	Trunk Mode	Protocol Type	Username	Incoming Authentication Type	Link Status
2	118.159	Peer	UDP	---	IP Address	Established

Parameter	Explanation
Trunk Name	This trunk name is the name used to register the SIP trunk. If the SIP trunk is not registered, the trunk name is displayed as "---".
Trunk Mode	There are two trunk modes: peer (peer-to-peer) and access.

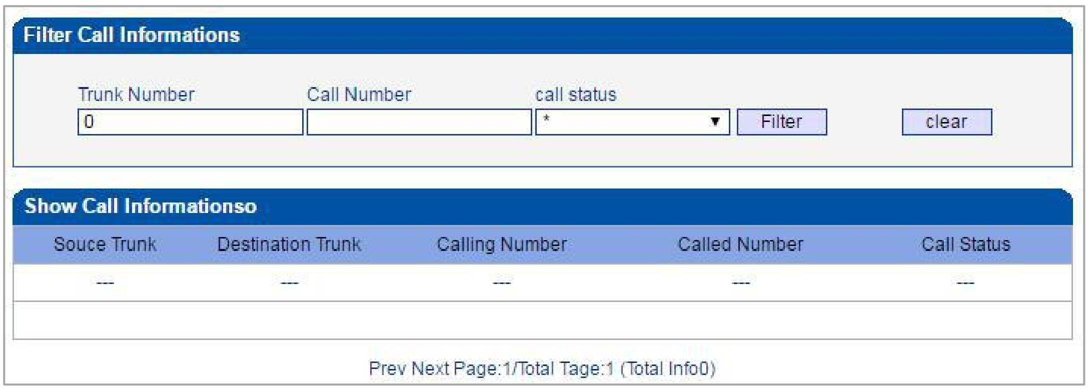
Incoming Authentication Type	Incoming calls can be authenticated through password or IP address.
Link Status	There are two link statuses: Established and Fault.

4.4.5 SIP Registration Status



Parameter	Explanation
ID	The ID of the SIP account
Account Name	Description of the SIP account, used to identify the account
Trunk No.	The No. of the trunk bound to the SIP account
Username	The username of the SIP account
Max Calls	The maximum number of concurrent calls set for the SIP account
Current Calls	The number of current calls that are using the SIP account
Registration Status	There are three statuses, namely normal, fault and disabled. If the status is normal, it means the current SIP account has been registered successfully.

4.4.6 Call Info Status



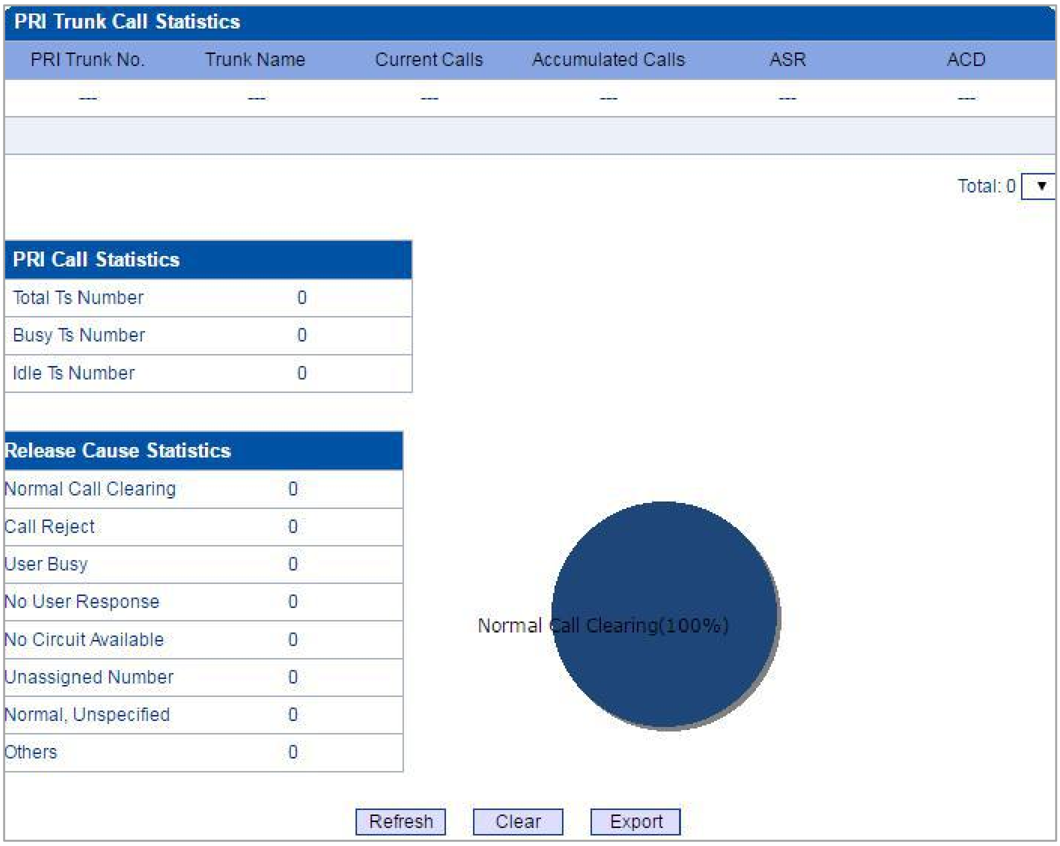
Parameter	Explanation
Source Trunk	The No. of the source SIP/PSTN trunk of the call
Destination Trunk	The No. of the destination SIP/PSTN trunk of the call
Calling Number	The caller number of the call
Called Number	The called number of the call
Call Status	The connection or disconnection status of the call, such as alerting, active and release

4.4.7 PRI Call Statistics

On the **PRI Call Statistics** interface, information about PRI calls and statistics about call release causes are displayed.

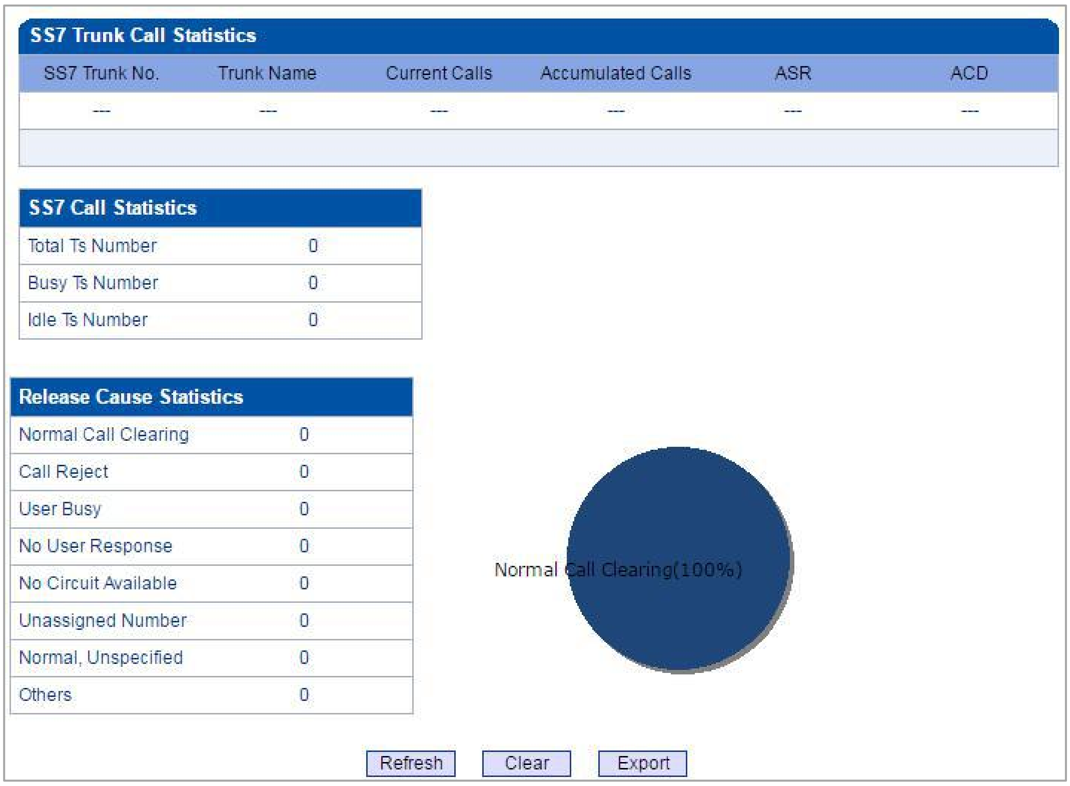
ASR (Answer-seizure Ratio): is a call success rate, which reflects the percentage of answered telephone calls with respect to the total call volume. ASR = answered call/total attempts of calls.

ACD (Average Call Duration): is a measurement in telecommunication, which reflects an average length of telephone calls transmitted on telecommunication networks. ACD = total call duration/total connected calls.



4.4.8 SS7 Call Statistics

On the **SS7 Call Statistics** interface, information about SS7 calls and statistics about call release causes are displayed.



SS7 Trunk Call Statistics

SS7 Trunk No.	Trunk Name	Current Calls	Accumulated Calls	ASR	ACD
---	---	---	---	---	---

SS7 Call Statistics

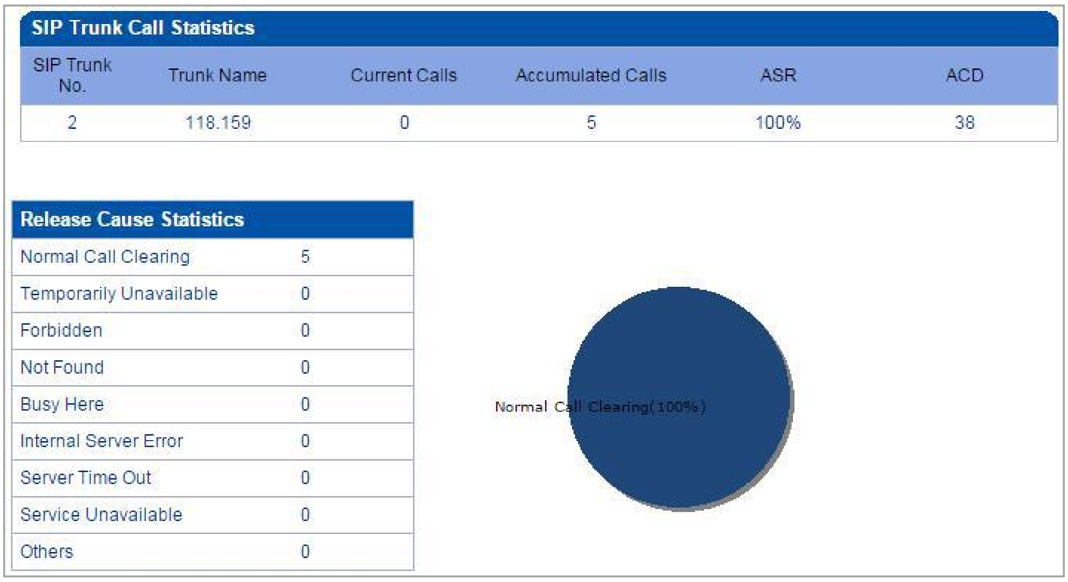
Total Ts Number	0
Busy Ts Number	0
Idle Ts Number	0

Release Cause Statistics

Normal Call Clearing	0
Call Reject	0
User Busy	0
No User Response	0
No Circuit Available	0
Unassigned Number	0
Normal, Unspecified	0
Others	0

4.4.9 SIP Call Statistics

On the SIP Call Statistics interface, information about SIP calls and statistics about call release causes are displayed.



SIP Trunk Call Statistics

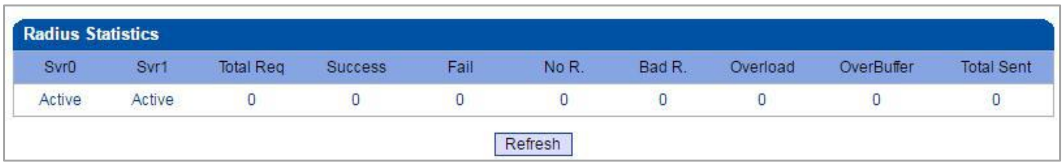
SIP Trunk No.	Trunk Name	Current Calls	Accumulated Calls	ASR	ACD
2	118.159	0	5	100%	38

Release Cause Statistics

Normal Call Clearing	5
Temporarily Unavailable	0
Forbidden	0
Not Found	0
Busy Here	0
Internal Server Error	0
Server Time Out	0
Service Unavailable	0
Others	0

4.4.10 Radius Statistics

On the Radius Statistics interface, display information about the status of the master/slave server, sending request statistics, radius server non-response statistics, overload statistics, etc.



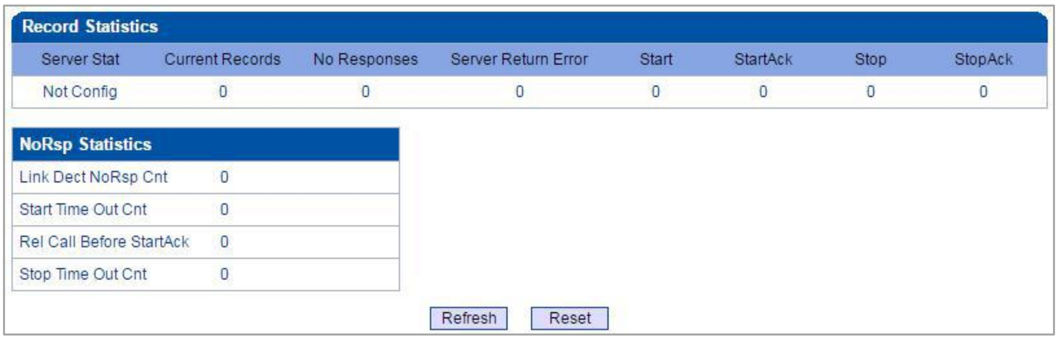
Radius Statistics

Svr0	Svr1	Total Req	Success	Fail	No R.	Bad R.	Overload	OverBuffer	Total Sent
Active	Active	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Refresh

4.4.11 Record Statistics

On the Record Statistics interface, display information about the server status, the current number of recordings, the number of non-response recordings, the total of recordings started, and the statistics of non-response reasons, etc.



Record Statistics

Server Stat	Current Records	No Responses	Server Return Error	Start	StartAck	Stop	StopAck
Not Config	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

NoRsp Statistics

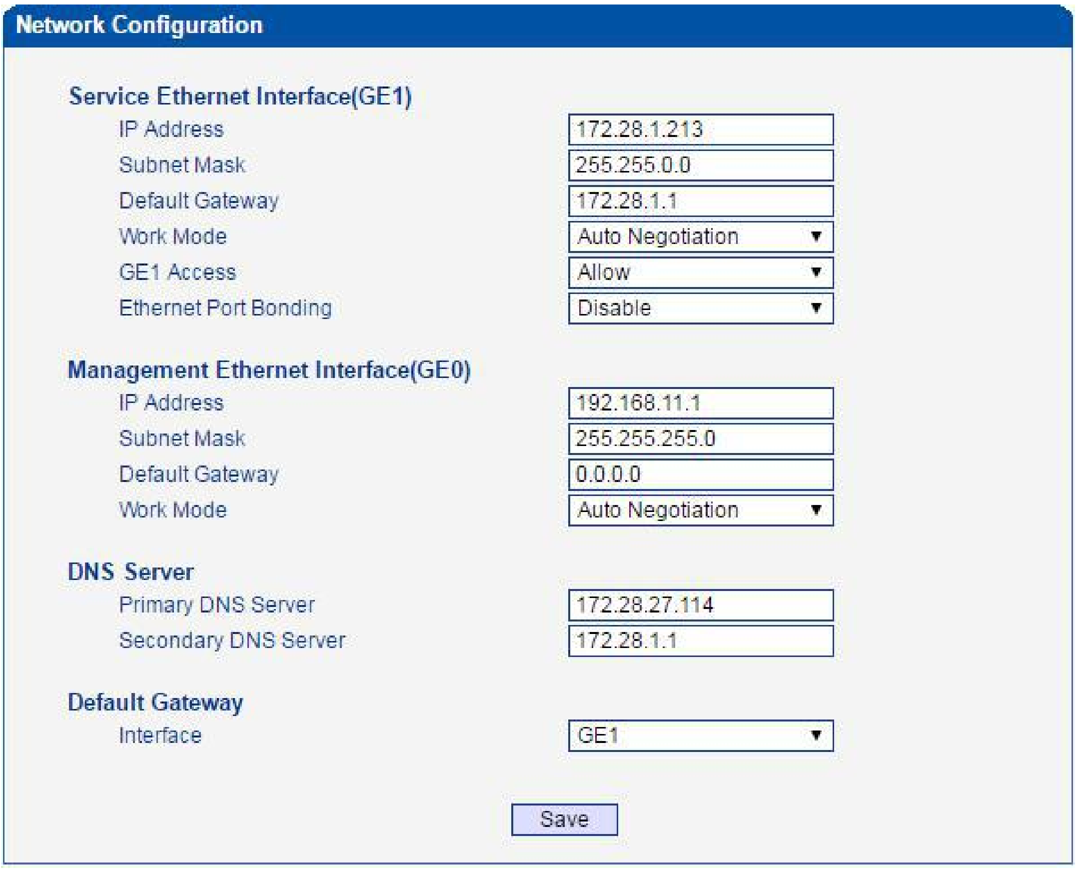
Link Dect NoRsp Cnt	0
Start Time Out Cnt	0
Rel Call Before StartAck	0
Stop Time Out Cnt	0

Refresh Reset

4.5 Network Parameter Config

4.5.1 Network Config

Generally, it's necessary to modify the default IP address of GE1 according to actual network conditions, and then modify the IP address of PC to make it at the same network segment with the IP address of GE1. After completing the configurations, you need to restart the MTG2000B device for the changes to take effect.

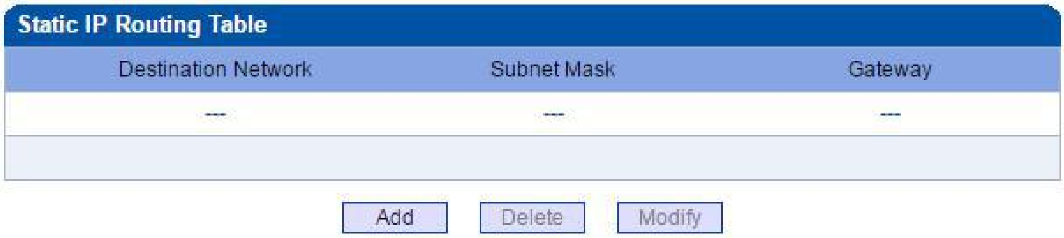


Belong to	Parameter	Explanation
GE1 Port	IP Address	The IP address of GE1, default value is 192.168.1.111
	Subnet Mask	Subnet mask of GE1
	Default Gateway	The IP address of network gateway
	Work Mode	Include Auto Negotiation, 1000M/Full-Duplex, 100M/Full-Duplex, 100M/Half-Duplex. Full-Duplex: Communication in both directions simultaneously; Half-Duplex: Communication only in one direction.
	GE1 Access	Deny: Users can not access the Web interface through GE1, but MTG2000B works normally. Allow: All users can access the Web interface through GE1.
GE0 Port	IP Address	The IP address of GE0, default value is 192.168.11.1
	Subnet Mask	Subnet mask of GE0
	Work Mode	Same with Word Mode of GE1
DNS	Primary DNS Server	The IP address of the primary DNS server

	Secondary DNS Sever	The IP address of the secondary DNS server. It is optional to fill in.

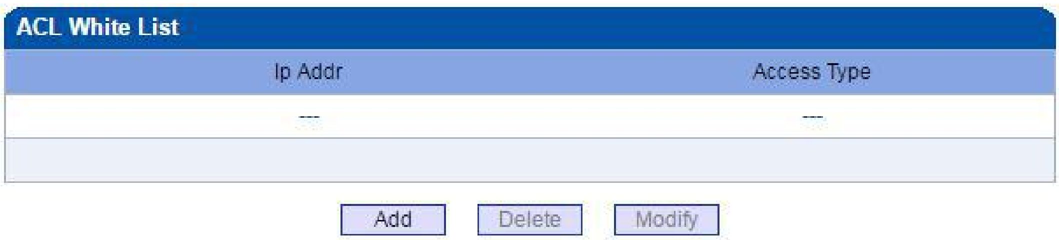
Note: The IP address of GE1 and that of GE0 cannot be at the same network segment.

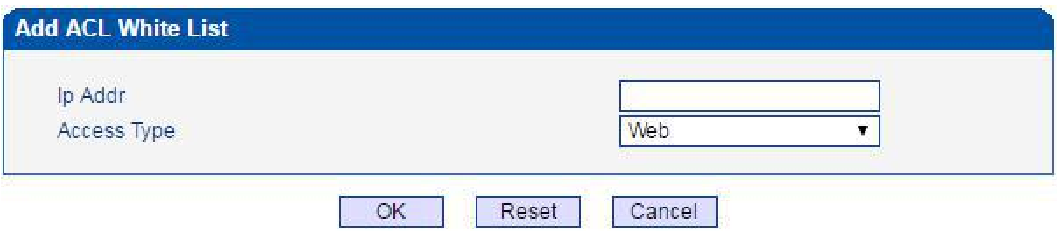
4.5.2 Static IP Routing Table



Parameter	Explanation
Destination Network	Reachable IP address or network segment address
Subnet Mask	The address of subnet mask
Gateway	The address of gateway which is at the same network segment of the default gateway of the MTG2000B device

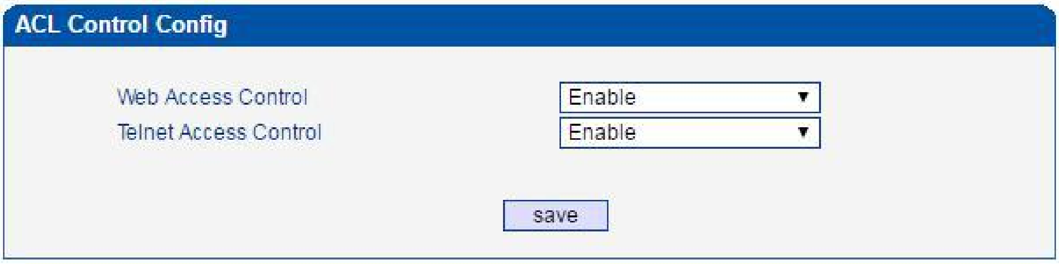
4.5.3 ACL White List





Parameter	Explanation
IP Address	The IP address that is to visit the MTG2000B device
Access Type	Choose web, telnet or web telnet

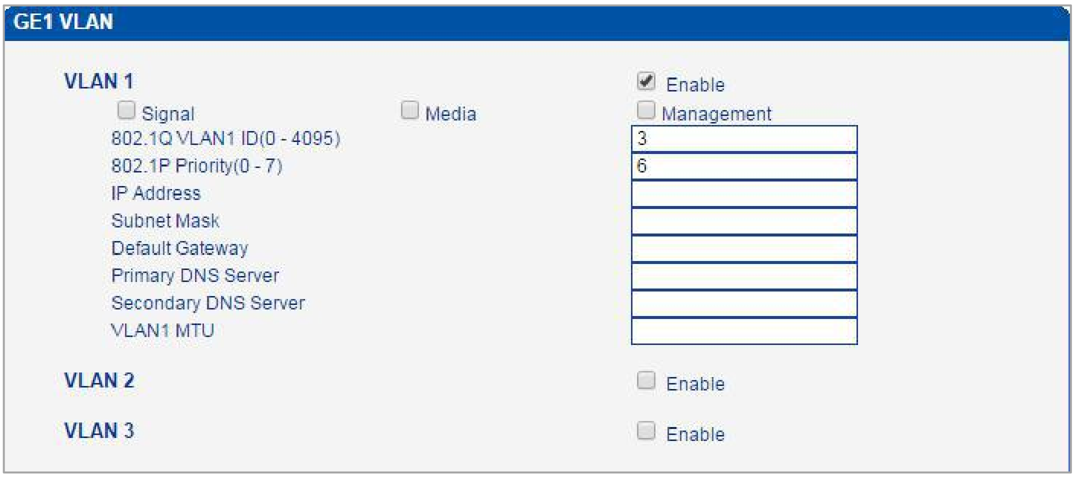
4.5.4 ACL Control Config

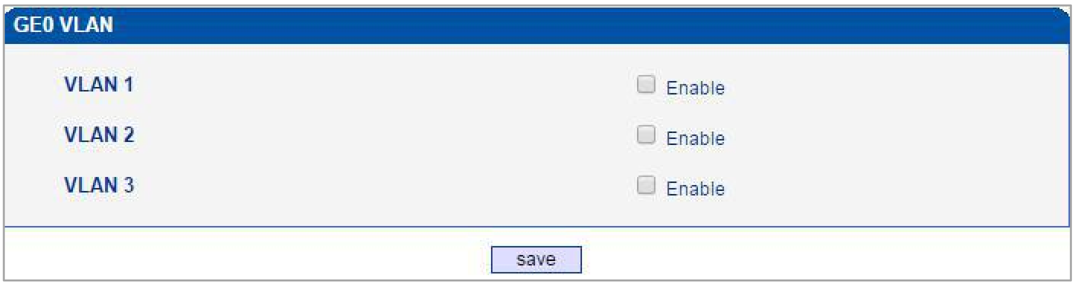


Parameter	Explanation
Web Access Control	If this parameter is enabled, those IP addresses that are not on the ACL whitelist cannot visit the MTG2000B device through Web.
Telnet Access Control	If this parameter is enabled, those IP addresses that are not on the ACL whitelist cannot visit the MTG2000B device through Telnet.

Note: You need to disable Web access control and Telnet access control, otherwise, the MTG2000B device cannot be visited through Web or Telnet.

4.5.5 VLAN Config





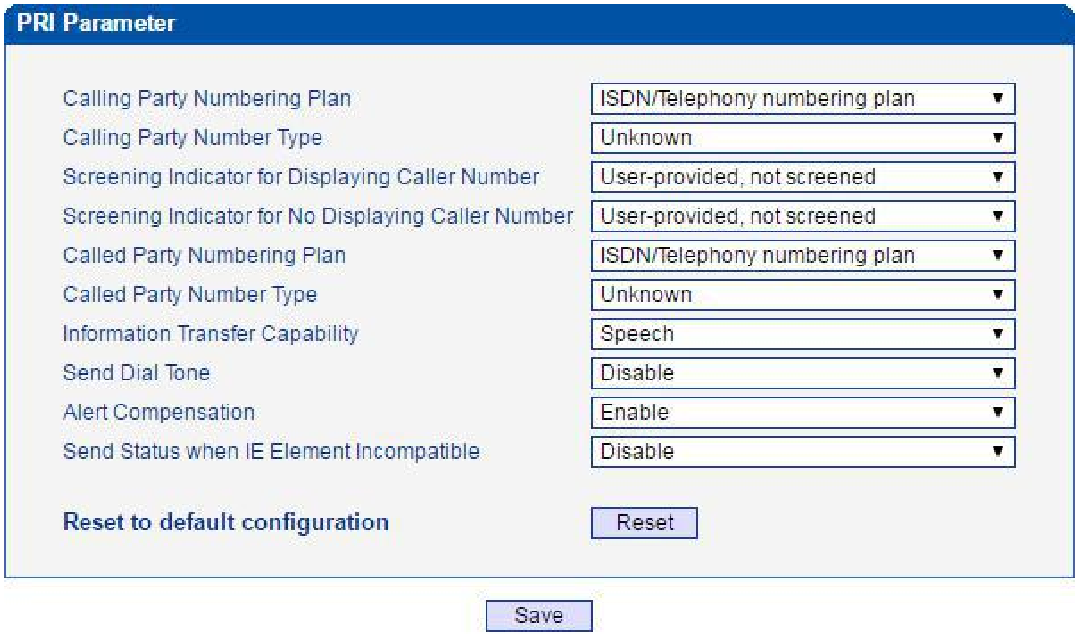
Parameter	Explanation
802.1Q VLANx ID(0 - 4095)	The ID of VLAN of MTG2000B
802.1P Priority (0 - 7)	The priority of sending data. The larger digit, the higher priority.
IP Address	The IP address of the MTG2000B device in the VLAN
Subnet Mask	The subnet mask address of the MTG2000B device in the VLAN
Default Gateway	The default gateway of the VLAN
Primary DNS Server	The IP address of a Primary DNS Server
Secondary DNS Server	The IP address of a secondary DNS Server
VLANx MTU	The maximum size of package allowed to access VLAN

Note: You need to restart the MTG2000B device after finishing the configurations of VLAN.

4.6 PRI Config

4.6.1 PRI Parameter

Configure PRI parameters according to actual data which are provided by telecom operators.

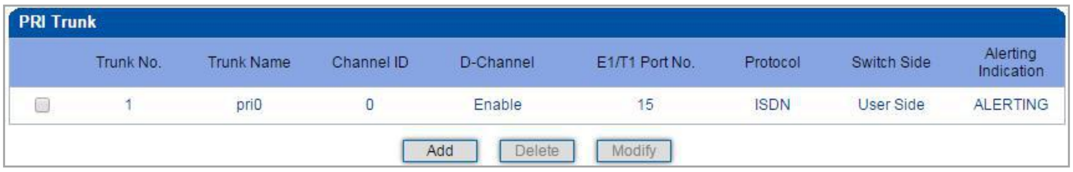


Parameter	Options
Calling Party Numbering Plan	Include 'ISDN/Telephony Numbering Plan', 'Data Numbering Plan', 'Telex Numbering Plan', 'National Standard Numbering Plan', 'Private Numbering Plan' and 'Unknown'.
Calling Party Number Type	Include 'International Number', 'National Number', 'Network Specific Number', 'Subscriber Number', 'Abbreviated Number' and 'Unknown'.
Screening Indicator for Displaying Caller Number	Include 'User-provided, not screened', 'User-provided, verified and passed', 'User-provided, verified and failed', 'Network-provided'
Screening Indicator for No Displaying Caller Number	Include 'User-provided, not screened', 'User-provided, verified and passed', 'User-provided, verified and failed', 'Network-provided'
Called Party Numbering Plan	Include 'ISDN/Telephony Numbering Plan', 'Data Numbering Plan', 'Telex Numbering Plan', 'National Standard Numbering Plan', 'Private Numbering Plan' and 'Unknown'.
Called Party Number Type	Include 'International Number', 'National Number', 'Network Specific Number', 'Subscriber Number', 'Abbreviated Number' and 'Unknown'.
Information Transfer Capability	Include 'Speech' and '3.1 kHz audio'
Send Dial Tone	Enable and Disable

4.6.2 PRI Trunk

On the PRI Trunk interface, you can configure PRI trunks for PRI calls. The statuses of PRI Trunks can be seen at the Status & Statistics –> PSTN Trunk Status interface.

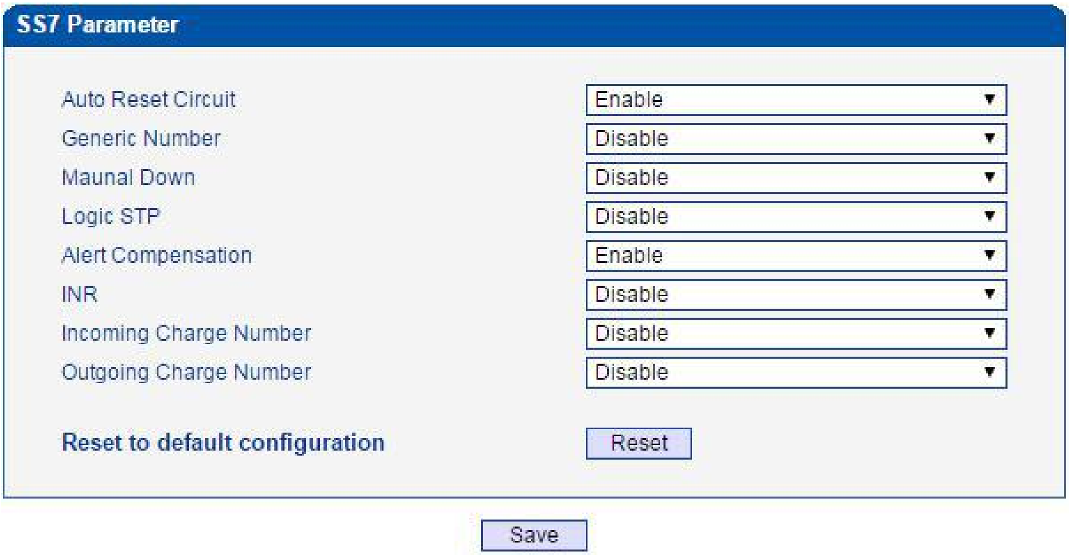
Click the Add button, and you can add a PRI trunk. If you want to delete or modify the information of a PRI trunk, select the checkbox on the left of the trunk, and then click the Delete button or the Modify button.



Parameter	Explanation
Trunk No.	Trunk No. starts from 0 to 19, it means you can establish 20 PRI trunks at most. The trunk No. is decided by the No. of the E1/T1 port linked to the trunk. But if D-channel is not enabled for a trunk, the No. of the trunk must be the same with a trunk under which D-channel has been enabled.
Trunk Name	The trunk name is used to distinguish the trunk from other trunks.
Channel ID	The ID of the channel selected for the PRI trunk. The channel ID is used for the switch to identify a PRI trunk in case that the Trunk No. of two trunks are the same.
D-Channel (Delta Channel)	The channel used to carry control information and signaling information
E1/T1 Port No.	The No. of E1/T1 port linked to the PRI trunk
Protocol	Support two protocols: ISDN and QSIG. Default value is ISDN.
Switch Side	The EI/T1 port of the PRI trunk is taken as User Side or Network Side.
Alerting Indication	Include Alerting and Progress Alerting: Play ring-back tone when receiving alerting signal Progress: Play ring-back tone when receiving progress signal

4.7 SS7 Config

4.7.1 SS7 Parameter

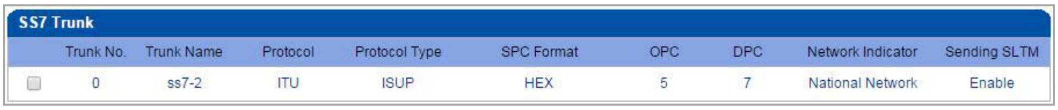


Parameter	Explanation
Auto Reset Circuit	The circuit reset/circuit group reset message is used to reset the circuit of both parties to the initial idle state; this message is related to the circuit, so you can use this message to check whether the other party is configured with the corresponding CIC.
Generic Number	ISUP outgoing calls, when there is a forwarding/original called number, the calling number is coded in the generic number, and the original called number is coded in the calling number field.
Manual Down	When enabled, the SS7 link will be in the Layer 2 link state, and the port ISDN/SS7 signaling alarms.
Logic STP	The SS7 signaling working mode is divided into direct link and quasi-direct link. The quasi-direct link means that the No. 7 signaling message is transmitted through two or more serial signaling links, and one or more STPs are passed in the middle. In the case of quasi-direct link, logical STP needs to be enabled.
Alert Compensation	The device does not receive the *18X* message, but directly receives *200 OK*. When the ringing compensation is enabled, the device sends ACM to the PSTN side to compensate, and then sends ANM.
INR	When enabled, MTG sends INR after receiving IAM without calling number.
Incoming Charge Number	ISUP+ANSI SS7 trunk, when the incoming charge number is enabled, there will be a *charge number* field in the IAM message received, and the *P-Charge-Info* header will be carried in the *invite* message sent by the device.

Outgoing Charge Number	ISUP+ANSI SS7 trunk, when the outgoing charge number is enabled, the received *invite* message will come with the *P-Charge-Info* header ,and the IAM message sent by the device will come with the *charge number* field.

4.7.2 SS7 Trunk

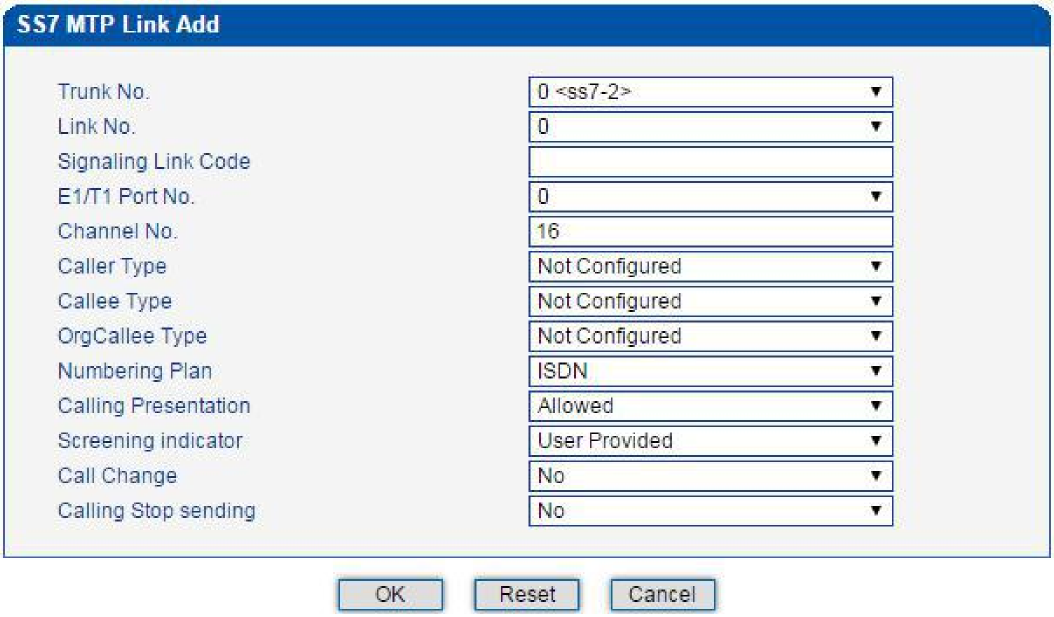
On the **SS7 Config** –> **SS7 Trunk** interface, you can configure SS7 trunks for SS7 calls. The statuses of SS7 Trunks can be seen at the **Status & Statistics** –> **PSTN Trunk Status** interface.



Parameter	Explanation
Trunk No.	The No. of the SS7 trunk. Generally, one SS7 trunk is for one DPC.
Trunk Name	The trunk name is used to distinguish the trunk from other trunks.
Protocol	SPC types: ITU-T (14 bit), ANSI (24 bit), ITU-CHINA (24 bit) SPC: Signaling Point Code
Protocol Type	ISUP (ISDN User Part) and TUP (Telephone User Part)
SPC Format	SPC: Signaling Point Code SPC format includes Hex (Hexadecimal system) and ITU point code structure (decimal system)
OPC	OPC: Original Point Code The signaling point code of MTG2000B, which is generally assigned by telecom operators.
DPC	DPC: Destination Point Code The signaling point code of the peer device, which is generally assigned by telecom operators.
Network Indicator	Include International Network, International Spare, National Network and National Spare. Default value is National Network, which is mainly used in China, America and Japan.
Sending SLTM	Whether to send signaling link test message.

4.7.3 SS7 MTP Link

On the **SS7 Config** -> **SS7 MTP Link** interface, click the Add button, and you will see the following interface. On the interface, you can select an E1/T1 port for an existing trunk and establish two links between them.



Parameter	Explanation
Trunk No.	The No. of the SS7 trunk
Link No.	Each SS7 trunk supports two links which share the loading equally. If one link malfunctions, the other link will automatically bear all the loading until the faulty link is restored.
Signaling Link Code	If the Link No. of the trunk cannot match with that of the peer device, the SS7 trunk will be linked to the peer device according to signaling link code.
E1/T1 Port No.	The No. of E1/T1 port linked to the SS7 trunk
Channel No.	The No. of the channel under which signal is transmitted. Default value is 16.
Caller Type	The type of the caller number. Options include 'Not Configured', 'Subscriber', 'International" and "National'.
Callee Type	The type of the called number. Options include 'Not Configured', 'Subscriber', 'International" and 'National'.
OrgCallee Type	The type of the original called number in case of number manipulation. Options include 'Not Configured', 'Subscriber', 'International' and 'National'.
Numbering Plan	Options include 'ISDN', 'Data', 'Telex' and 'Private'.
Calling Presentation	If 'Allowed' is selected, the calling number will be presented. If 'Restricted' is selected, the calling number will not be presented. If 'Not Config' is selected, the parameter does not work.
Screening Indicator	Options include "User Provided" and "Network Provided".

Calling Stop Sending	'Stop Sending' is an end mark. If 'Yes' is selected for 'Calling Stop Sending', it means there will be an end mark following the calling number.

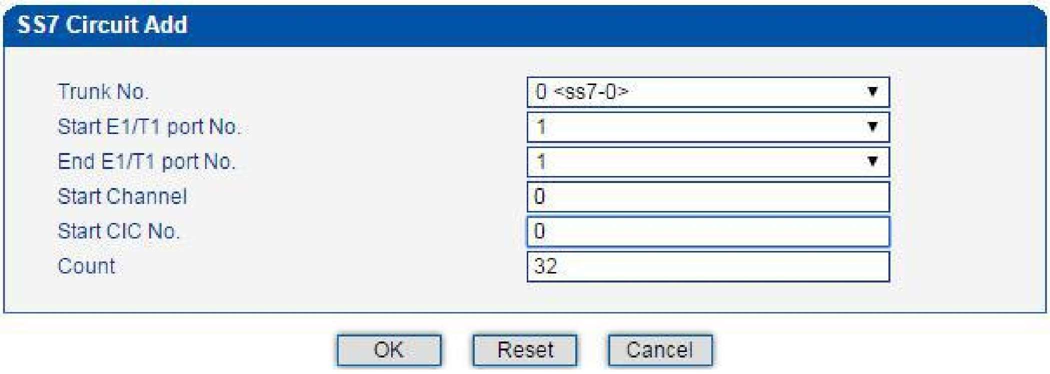
4.7.4 SS7 CIC

On the **SS7 Config** -> **SS7 CIC** interface, click the Add button, and you will see the following interface. You can determine which channels will be used by an SS7 trunk on the interface.

Procedures for adding SS7circuit that only involves an E1/T1 port:

Step 1: Click **Add** on the **SS7 CIC** interface.

Step 2: Select a trunk and an E1/T1 port. (Trunk 0 and Port 1 are taken as example in the following figure

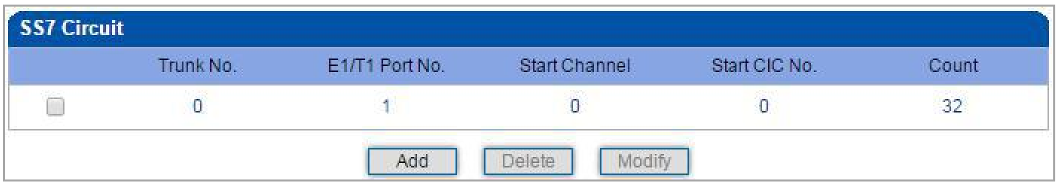


Note: As there are 32 channels (from 0 to 31) for one E1/T1 port, so the value for **Count** is 32. When start E1/T1 port is the same with end E1/T1 port, it means only one E1/T1 port is connected to the SS7 trunk.

Parameter	Explanation
Trunk No.	The No. of the SS7 trunk
Start E1/T1 Port No.	The No. of the start E1/T1 port
End E1/T1 Port No.	The No. of the end E1/T1 port
Start Channel	When the start E1/T1 port is also the end E1/T1 port, it's required to set the start channel, and the channels starting from the set channel to the No.31 channel of the E1/T1 port will be used by the SS7 trunk.
Start CIC No.	CIC: Circuit Identification Code The CIC No. of the start channel, which is generally 0, 32, 64, 96, 128, 160, 192, 224, 256, 288, 320, 352, 384, 416, 448…

Count	The total number of the channels used by the SS7 trunk

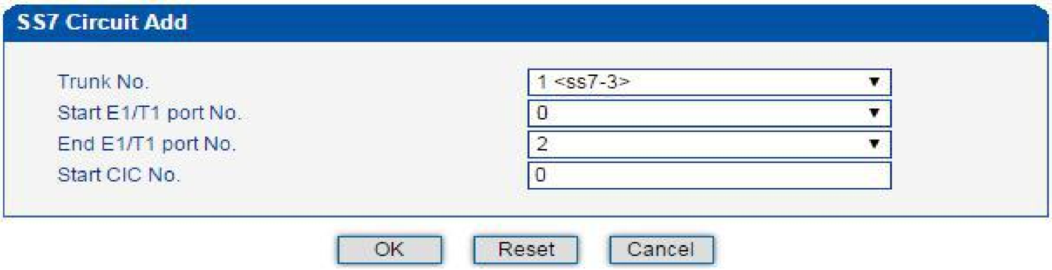
Step3: Click OK. And then you can see the following data on the SS7 CIC interface.



➢ Procedures for adding SS7circuit that involves multiple E1/T1 ports:

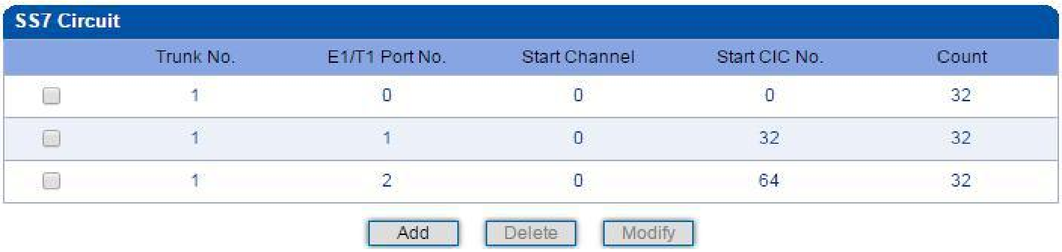
Step 1: Click Add on the SS7 CIC interface.

Step 2: Select a trunk and E1/T1 ports. (Trunk 1, Port 0, Port1 and Port 2 are taken as example in the following figure.



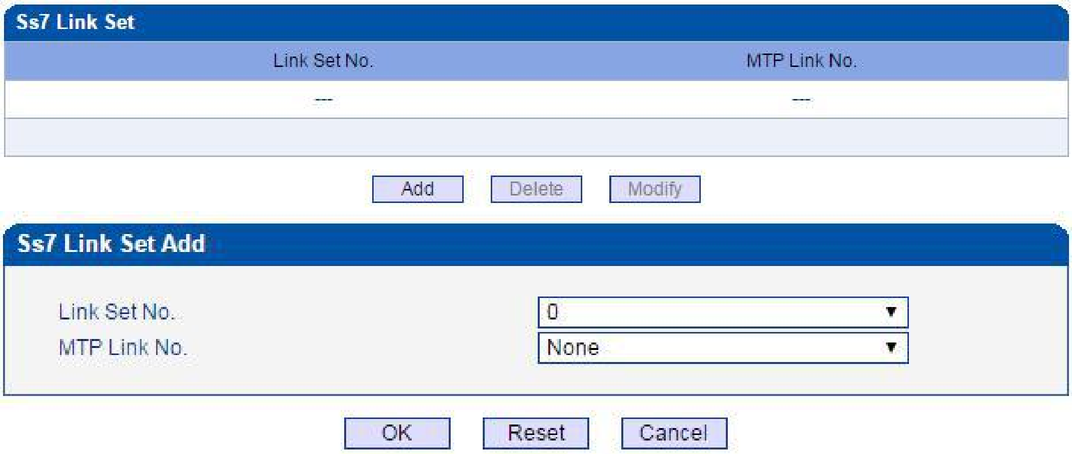
Note: If multiple E1/T1 ports are involved, it defaults that all the 32 channels of each E1/T1 port involved are used by the SS7 trunk.

Step3: Click OK. And then you can see the following data on the SS7 CIC interface.



4.7.5 SS7 Link Set

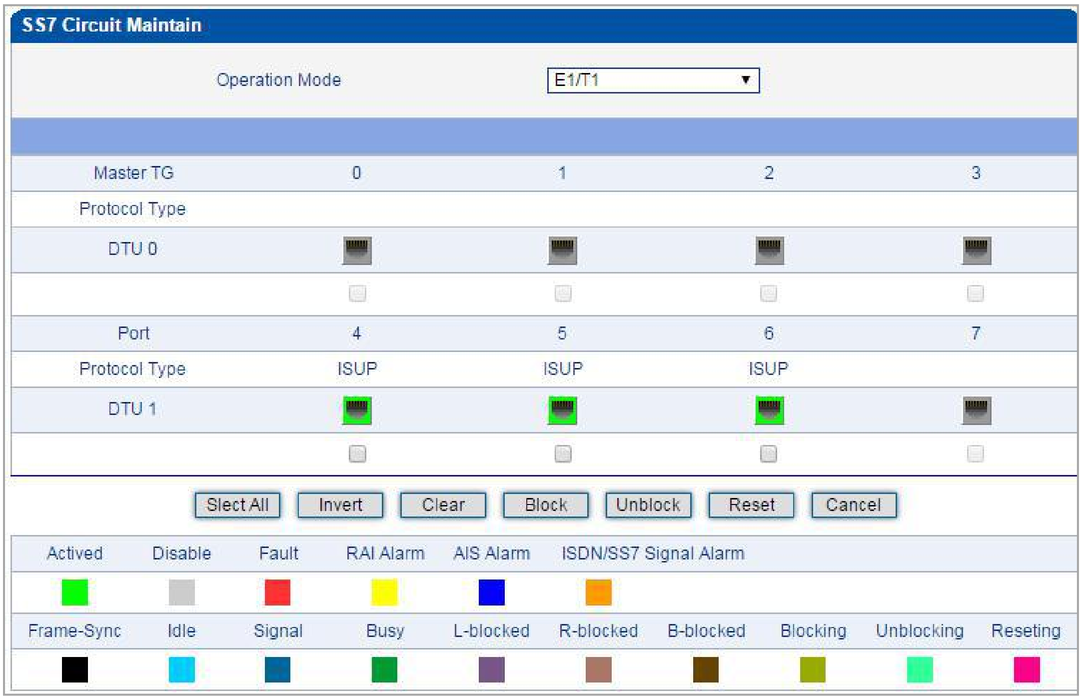
Two signaling points (SSP， SCP and STP） are connected by a MTP link or links. Those links can be grouped into a set. In a link set, the first MTP link has the highest priority. When the first MTP link is faulty, the next link in the set will be chosen.



Parameter	Explanation
Link Set No.	The No. of the SS7 link set. There are 8 link set allowed (from 0 to 7).
MTP Link No.	The No. of MTP link that has been configured.

4.7.6 SS7 CIC Maintain

There are two objects to be maintained for SS7 CIC, namely E1/T1 ports and channels. Select E1/T1 on the right of Operation Mode, and the following interface will be displayed.



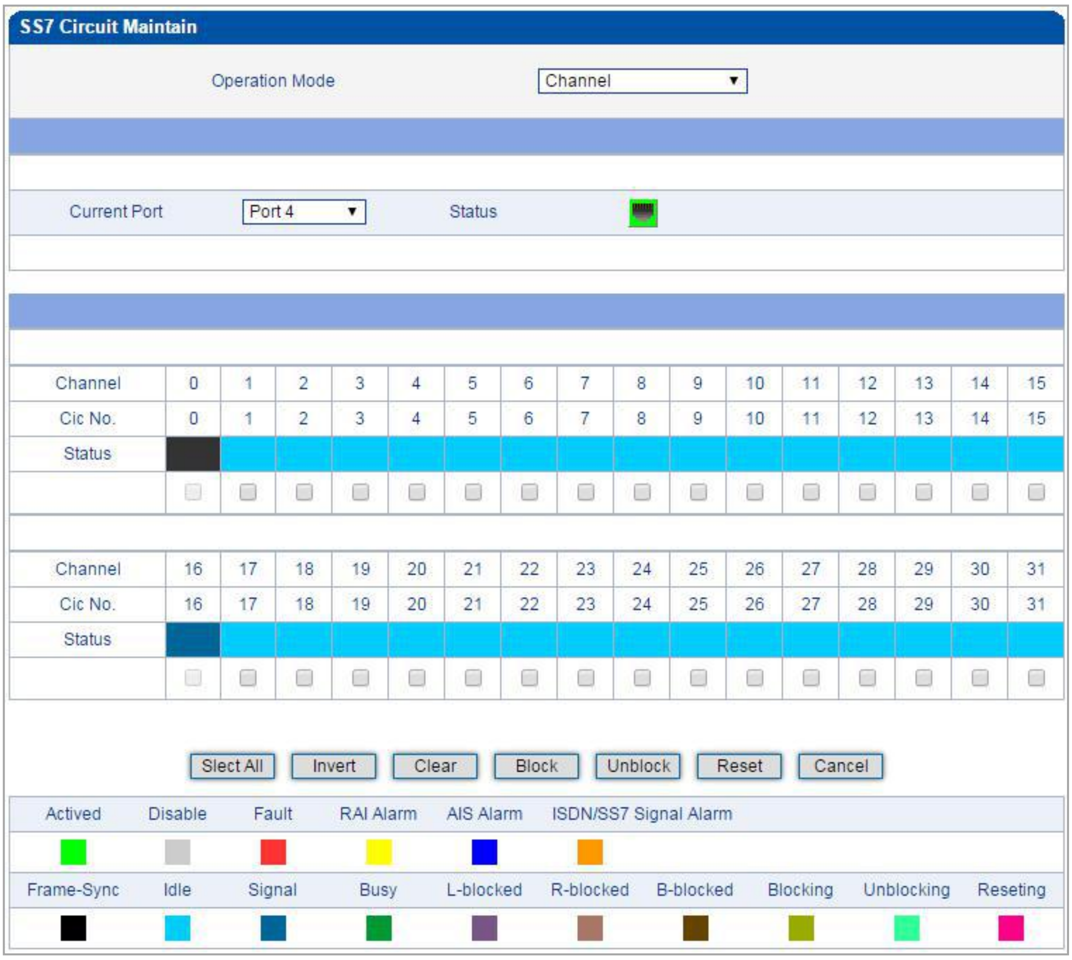
Parameters	Explanation
Operation Mode	E1/T1
Port	The No. of E1/T1 port

Protocol Type	ISUP or TUP
DTU	The No. of DTU which the E1/T1 ports belong to
Status	The E1/T1 ports have 16 statuses, including Activated, Disabled, Fault, RAI Alarm, AIS Alarm, ISDN/SS7 Signal Alarm, Frame-Sync, Idle, Signal, Busy, L-block, R-blocked, B-blocked, Blocking, Unblocking and Resetting. The meaning of each status, please make reference to 4.4.2.

Meanwhile, you can carry out maintenance on the E1/T1 ports through the following buttons:

Select All, Invert, Clear, Block, Unblock, Reset and Cancel.

Select **Channel** on the right of **Operation Mod**e, and then select an E1/T1 port, the channels of the E1/T1 port and their statuses are displayed.



Parameter	Explanation
Operation Mode	Channel
Current Port	The No. of the current E1/T1 port

Channel	The No. of channels
CIC No.	The CIC No. of channels
Status	The statuses of channels, including Activated, Disabled, Fault, RAI Alarm, AIS Alarm, ISDN/SS7 Signal Alarm, Frame-Sync, Idle, Signal, Busy, L-block, R-blocked, B-blocked, Blocking, Unblocking and Resetting.

Meanwhile, you can carry out maintenance on the channels of E1/T1 ports through the following buttons:

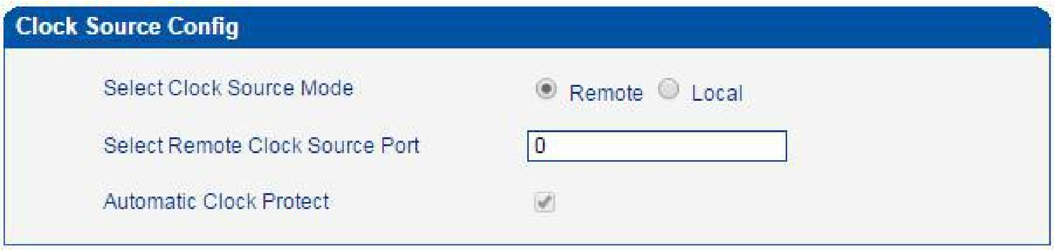
Select All, Invert, Clear, Block, Unblock, Reset and Cancel.

4.8 PSTN Group Config

In this section, you can group several PRI trunks or SS7 trunks together, so when one trunk is in an outage, communication can turn to another trunk in the same group.

4.8.1 Clock Source

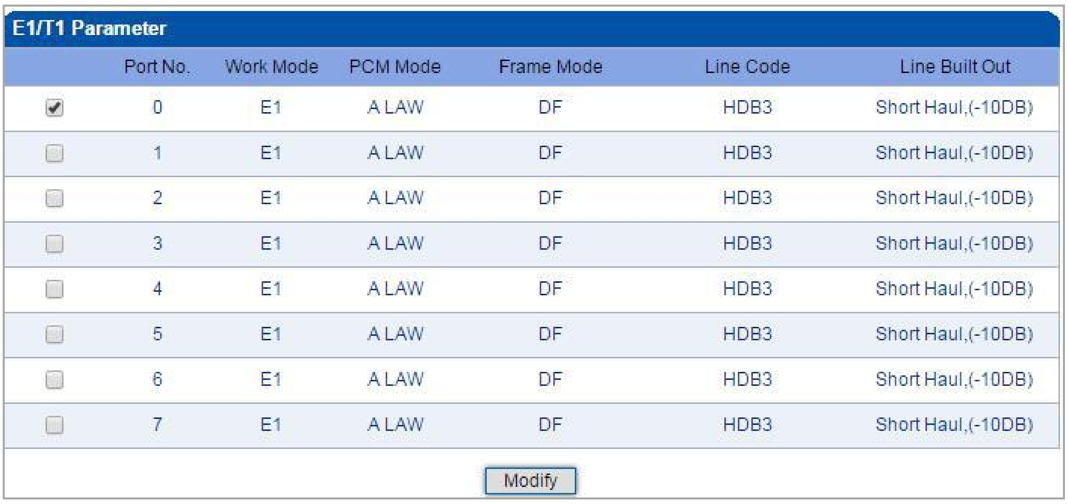
When clock source is produced by the local crystal chip of MTG2000B, it is regarded as local clock source. When clock source is obtained from the data received by E1/T1 ports, it is regarded as remote clock source. Each E1/T1 port can obtain one clock source.



Parameter	Explanation
Select Clock Source Mode	If Remote is selected, clock source is produced by crystal chip; if local is selected, clock source is obtained from the data received by E1/T1 port.
Select Remote Clock Source Port	The No. of the E1/T1 port from which clock source is obtained.
Automatic Clock Protect	Clock source is protected automatically indicates an internal clock source mechanism is enabled.

4.8.2 E1/T1 Parameter

Select the checkbox on the left of an E1/T1 port, and click the Modify button to modify E1/T1 parameters.



E1/T1 Parameter

	Port No.	Work Mode	PCM Mode	Frame Mode	Line Code	Line Built Out
☑	0	E1	A LAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul,(-10DB)
☐	1	E1	A LAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul,(-10DB)
☐	2	E1	A LAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul,(-10DB)
☐	3	E1	A LAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul,(-10DB)
☐	4	E1	A LAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul,(-10DB)
☐	5	E1	A LAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul,(-10DB)
☐	6	E1	A LAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul,(-10DB)
☐	7	E1	A LAW	DF	HDB3	Short Haul,(-10DB)

Modify

Parameter	**Explanation**
Port No.	The No. of each E1/T1 port
Work Mode	E1 or T1 If E1 is selected for one port, the work modes of all ports are E1.
PCM Mode	PCMA(A LAW) or PCMU(Mu LAW) If A LAW is selected for one port, the work modes of all ports are A LAW. PCMA usually uses in E1 mode while PCMU uses in T1 mode.
DF CRC-4 CRC4_ITU	Frame formats of E1 port include DF, CRC-4, CRC4_ITU, and the default value is CRC-4; Frame formats of T1 port include F12, F4, ESF, F72, and the default value is F4.
Line Code	Line codes of E1 include NRZ, CMI, AMI, HDB3, and the default value is HDB3; Line codes of T1 include NRZ, CMI, AMI, B8ZS, and the default value is B8ZS.
Line Built-out	Short Haul (-10DB)
Batch Configure	If Disable is selected, E1/T1 parameter cannot be configured at batch; If Enable selected, E1/T1 parameter can be configured at batch;

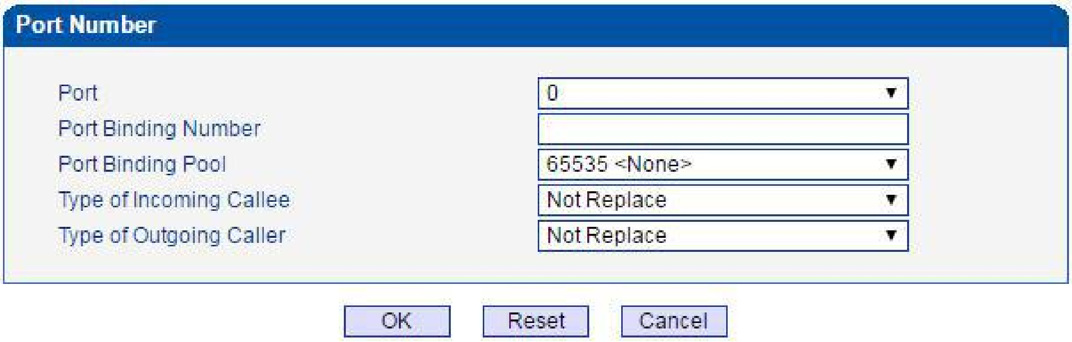
4.8.3 Port Number

Port Number

Port	Binding Number	Binding Pool	Type of Incoming Callee	Type of Outgoing Caller
---	---	---	---	---

Total: 0

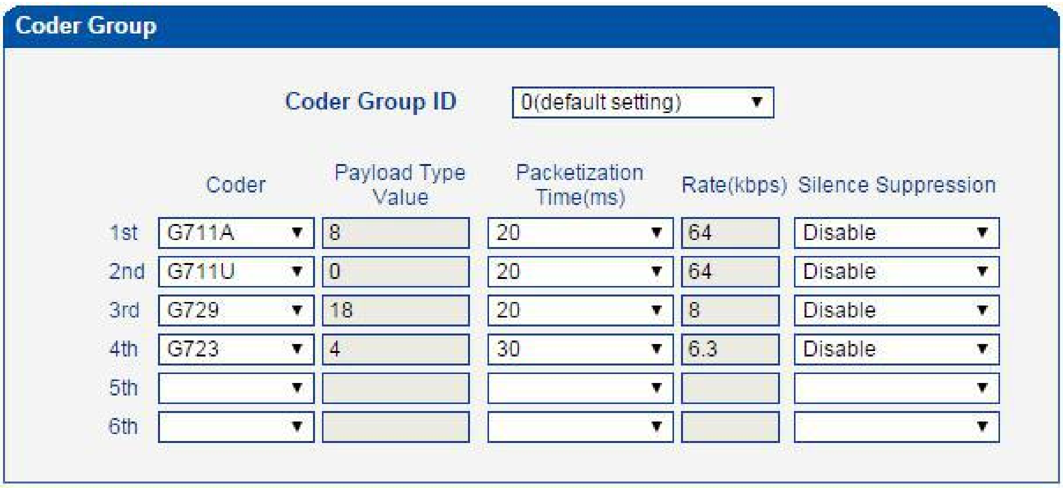
Add Delete Modify



Parameter	Explanation
Port	No. of the E1/T1 Port
Port Binding Number	The telephone number bound to E1/T1 Port
Port Binding Pool	The telephone number pool bound to E1/T1 Port. the numbers will be chosen in an Incremental way.
Type of incoming Callee	There are three options, namely Replace/Not replace/Replace when empty, for PSTN->IP callee numbers.
Type of outgoing Number	There are two options, namely Replace/Not replace, for IP->PSTN caller numbers.

4.8.4 Coder Group

On the Coder Group interface, you can group several voice coders together, so when one voice coder is faulty, another voice coder in the same group can be used. Except coder group 0, the parameters of other coder groups can be modified.



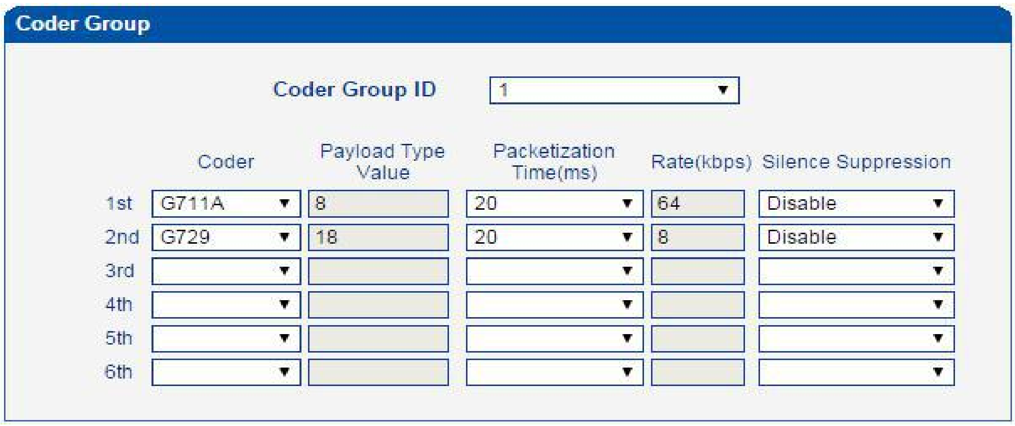
Parameter	Explanation
Coder Group ID	ID of each coder group for voice ability, from 0 to 7. The coder group 0 is default setting which cannot be modified.

Coder	MTG2000B supports three kinds of voice coder: G711A, G711U, G729, G723, iLBC 13k and iLBC 15k.
Payload Type Value	Each coder has a unique payload type value (make reference to RFC3551).
Packetization Time (ms)	The minimum packetization time of voice coder. For example, if packetization time is 20ms, voice will be packetized every 30ms.
Rate (kbps)	Transmission rate of voice
Silence Suppression	If silence suppression is enabled, the bandwidth occupied by voice transmission will be released automatically for the silence party or when talking is paused. Default value is 'Disable'.

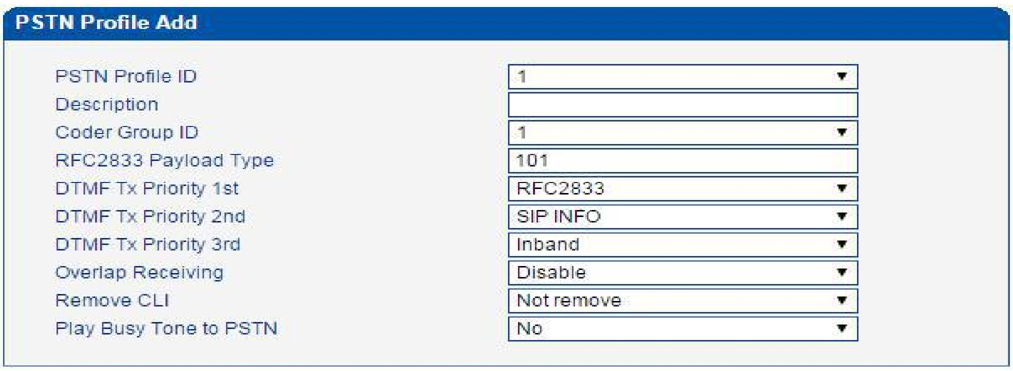
➢ **Example: How to configure preferred coder group**

Step1： Enter into the Coder Group interface and select coder group ID 1 to create new coder group

Step2： Select preferred voice coder (G711A and G729) in this example, as below:

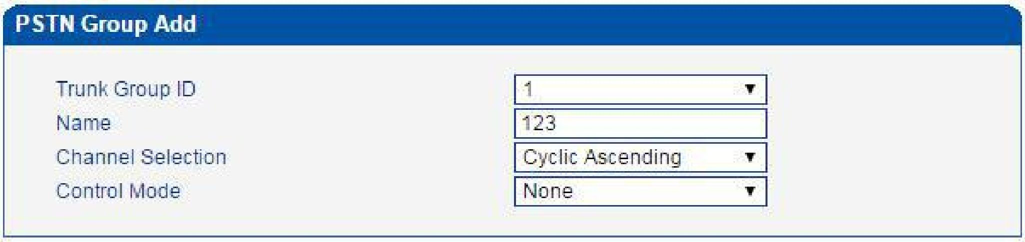


Step3： Enter into the PSTN Profile interface, click Modify to modify the default PSTN profile and change the coder group ID, or click Add to add a new PSTN profile.

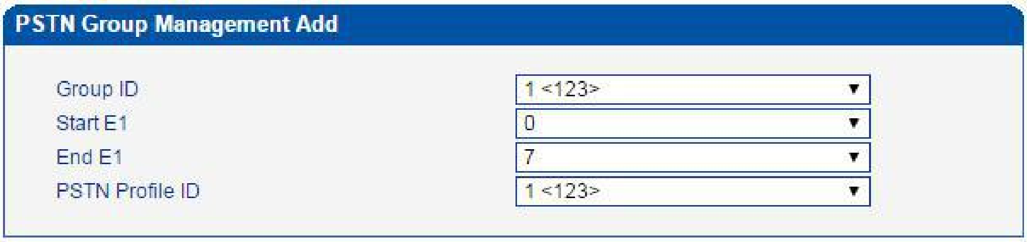


Step4： Click OK to save the above configuration.

Step5: Enter into the PSTN Group interface to establish a PSTN group



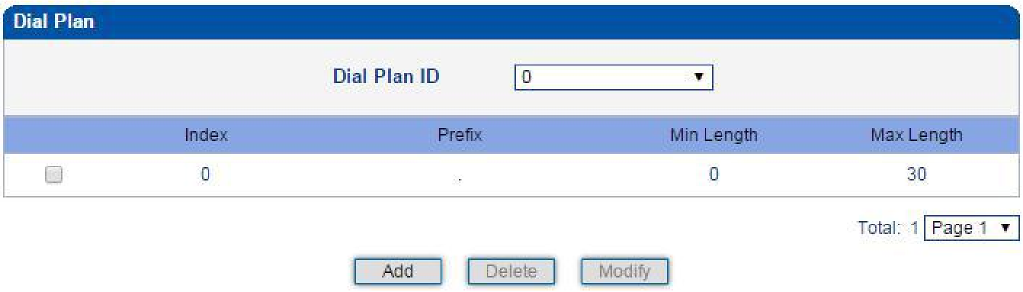
Step5: Enter into the PSTN Group Management interface to associate the PSTN profile and PSTN group to an E1/T1 port or multiple E1/T1 ports.



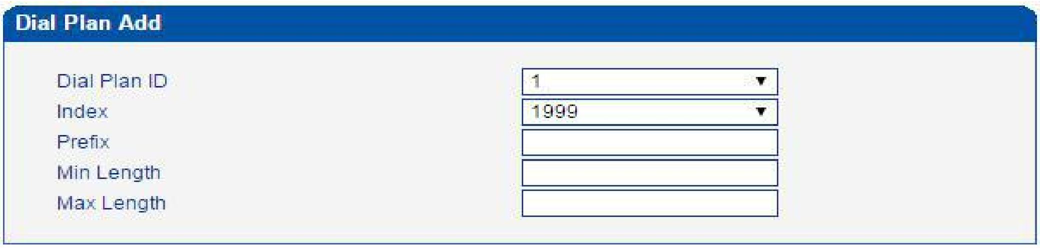
Step6: Click OK save the above configuration.

4.8.5 Dial Plan

Dial plan is used for the MTG2000B to identify how many digits that a received number includes. Dial rules can be divided into 5 groups with dial plan IDs. The setting in dial plan 0 is the default setting.



Click the **Add** button, and you can add a new dial plan in the following interface.



Parameter	Explanation
Dial Plan ID	The ID of the dial plan
Index	Each dial plan has a unique index. Greater index value, higher priority for the dial plan.
Prefix	The prefix matching received numbers, through which the MTG2000B can judge how many digits the received number includes.
Min Length	The minimum number of digits included in a telephone number (generally from 0 to 30). If the length of a received number falls within the range of between the set minimum length and the set maximum length, call connection will continue.
Max Length	The maximum number of digits included in a telephone number (generally from 0 to 30). If the length of a received number reaches the set maximum length, MTG2000B deems that all digits of the number have been received and will begin to analyze the telephone number, and if there are still digits being sent, MTG2000B will not received them.

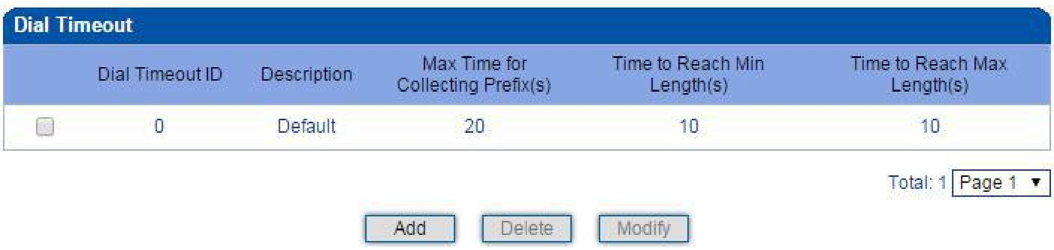
Note:

1. Dial plans can be backed up and restored at the **Maintenance -> Data Backup** interface and the **Maintenance -> Data Restore** interface respectively.
2. ‘Min Length’ and ‘Max Length’ does not include the length of prefix.
3. For overlapping dialing, it’d better to set ‘Min Length’ and ‘Max Length’ to a same value in order to accelerate connection rate, since the length of the called number has been known.

4.8.6 Dial Timeout

On the Dial Timeout interface, you can set the maximum time for collecting prefix and the maximum time for telephone number to reach ‘Min Length’and ‘Max Length’.

The setting in Dial Timeout 0 is default setting, which can be modified but cannot be deleted.


Dial Timeout

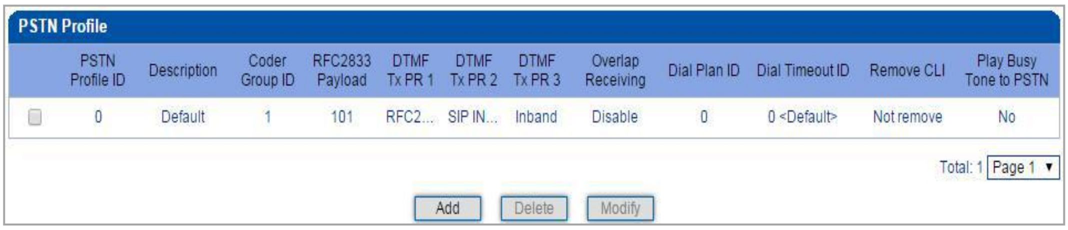
	Dial Timeout ID	Description	Max Time for Collecting Prefix(s)	Time to Reach Min Length(s)	Time to Reach Max Length(s)
☐	0	Default	20	10	10

Click the **Add** button to add a new dial timeout rule.

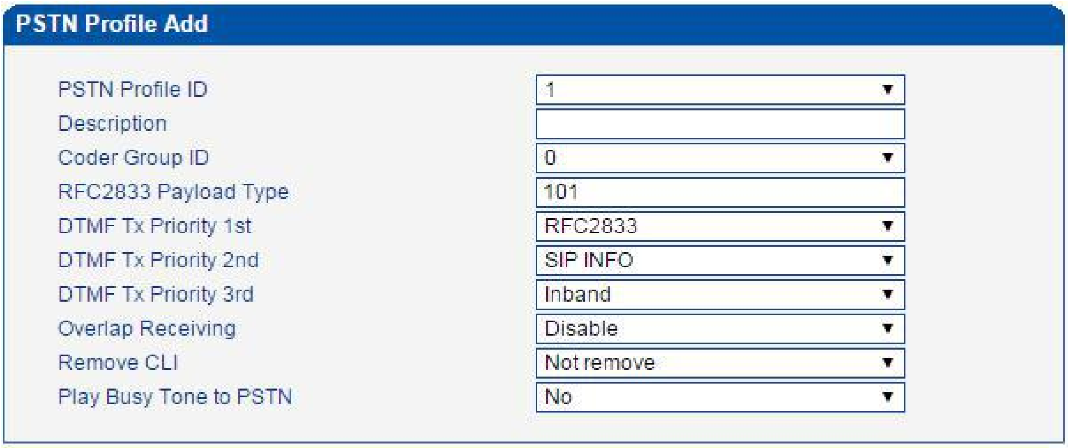
Parameter	Explanation
Dial Timeout ID	The ID of the dial timeout
Description	Description of the dial timeout
Max Time for Collecting Prefix	The maximum time for receiving all the digits of a prefix
Time to Reach Min Length (after Prefix)	After receiving the prefix, the maximum time before receiving the set minimum number of digits included in a telephone number.
Time to Reach Max Length (after Min Length)	After receiving the set minimum number of digits, the maximum time before receiving the set maximum number of digits included in a telephone number.

4.8.7 PSTN Profile

On the **PSTN Profile** interface, you can configure PSTN call number rules and related parameters, such as associating a Coder group, a dial plan and a dial timeout to a PSTN profile.



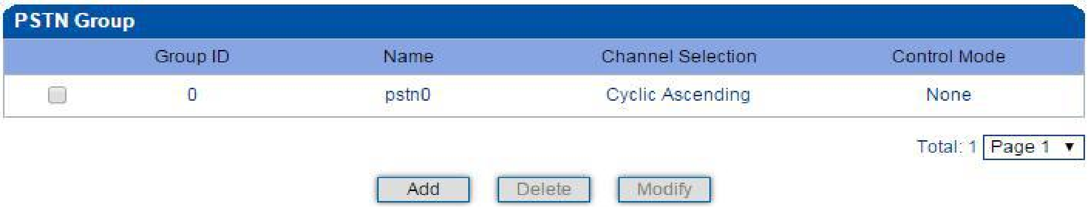
Click the **Add** button to add a new PSTN profile.



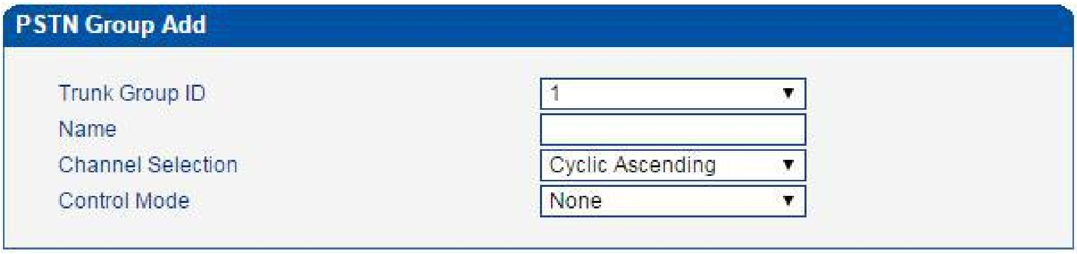
Parameter	Explanation
PSTN Profile ID	The ID of the PSTN profile
Description	The description of the PSTN profile
Coder Group ID	The ID of the coder group (the coder group needs to be created at the **Coder Group** interface first.)
RFC2833 Payload	Default value is 101.
DTMF Tx Priority 1st	There are three ways to send DTMF: RFC2833, SIP INFOR and Inband. You can set their priority. Priority 1^{st} represents the top priority.
DTMF Tx Priority 2nd	There are three ways to send DTMF: RFC2833, SIP INFOR and Inband. You can set their priority. Priority 2^{st} represents the second priority.
DTMF Tx Priority 3rd	There are three ways to send DTMF: RFC2833, SIP INFOR and Inband. You can set their priority. Priority 2^{st} represents the third priority.
Overlap Receiving	Default value is ‘Disable’; If overlap receiving is enabled, the set ‘Dial Plan’ and ‘Dial Timeout’ will work.
Remove CLI	CLI: Calling Line Identification Whether to remove CLI
Play busy tone to PSTN	If ‘Yes’ is selected, when the called phone is offhook, MTG2000B will play busy tone to the PSTN side.

4.8.8 PSTN Group

On the **PSTN Group** interface, you can create a PSTN group and set a strategy for channel selection of the group.



Click the **Add** button to add a new PSTN group.

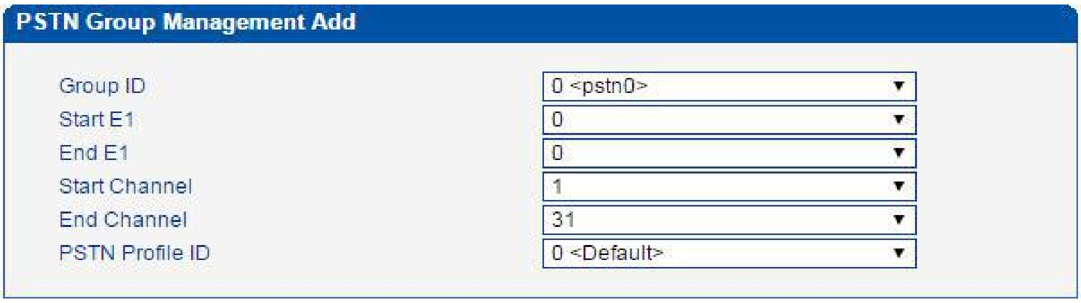


Parameter	Explanation
Trunk Group ID	The ID of the trunk group
Name	The name of the trunk group
Channel Selection	There are four selection strategies: Ascending, Descending, Cyclic Ascending and Cyclic Descending. Ascending: to search idle channels starting from channel 0 to channel 31; Cyclic ascending: to search idle channel in an ascending order, starting from the previous idle channel that has been selected
Control Mode	Control mode is also a method for channel selection and works together with the set selection strategy. Options include Master Odd, Master Even and None. Master Odd: it means channels with odd ID will be searched first, and channels with even ID will not be searched until all channels with odd ID have been searched.

4.8.9 PSTN Group Management

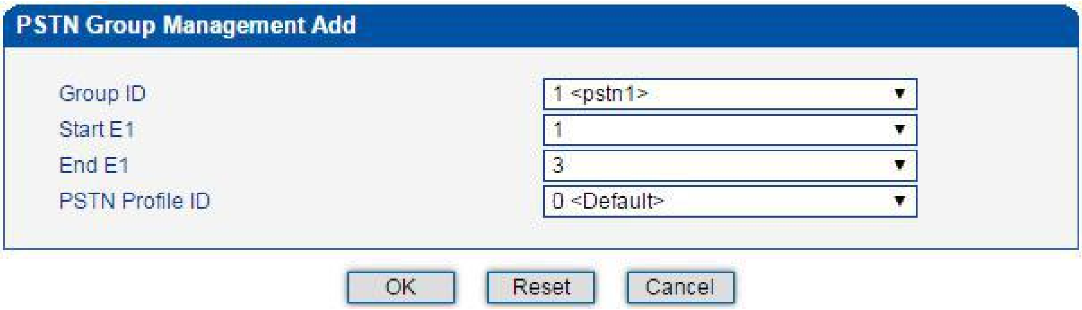
On the **PSTN Group Management** interface, you can add start E1/T1 port, end E1 /T1 port, start channel, end channel and PSTN profile to a PSTN group.

Click the **Add** button, and you will see the following configuration interface.



In the above figure, as start E1 is the same with end E1, only one E1 port is used in the PSTN group and you need to set start channel and end channel.

When there is a need to set several E1 ports, it defaults that all the 32 channels of each E1 port are used by the PSTN group.

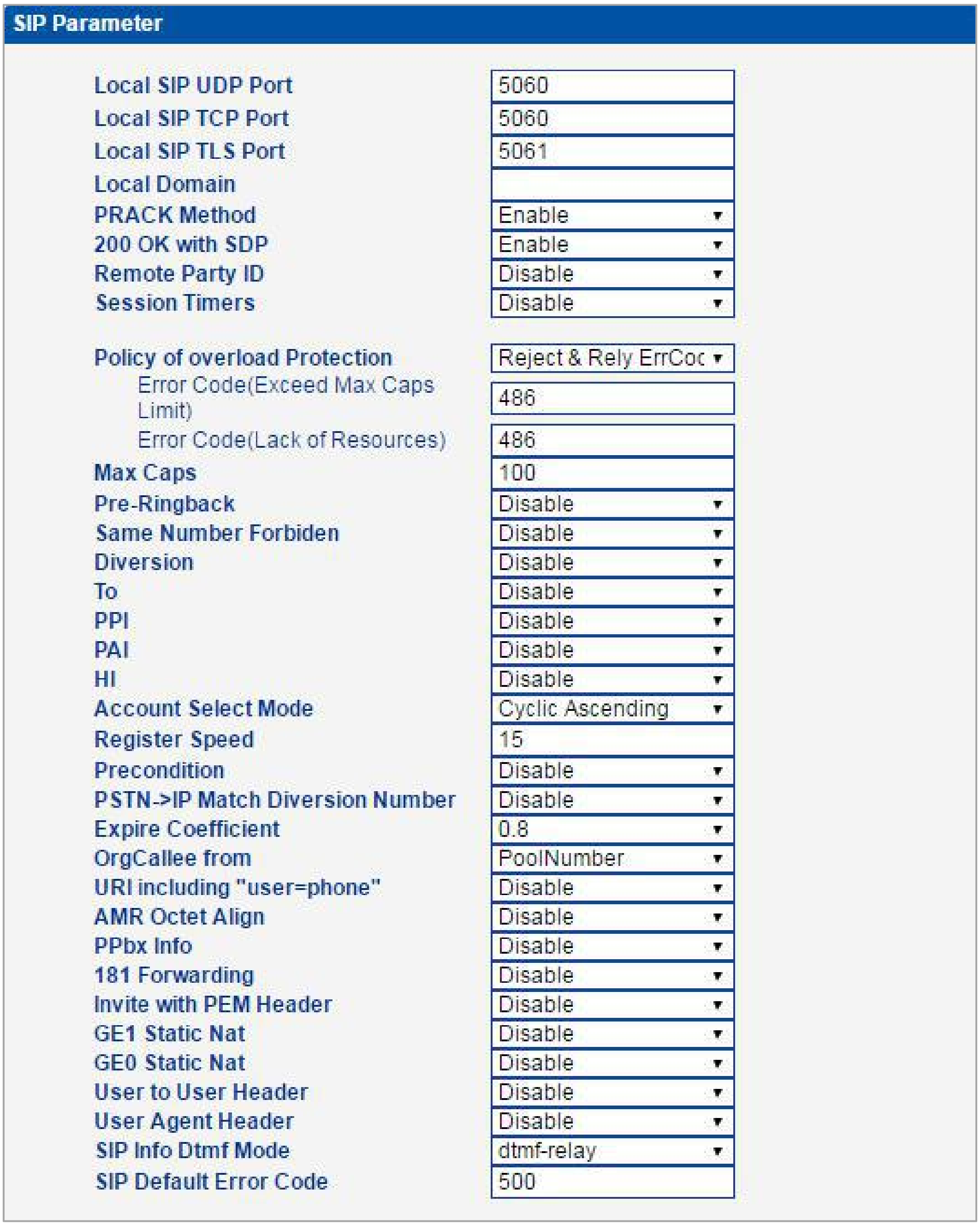


Parameter	Explanation
Group ID	The ID of the PSTN group
Start E1/T1	The start E1/T1 port in this PSTN group
End E1/T1	The end E1/T1 port in this PSTN group
Start Channel	The start channel in this PSTN group
End Channel	The end channel in this PSTN group
PSTN Profile ID	The ID of the PSTN profile in this PSTN group (the PSTN profile needs to be created at the **PSTN Profile** interface first.

Note: When the start E1/T1 port is different from the end E1/T1 port, the start channel is channel 0 by default and the end channel is channel 31 by default (it means there is no need to choose a start channel and a end channel).

4.9 SIP Config

4.9.1 SIP Parameter



Parameter	Explanation
Local SIP UDP Port	5060 (default)
Local SIP TCP Port	5060 (default)
Local Domain	A local domain whose format is www.xxx.com
PRACK Method	PRACK: Provisional Response ACK message PRACK is a mechanism to ensure reliable transmission of

	temporary messages (101-199) in SIP messages. PRACK is generally a confirmation of receipt of *183 call in progress/180 ringing.*
200 OK with SDP	The 200 OK message sent by the device whether with SDP.
Remote Party ID	When enabled, the *invite* message sent by the device will come with the *Remote Party ID* header field to support caller ID.
Session Timers	The user agent periodically sends *re-INVITE* or *UPDATE* requests to keep the session active.
Policy of overload Protection	The processing policy when the session request received by the device exceeds the processing capacity of the device, and the error code will be returned to reject/discard directly.
Max Caps	Used with overload protection policy to limit the CAPS of equipment.
Pre-Ringback	When enabled, the device will reply with an *18x* immediately after receiving the *invite.*
Same Number Forbidden	When receiving an *invite* with the same calling and called number, the device will reply with 403 to reject.
Diversion	When enabled, an **invite** with a *Diversion* header field (carrying call forwarding information) will be received, and the *invite* forwarded by the device will with a *Diversion* header field.
To	When enabled, it will receive an *invite* message that does not match the called number in the *to* header with the request line, and the device will extract the called number from the *to* header.
PPI	When enabled, an *invite* with a *Diversion* header or *History-Info* header (carrying call forwarding information) will be received. The *invite* forwarded by the device with the *P-Preferred-Identity* header, and the number in the *PPI* header is the number in the *Diversion* header or the *History-Info* header.
PAI	When enabled, an *invite* with a Diversion header or *History-Info* header (carrying call forwarding information) will be received. The *invite* forwarded by the device will with the *P-Preferred-Identity* header, and the number in the *PPI* header is the number in the *Diversion* header or the *History-Info* header.
HI	After enabling, when receiving a call with call forwarding information, the device will send a *History-Info* header in the *invite* message.
Account Select Mode	Cyclic Ascending/According to the user name, cyclic ascending is the registration call in *access* mode. The contact number in the *invite* forwarded by the device is the SIP account polling on the TG; according to the user name that is the registration call in *access* mode, the call succeeds when the calling number exists in the SIP account , otherwise the call fails.

Register Speed	The number of registration messages sent per second.
Precondition	When enabled, the device will support resource reservation.
PSTN->IP Match Diversion Number	When enabled, if the PSTN-IP routing is configured with a calling number prefix, the received invite will have a *division* header. When the calling number in the from header does not match the route, the number in the *division* header will be matched, if the prefix matches, the call is successful.
Expire Coefficient	After the SIP account is successfully registered, The device will initiate re-registration within the registration period.
OrgCallee from	The diversion/number pool number, and *divison* needs to be enabled; when receiving an *invite* with a *division* header, the number configuration in the *division* header in the *invite* message forwarded by the device will be the same.
URI including "user=phone"	When enabled, the *invite URI*, *from* and *to* headers sent by the device will come with"*user=phone*"
AMR Octet Align	When enabled, the device will be act as the called party. If the caller sends out alignment, the negotiation will be aligned; if the caller sends out misaligned, the negotiation will be misaligned.
PPbx Info	When enabled, the calling number type in the IAM (SS7) or SETUP (PRI) message will be the same as the *pbx info* header in the received *sip* message.
181 Forwarding	If the received sip message contains the P-Early-Media header field, the local ringback tone or passthrough will be played according to the configuration of the header field. If without this header field, the device will transmit the media stream by default.
Invite with PEM Header	When enabled, the invite message sent by the device will with *P-Early-Media: supported*
GE1 Static Nat	It is used to register to the public network server on the private network or the calls on public network. When enabling it, you need to configure Nat IP.
GE0 Static Nat	It is used to register to the public network server on the private network or the calls on public network. When enabling it, you need to configure Nat IP.
User to User Header	You need to configure the prefix when you enable it. When the called number of the received *invit*e matches the configured prefix, the *invite* message sent by the device will with the *User-to-User* header.
User Agent Header	Configure the value when enabled, the invite sent by the device will with the user-agent header.
SIP Default Error Code	In some cases, the device sends this error code to disconnect the call.

4.9.2 SIP Trunk

SIP trunk can realize the connection between MTG2000B and PBX or SIP servers under the IP network. It provides two modes to connect MTG2000B and the IP network. One is Access (MTG2000B registers to a softswitch), and the other is Peer (MTG2000B connects to a peer device in the IP network via IP address).

SIP Trunk

	Trunk No.	Trunk Name	Remote Address	Remote Port	Support SIP-T	Get Callee from	Get Caller from	Register to Remote	Outgoing Call Mode	Incoming Authentication Type	Detect Trunk Status	Enable SIP Trunk
☐	0	AG	172.16.22.22	5060(UDP)	Disable	Request...	User Na...	No	Peer	IP Address	No	Yes
☐	1	sipp	172.16.118.143	5067(UDP)	Disable	Request...	User Na...	No	Peer	IP Address	No	Yes

Total: 2 Page 1

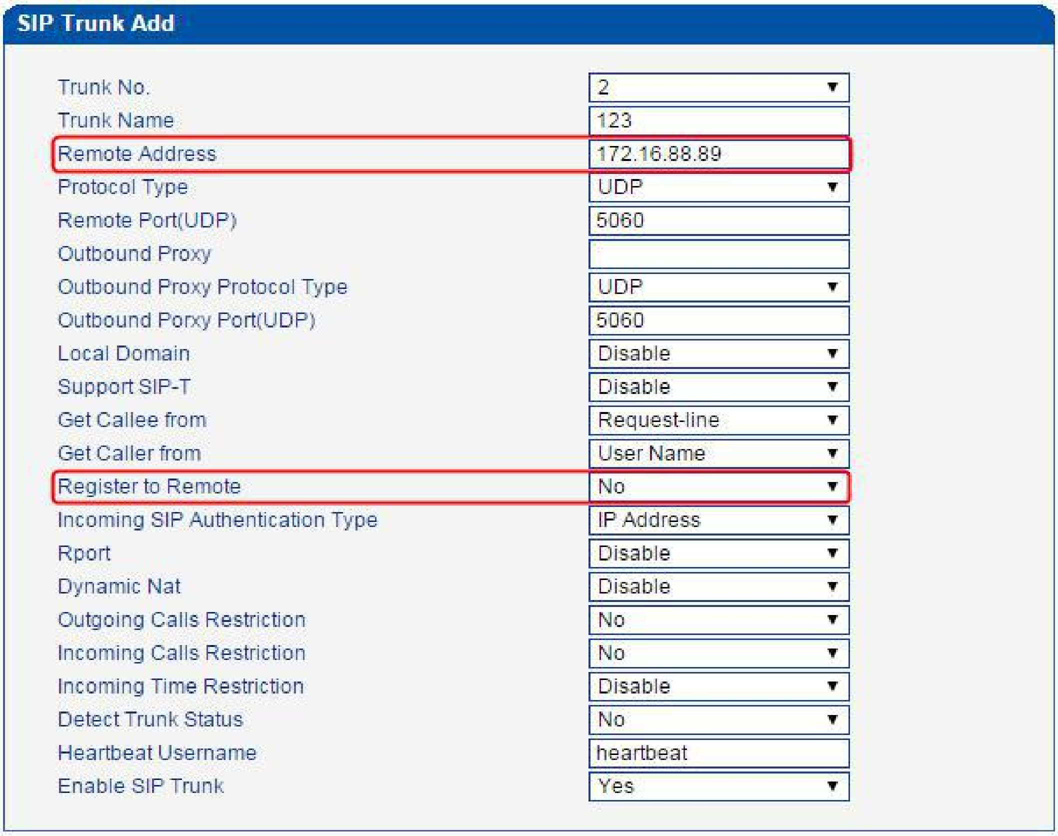
Add Delete Modify

Configuration procedures for Peer Mode are as follows:

1) Click the **Add** button to add a SIP trunk.

2) Configure parameters on the SIP Trunk Add interface according to related explanations in the table.
As it is Peer mode, you should select No for the Register to Remote parameter, and enter the IP address of the peer device.

3) After finishing the configuration of the parameters, click **OK**.



SIP Trunk Add

Trunk No.	2
Trunk Name	123
Remote Address	172.16.88.89
Protocol Type	UDP
Remote Port(UDP)	5060
Outbound Proxy	
Outbound Proxy Protocol Type	UDP
Outbound Porxy Port(UDP)	5060
Local Domain	Disable
Support SIP-T	Disable
Get Callee from	Request-line
Get Caller from	User Name
Register to Remote	No
Incoming SIP Authentication Type	IP Address
Rport	Disable
Dynamic Nat	Disable
Outgoing Calls Restriction	No
Incoming Calls Restriction	No
Incoming Time Restriction	Disable
Detect Trunk Status	No
Heartbeat Username	heartbeat
Enable SIP Trunk	Yes

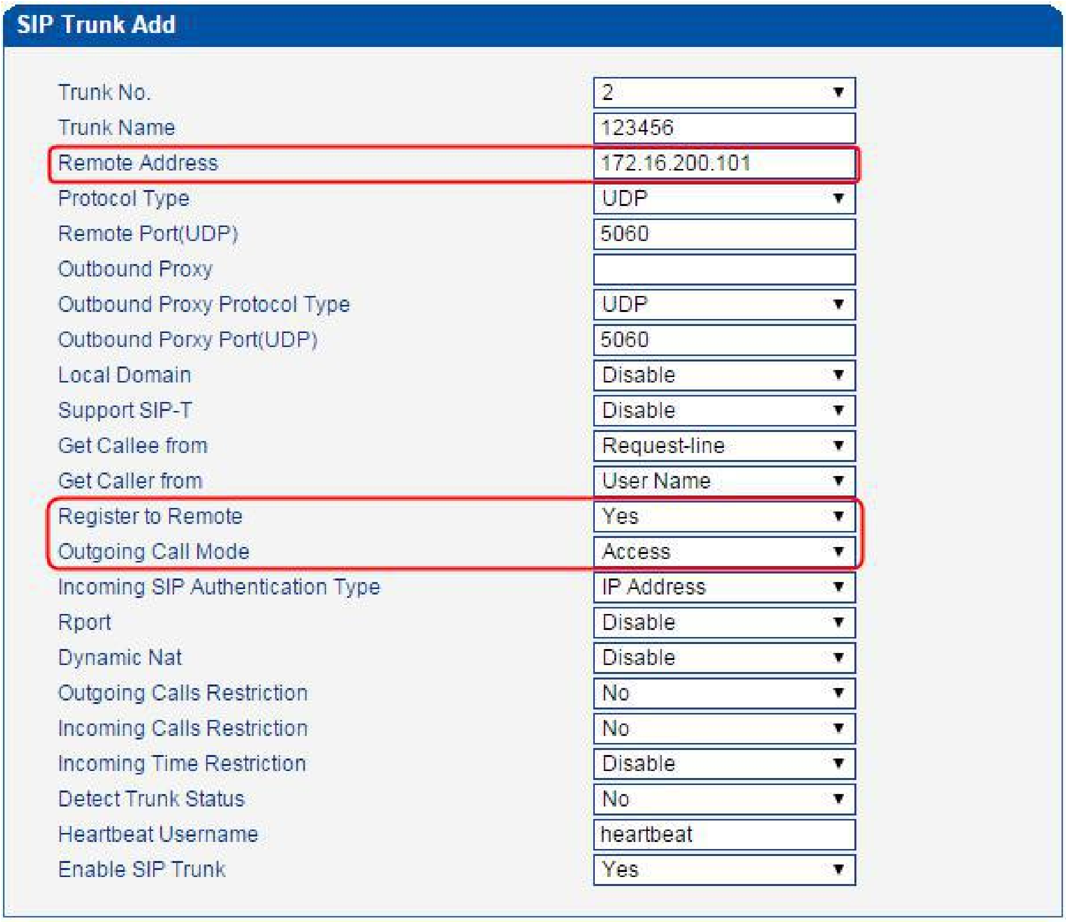
Parameter	Explanation
Trunk No.	The No. of the SIP trunk (range is 1 ~99)
Trunk Name	The name of the SIP trunk
Remote Address	The IP address of the peer device interfacing with the MTG2000B
Protocol Type	Options include UDP, TCP and Auto If Auto is selected, the protocol type is determined by the peer device.
Remote Port (UDP)	The SIP port of the peer device interfacing with the MTG2000B; The default remote port is 5060.
Outbound Proxy IP address	SIP proxy IP address If outbound proxy is used, enter the IP address or domain name of the proxy server
Outbound Proxy Protocol Type	Options include UDP, TCP and Auto If Auto is selected, the protocol type is determined by the peer device.
Outbound Proxy Port (UDP)	The default outbound proxy port is 5060.
Local Domain	The local domain set in the SIP Parameter interface
Support SIP-T	This parameter is for SS7. Its default value is 'Disable'.
Get Callee from	Get the called number from 'Request-line' or 'To Header Field'
Get Caller from	Get the caller number from 'User Name' or 'Display Name'
Register to Remote	It is defined by IETF RFC3372, which is a standard used to establish remote communication between SIP and ISUP; The default value is 'Yes'. If 'Yes' is selected, MTG2000B will be registered to the peer device whose IP address is filled in 'Remote Address'.
Incoming SIP Authentication Type	Incoming calls from IP network can be authenticated by IP address or password. If password is selected, you need fill in password. If IP address is selected, incoming calls will be rejected when their IP address are different from the remote address filled in.
Rport	Whether to enable the Rport of the SIP trunk
Dynamic Nat	Enable or Disable If it is enabled, a private IP address can be mapped to a public address from a pool of public IP addresses.

Outgoing Calls Registration	Whether to limit the number of the calls from PSTN to IP network. The default value is 'No'. If 'Yes' is selected, then input the number of concurrent calls that are allowed to go out. The range is 0 to 65535.
Incoming Calls Registration	Whether to limit the number of the calls from IP network to PSTN. The default value is 'No'. If 'Yes' is selected, then input the number of concurrent calls that are allowed to come in. The range is 0 to 65535.
Incoming Time Registration	The default setting is 'Disabled'. If 'Enabled' is selected, user can edit the start and stop time of a prohibition period. During this period, all calls from IP network to PSTN are prohibited. (Calls from PSTN to IP network are not limited)
Detect Trunk Status	Whether to detect the status of the SIP trunk. If 'Yes' is selected, MTG2000B will send Heartbeat message to the peer device to confirm whether the link status is OK.
Heartbeat Username	The name of the Heartbeat message
Enable SIP Trunk	Whether to enable the SIP trunk. If 'Yes' is selected, the SIP trunk is available; If 'No' is selected, the SIP Trunk is invalid.

For Access Mode are as follows:

1) Click the **Add** button to add a SIP trunk.

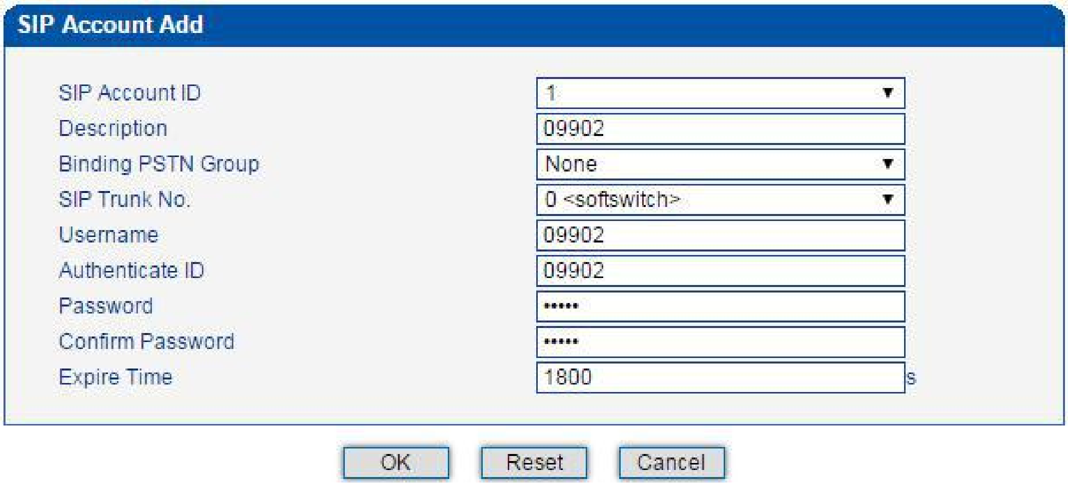
2) Configure parameters on the following interface according to related explanations. As it is Access mode, you should select **Yes** for the **Register to Remote** parameter, and enter the IP address of a softswitch.



3) Click **OK**.

4) Click **SIP Account** in the navigation tree on the left, and then click **Add** to add a SIP account.

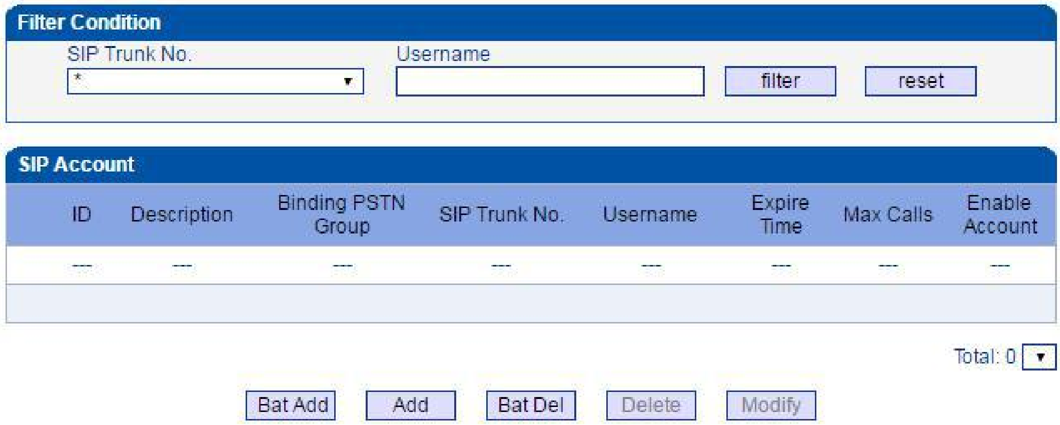
5) Configure the parameters on the **SIP Account Add** interface.

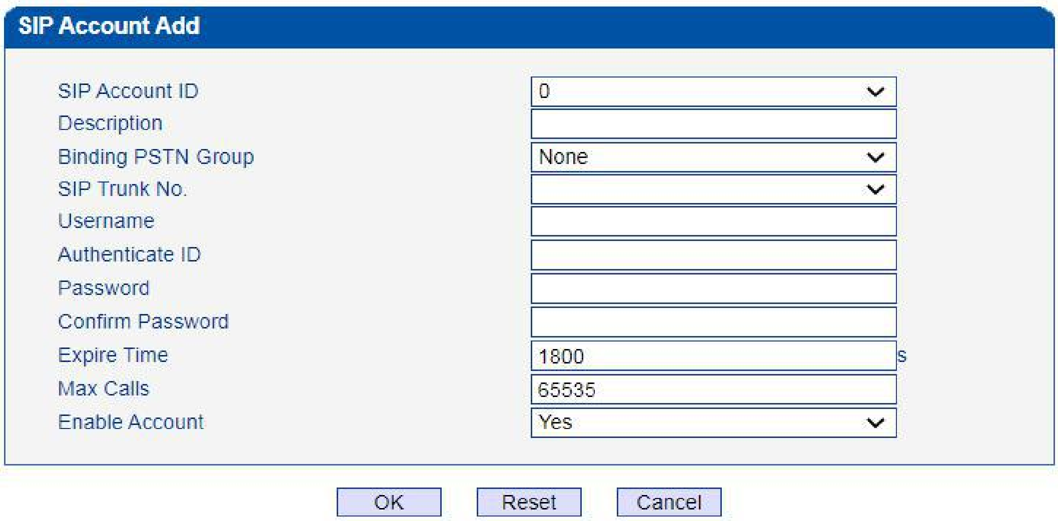


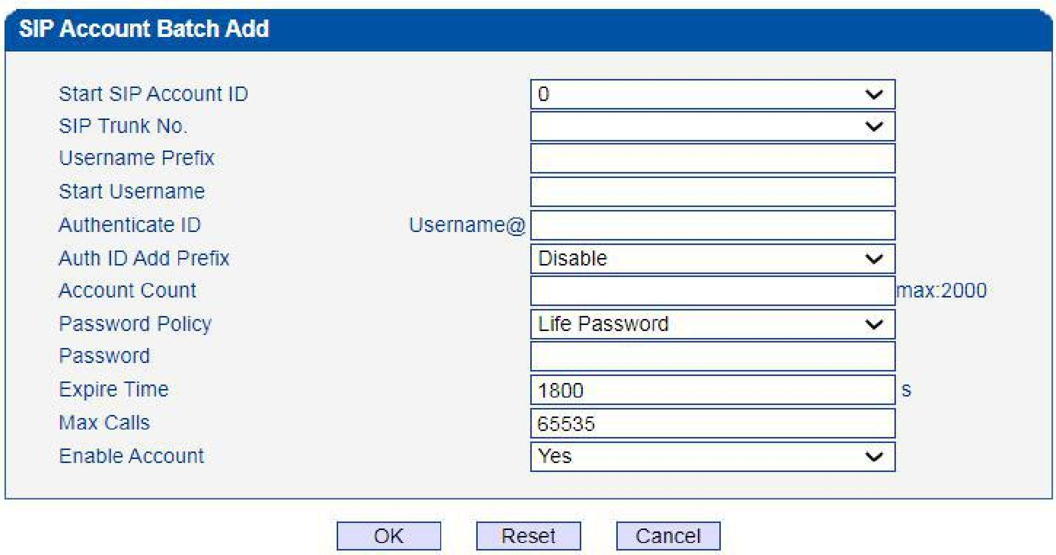
Parameter	Explanation
SIP Account ID	The ID of SIP Account, from 0 to 127
Description	Description of the SIP account
Binding PSTN Group	Choose a PSTN group that is bound to the SIP account
SIP Trunk No.	The No. of the SIP trunk bound to the SIP account
Username	The username of the SIP account, which is used to register the SIP account to softswitch
Authenticate ID	The authentication ID to authenticate the SIP account for the softswitch connected to MTG2000B
Password	The password of SIP account, which is used when the SIP account is registered to softswitch
Confirm Password	Enter the password again
Expire Time	The interval to register the SIP account; Default value is 1800s.

6) Click **OK**. And you can click **Status & Statistics** -> **IP Trunk Status** to check the SIP trunk that has been established.

4.9.3 SIP Account







NOTE: The maximum of sip account is 2000.

Description about add of SIP accounts：

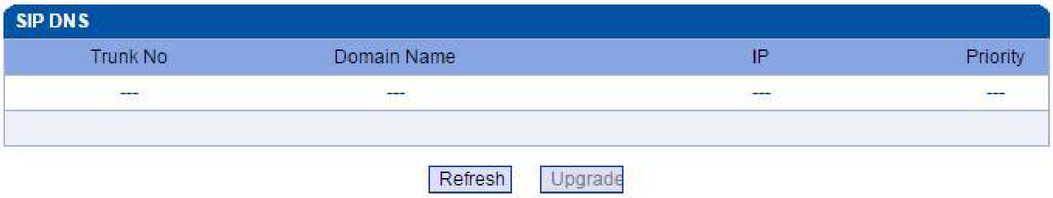
Parameter	Explanation
SIP Account ID	SIP account ID, between 0-999
Description	Describe the SIP account
Binding PSTN Group	Access mode, configured PSTN group call, the number in the contact header of the invite message sent by the device is the SIP account bound to the PSTN, not the original calling number, nor the SIP account polling, only in *pstn* -> *ip* routing direction.
SIP Trunk No.	Corresponding to the SIP trunk number
Username	SIP registered user name
Authentication ID	The authentication ID of the SIP account configured by the SIP server, which can be empty.
Password	Password for registering SIP account
Confirm Password	Enter confirm password
Expire Time	SIP registration interval
Max Calls	The device will reject calls that exceed the number of concurrent.
Enable Account	The enabled SIP account can be registered and called normally

Description about batch add of SIP accounts：

Parameter	Explanation
Start SIP Account ID	The first SIP account number, subsequent SIP accounts are incremented.
SIP Trunk No.	SIP trunk number
Username Prefix	The common prefix of the SIP accounts added in batches, which can be empty.
Start Username	The first SIP account registered user name, subsequent SIP accounts are incremented.
Authenticate ID	The authentication ID of the SIP account configured by the SIP server, which can be empty.
Auth ID Add Prefix	Whether to add the user name prefix before the authentication ID.
Account Count	The number of SIP accounts that can be added in batches.
Password Policy	Choose a password policy (Life Password/ The same with username)
Password	Configure when the password policy is a universal password
Expire Time	SIP registration interval
Max Calls	The device will reject calls that exceed the number of concurrent.
Enable Account	The enabled SIP account can be registered and called normally

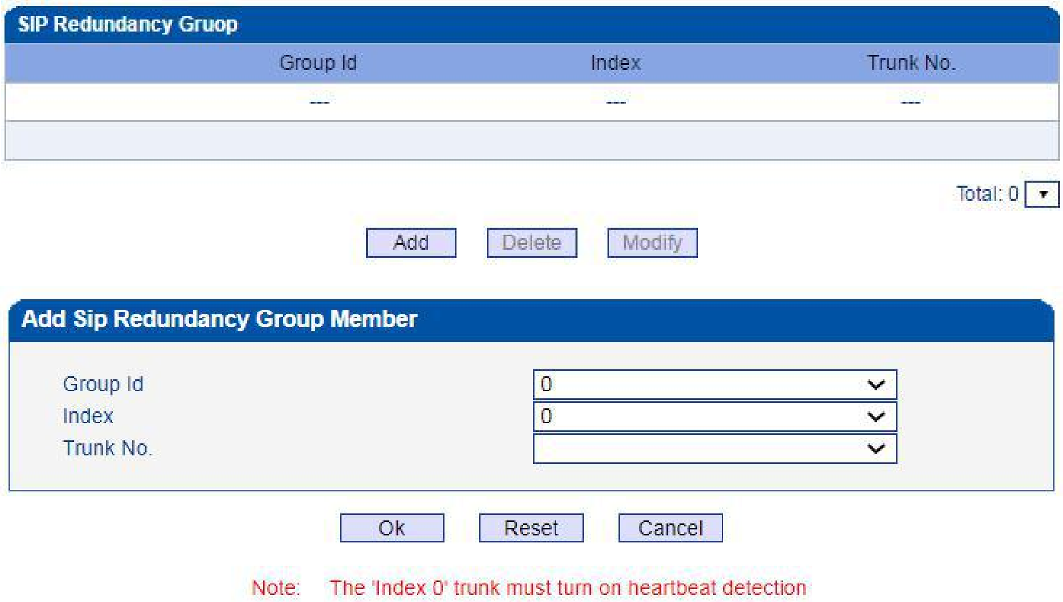
4.9.4 SIP DNS

Shows the correspondence between SIP domain names and IP.



4.9.5 SIP RED Group

Put two trunks into the same redundancy group, one is the master and the other is the slave. The master needs to enable Keep Alive, and the slave does not need it. The device will send calls to the master trunk first. When the Keep Alive detects that the master trunk is down, it will switch to the slave trunk to forward the call. At the same time, it will always check the master trunk status. Once the master trunk status is OK, it will immediately switch back to the master trunk.



Parameter	Explanation
Group ID	Number of redundancy group, 8 redundancy groups can be added.
Index	0 is the master trunk, and 1 is the slave trunk.
Trunk No.	For SIP trunks with redundant grouping enabled, the trunk corresponding to'index 0'must enable Keep Alive.

4.10 IP Group Config

You can group several SIP trunks together, so when one SIP trunk is in an outage, communication can turn to another SIP trunk in the same group.

4.10.1 IP Profile

On the IP Profile interface, you can configure the parameters about IP calls, such as whether to support early media, where ringback tone to PSTN/IP is originated from and whether to wait for RTP packet from peer device.

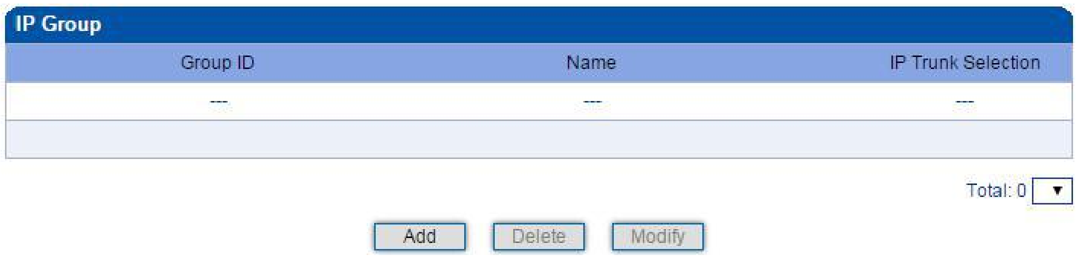
Click Add, and the following interface will be displayed.

Parameter	**Explanation**
IP Profile ID	The ID of the IP profile, from 1 to 15.
Description	Description of the IP profile
Declare RFC2833 in SDP	Whether to declare RFC2833 in SDP Default value is 'Yes'.
Support Early Media	Whether to support Early Media (183) If 'Yes' is selected, ringback tone will be played to the caller before the call is successfully connected.
Ringback Tone to PSTN Originated from	Where the ringback tone to PSTN side is originated from If 'Local' is selected, the ringback tone is played from MTG2000B. If 'IP' is selected, the ringback tone is played from the IP network
Ringback Tone to IP Originated from	Where the ringback tone to IP network l is originated from If 'Local' is selected, the ringback tone is played from MTG2000B. If 'PSTN' is selected, the ringback tone is played from the PSTN.

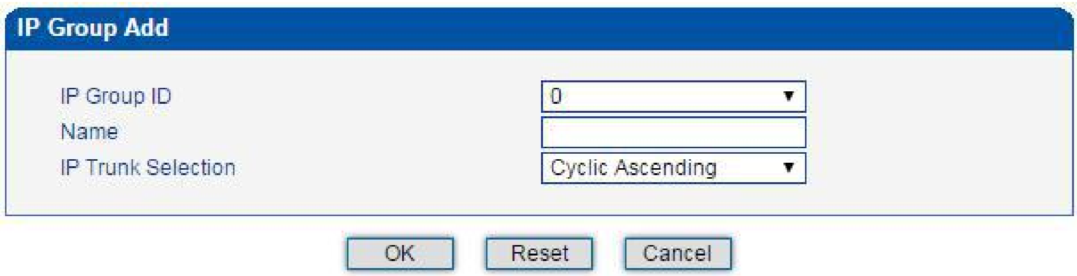
Wait for RTP Packet from Peer	If ‘Yes’ is selected, RTP packets will be sent from peer device to MTG2000B first, and then RTP packets will be sent from TG to peer device. If ‘No’ is selected, RTP packets will be sent automatically during calling;
T.30 Expanded Type in SDP	There are two T.30 expanded types: X-Fax and Fax

4.10.2 IP Group

On the IP Group interface, you can add IP groups and choose a strategy for selecting IP trunks.



Click **Add,** and the following interface will be displayed.

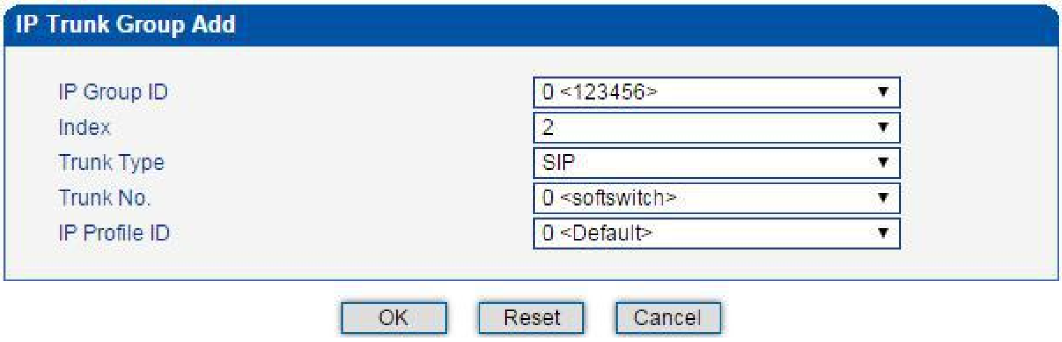


IP Trunk Selection	Ascending	To select IP trunks in an ascending order under a same group.
	Cyclic Ascending:	To select IP trunks in an ascending order, starting from the previous IP trunk that has been selected
	Descending	To select IP trunks in a descending order under a same group
	Cyclic Descending	To select IP trunks in a descending order, starting from the previous IP trunk that has been selected

4.10.3 IP Group Management

On the **IP Group Management** interface, you can add IP trunks to the IP group which have been established on IP Group interface.

Click **Add**, and you can see the following interface.



Parameter	Explanation
IP Group ID	The ID of the IP group If you want to add more IP trunks to the IP group, do not change the IP group ID.
Index	The index of the IP trunk added to the IP group
Trunk Type	SIP
Trunk No.	Select an IP trunk that has been established on **SIP Config -> SIP Trunk** interface.
IP Profile ID	The ID of the IP profile that will be used by the IP trunk.

4.11 Number Filter

This section is mainly to introduce how to configure white & black lists on the MTG2000B gateway.

Caller White List: Calls from the numbers on the Caller White List will be allowed to pass. If a caller number cannot match with one of the numbers on the Caller White List, calls from the caller number will be rejected.

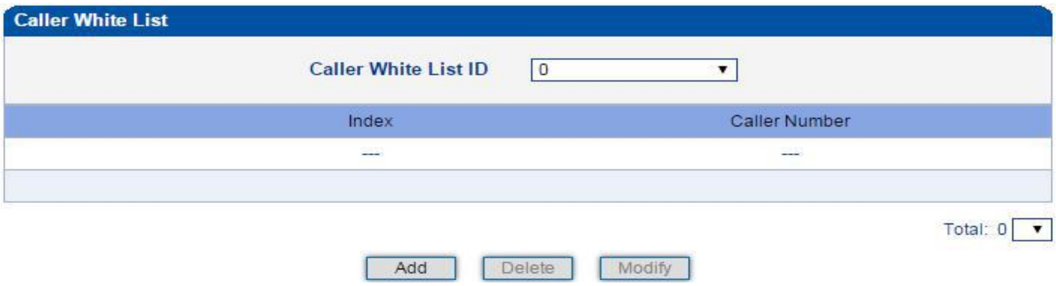
Caller Black List: Calls from the numbers on the Caller Black List will be rejected to pass. If a caller number match with one of the numbers on the Caller Black List, calls will be rejected.

Callee White List: Calls to the numbers on the Callee White List will be allowed to pass. If a callee number cannot match with one of one of the numbers on the Caller White List, calls to the callee number will be rejected.

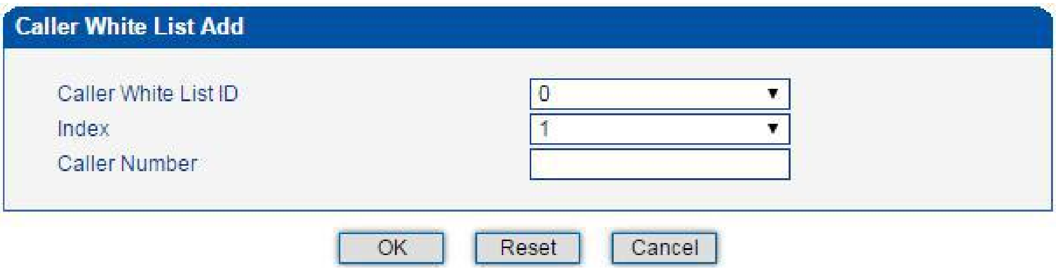
Callee Black List: Calls to the numbers on the Callee Black List will be rejected to pass. If a callee number match with one of the numbers on the Callee Black List, calls to the callee number will be rejected.

4.11.1 Procedures to add a number on the Caller White List

1) Click **Number Filter** -> **Caller White List** to enter into the following interface.



2) Click **Add** to enter into the following interface to add a caller number on the Caller White List.



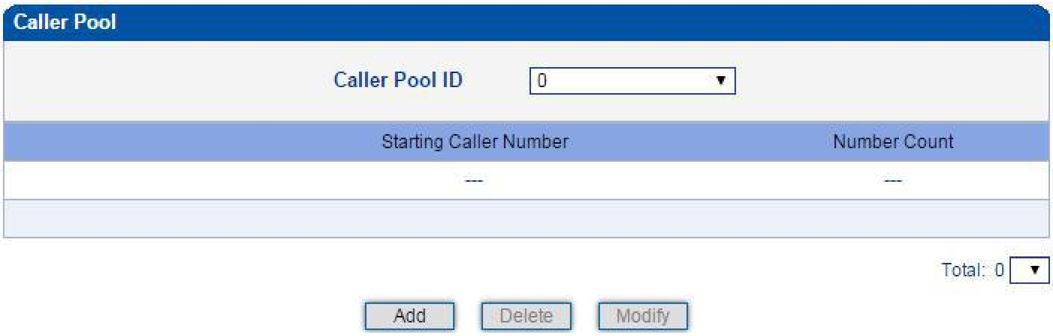
3) Choose an ID for the caller white list and an index for the caller number, and then enter the caller number.

4) Click OK.

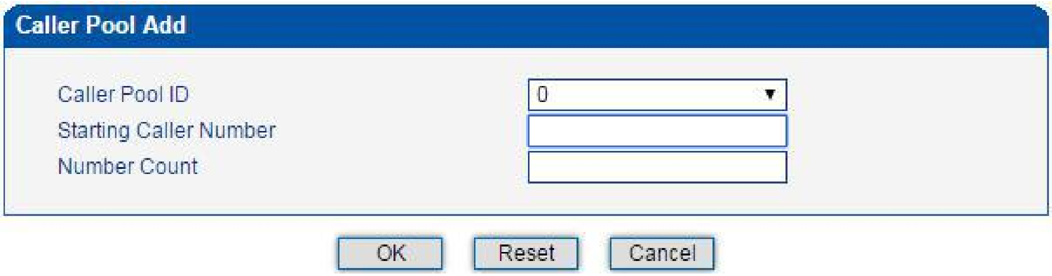
Note:	You can add 8 white or black lists at most, with ID from 0 to 7. And each white or black list can contain 1024 numbers at most.

4.11.2 Caller Pool

On the Caller Pool interface, you can add a batch of telephone numbers to replace the actual caller numbers when there is a need.

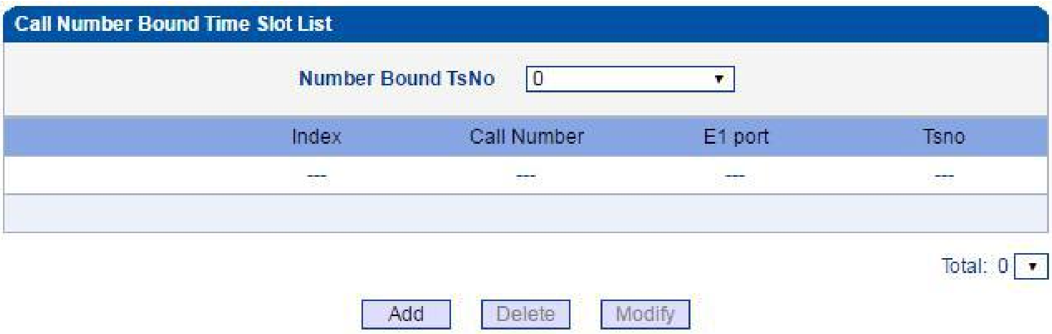


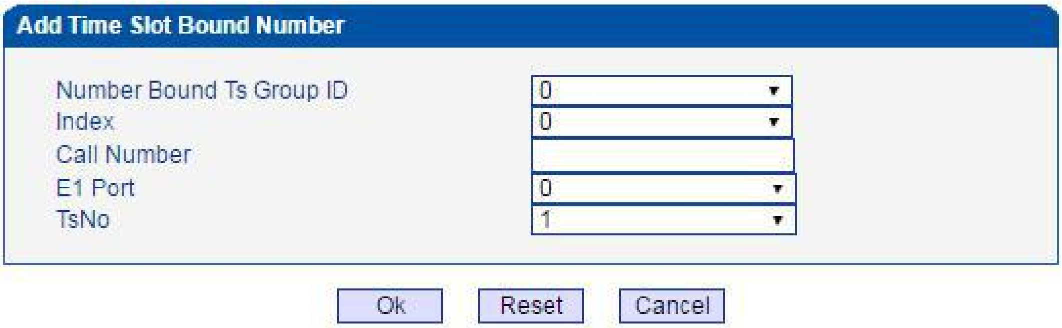
Click **Add** to set numbers in the caller pool.



Note:	If ‘Starting Caller Number’ is 80080000 and ‘Number Count’ is 100, it means numbers from 80080000 to 80080099 are all in the caller pool. Each caller poor can contain 512 numbers at most, and if there are multiple caller pools, the caller pools can contain up to 1024 numbers in total.

4.11.3 Number Bound TsNo

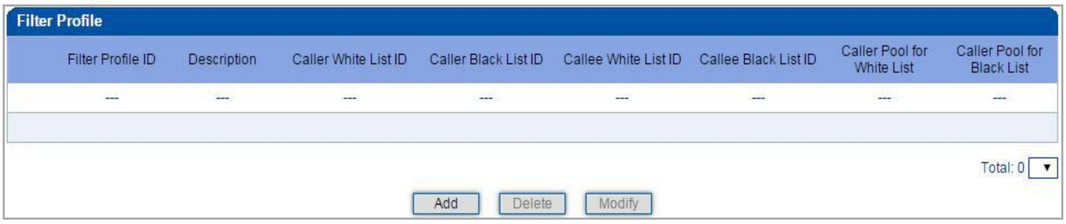


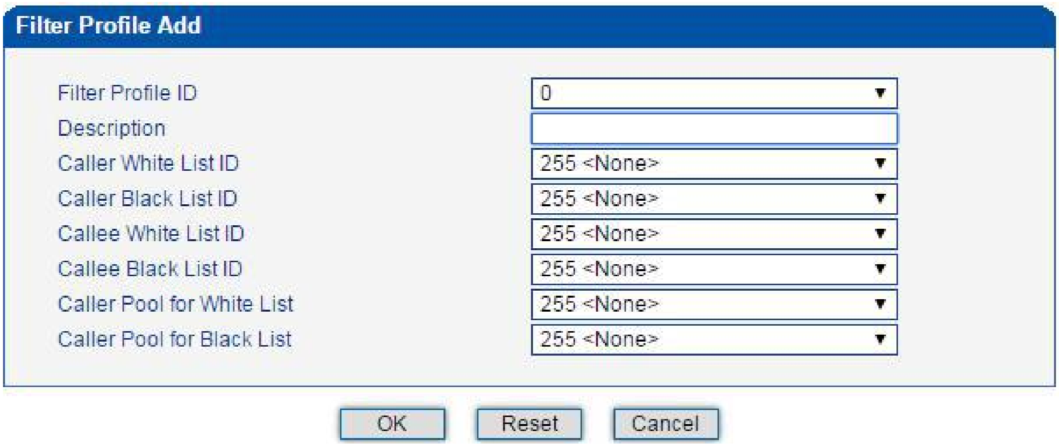


Each TsNo is bound to a number. If the called number is the bound TsNo, it means the call is normal. When the called number is not the bound TsNo, the MTG2000B device will reply “503” to refuse the call.

4.11.4 Filter Profile

On the Filter Profile interface, you can put white lists and black lists that have been set before in a filter profile or several profiles. The white lists and black lists will not take effect until you set them in filter profiles.





Select a white list ID, and the calls of the numbers on the white list will be passed. Select a black list ID, and the calls of the numbers on the black list will be prohibited.

If you select **255<None>**, it means no while lists or black lists are set in filter profile, and no numbers will be filtered.

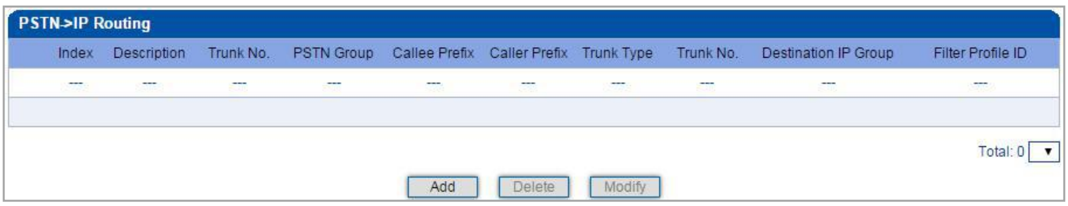
4.12 Call Routing

4.12.1 Routing Parameter

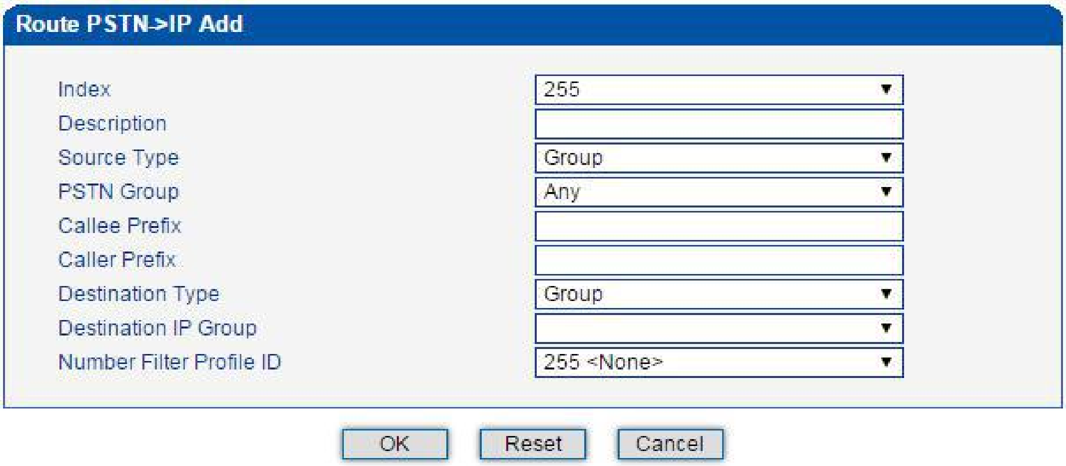
Belong To	Parameter	Explanation
Incoming Calls from IP	Routing Priority	There are two options: First IP ->PSTN, then IP ->IP First IP ->IP, then IP ->PSTN
	Routing & Manipulation	There are two options: Routing before Manipulation Routing after Manipulation
Incoming Calls from PSTN	Routing Priority	First PSTN ->IP, then PSTN ->PSTN
	Routing & Manipulation	There are two options: Routing before Manipulation Routing after Manipulation

4.12.2 PSTN -> IP Routing

On the **PSTN -> IP Routing** interface, you can set routing parameters for PSTN -> IP calls.



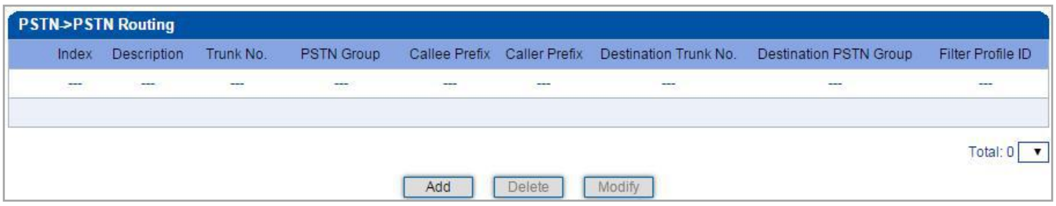
Click **Add**, and the following interface will be displayed.



Parameter	Explanation
Index	The Index of the PSTN -> IP route, from 0 to 255. Greater index value, higher priority for the route.
Description	The description of the PSTN -> IP route,
Source Type	Sources include PSTN group and PRI/SS7 trunk.
PSTN Group	If source is PSTN group, please select a specific PSTN group. If ‘Any’ is selected, it means the source is any PSTN group.
PSTN Trunk	If source is PSTN trunk, please select a specific PRI/SS7 trunk. If ‘Any’ is selected, it means the source is any PRI/SS7 trunk. .
Callee Prefix	The prefix configured for callee number. When a callee number matches the prefix, this PSTN -> IP route will be used. ‘.’ is a wildcard, which means this PSTN -> IP route will be used, no matter what the callee number is.
Caller Prefix	The prefix configured for caller number. When a caller number matches the prefix, this PSTN -> IP route will be used. ‘.’ is a wildcard, which means this PSTN -> IP route will be used, no matter what the caller number is.
Destination Type	Destination is IP group or SIP trunk.
Destination IP Group	If source is IP group, please select a specific IP group.
IP Trunk No.	If source is SIP trunk, please select a specific IP trunk.
Number Filter Profile ID	The ID of filter profile. The white lists and black lists set in the filter profile will apply to this PSTN -> IP route.

4.12.3 PSTN -> PSTN Routing

On the **PSTN** -> **PSTN Routing** interface, you can set routing parameters for PSTN -> PSTN calls.



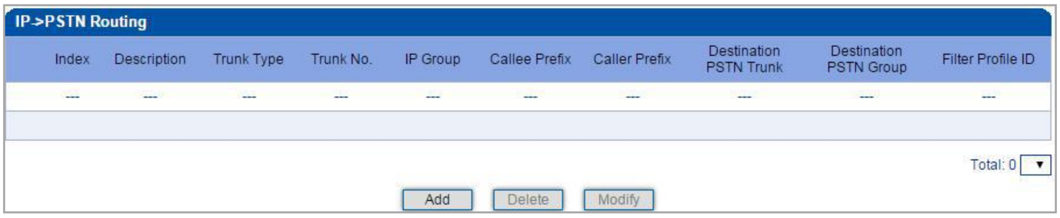
Click **Add**, and the following interface will be displayed.

Parameter	Explanation
Index	The Index of the PSTN -> PSTN route, from 0 to 255. Greater index value, higher priority for the route.
Description	The description of the PSTN -> PSTN route,
Source Type	Sources include PSTN group and PRI/SS7 trunk.
PSTN Group	If source is PSTN group, please select a specific PSTN group. If 'Any' is selected, it means the source is any PSTN group.
PSTN Trunk	If source is PSTN trunk, please select a specific PRI/SS7 trunk. If 'Any' is selected, it means the source is any PRI/SS7 trunk. .
Callee Prefix	The prefix configured for callee number. When a callee number matches the prefix, this PSTN -> IP route will be used. '.' is a wildcard, which means this PSTN -> PSTN route will be used, no matter what the callee number is.
Caller Prefix	The prefix configured for caller number. When a caller number matches the prefix, this PSTN -> PSTN route will be used. '.' is a wildcard, which means this PSTN -> PSTN route will be used, no matter what the caller number is.

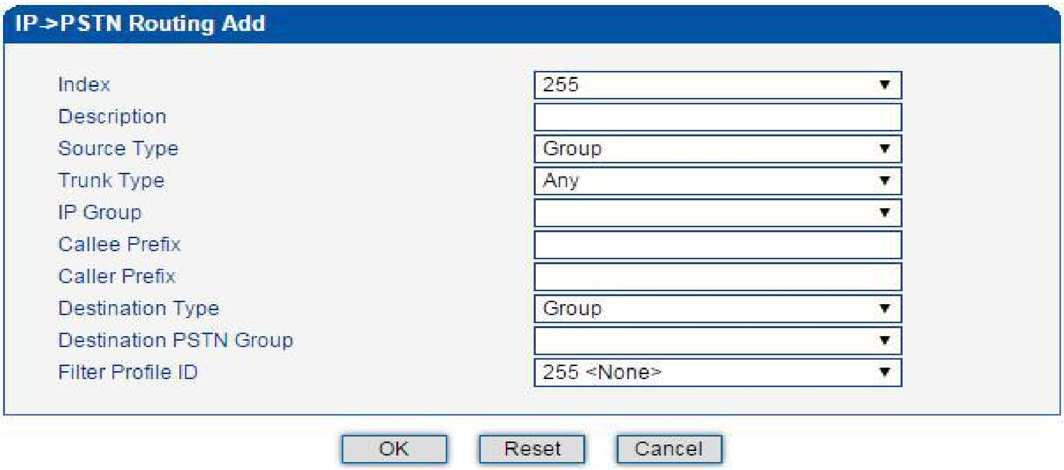
Destination Type	Destination is PSTN group or PRI/SS7 trunk.
Destination IP Group	If source is PSTN group, please select a specific PSTN group.
IP Trunk No.	If source is PRI/SS7 trunk, please select a specific PRI/SS7 trunk.
Number Filter Profile ID	The ID of filter profile. The white lists and black lists set in the filter profile will apply to this PSTN -> PSTN route.

4.12.4 IP -> PSTN Routing

On the **PSTN -> IP Routing** interface, you can set routing parameters for IP -> PSTN calls.



Click **Add**, and the following interface will be displayed.



Parameter	Explanation
Index	The Index of the IP -> PSTN route, from 0 to 255. Greater index value, higher priority for the route.
Description	The description of the IP -> PSTN route,
Source Type	Sources include IP group and IP trunk.
PSTN Group	If source is IP group, please select a specific IP group. If ‘Any’ is selected, it means the source is any IP group.

PSTN Trunk	If source is IP trunk, please select a specific SIP trunk. If ‘Any’ is selected, it means the source is any IP trunk. .
Callee Prefix	The prefix configured for callee number. When a callee number matches the prefix, this IP -> PSTN route will be used. ‘.’ is a wildcard, which means this IP -> PSTN route will be used, no matter what the callee number is.
Caller Prefix	The prefix configured for caller number. When a caller number matches the prefix, this IP -> PSTN route will be used. ‘.’ is a wildcard, which means this IP -> PSTN route will be used, no matter what the caller number is.
Destination Type	Destination is PSTN group or PRI/SS7 trunk.
Destination IP Group	If source is PSTN group, please select a specific PSTN group.
IP Trunk No.	If source is PRI/SS7 trunk, please select a specific PRI/SS7 trunk.
Number Filter Profile ID	The ID of filter profile. The white lists and black lists set in the filter profile will apply to this PSTN -> PSTN route.

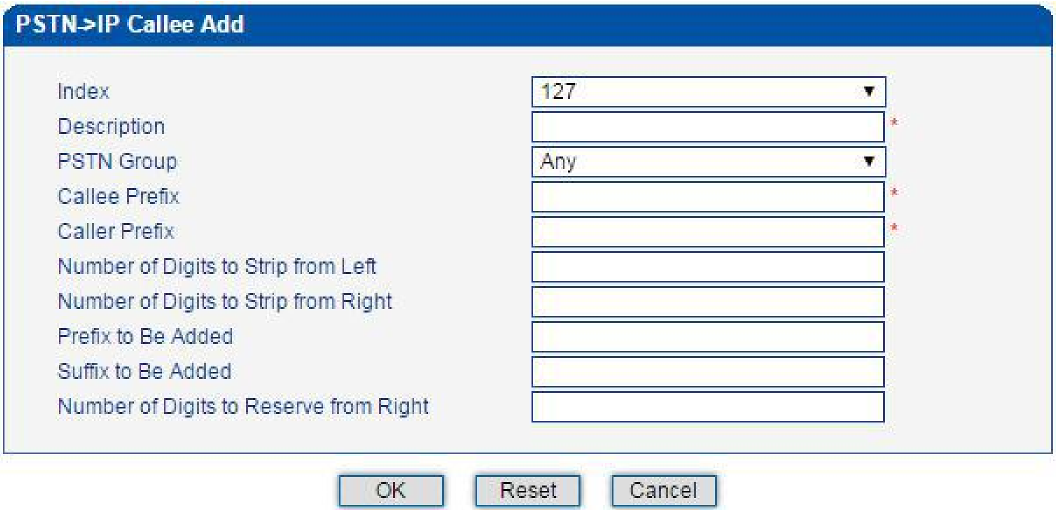
4.13 Number Manipulation

Number manipulation refers to the change of the caller number or callee number during calling process.

4.13.1 PSTN -> IP Callee

On the **PSTN** -> **IP Callee** interface, you can set rules to change the actual callee number during PSTN -> IP calling process.

Click **Add**, and the following interface will be displayed.



Parameter	Explanation
Index	The index of this PSTN -> IP callee number manipulation, from 0 to 127. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.
Description	The description of this PSTN -> IP callee number manipulation.
PSTN Group	Select a PSTN group. The callee number will be manipulated when a call uses a trunk of this PSTN group, actual callee prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix matches the set caller prefix. ‘Any’ means any PSTN group.
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.
Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number
Number of Digits to Strip from Left	The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the callee number.
Number of Digits to Strip from Right	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the callee number.
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the callee number after its digits are lessened.
Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the callee number after its digits are lessened.
Number of Digits to Reserve from Right	The number of the retained digits which. are counted from the right of the callee number.

For example:

✧ If the called number is 25026531014, how do you change it into 026531014 ?

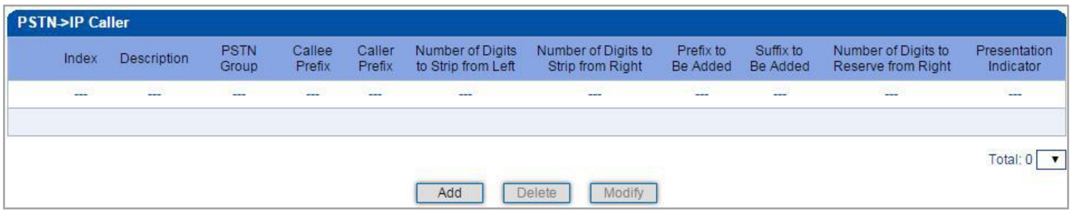
✧ You can enter ‘3’ in the value box for the ‘Number of Digits to Strip from Left’ parameter.

✧ If the called number is 2653101413, how do you change it into 00912653101413?

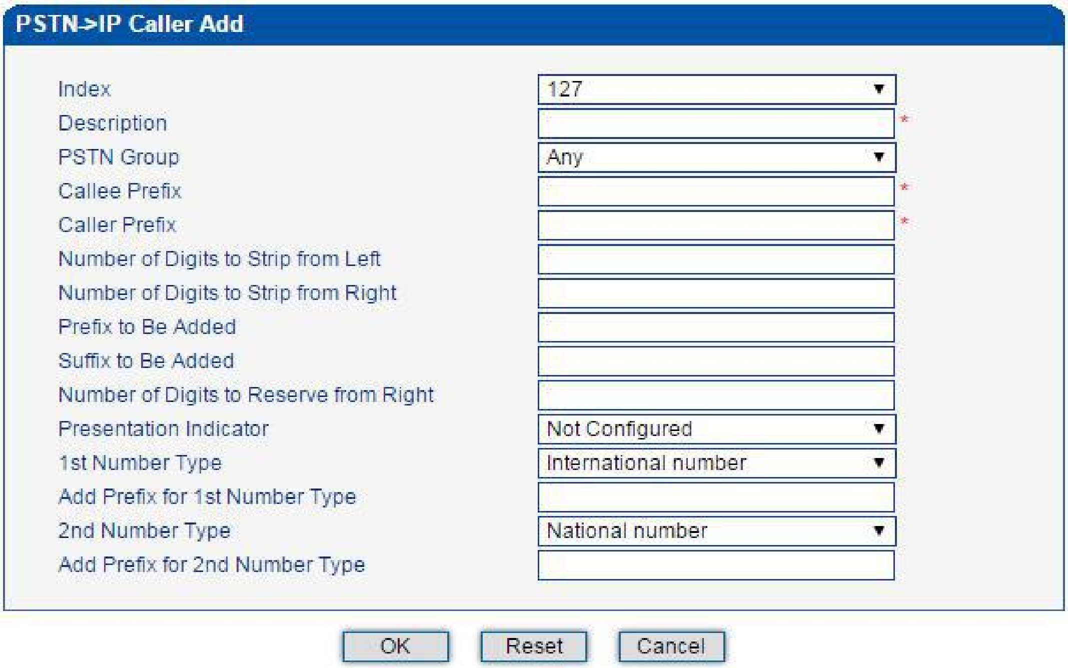
✧ You can enter ‘0091’in the value box for the ‘Callee Prefix’parameter.

4.13.2 PSTN -> IP Caller

On the **PSTN -> IP Caller** interface, you can set rules to change the actual caller number during PSTN -> IP calling process.



Click **Add**, and the following interface will be displayed.



Parameter	Explanation
Index	The index of this PSTN -> IP caller number manipulation, from 0 to 127. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.
Description	The description of this PSTN-> IP caller number manipulation.
PSTN Group	Select a PSTN group. The caller number will be manipulated when a call uses a trunk of this PSTN group, actual callee prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix matches the set caller prefix. ‘Any’ means any PSTN group.
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.

Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number.
Number of Digits to Strip from Left	The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the caller number.
Number of Digits to Strip from Right	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the caller number.
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the caller number after its digits are lessened.
Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the caller number after its digits are lessened.
Number of Digits to Reserve from Right	The number of the retained digits which. are counted from the right of the caller number.
Presentation Indicator	If “Allowed” is selected, the calling number will be presented. If “Restricted” is selected, the calling number will not be presented. If “Not Config” is selected, the parameter does not work.
1^{st} Number Type	If the caller number belongs to 1^{st} number type, the set prefix will be added to the caller number.
Add Prefix for 1^{st} Number Type	The prefix that will be added to those numbers that belong to 1^{st} number type.
2^{nd} Number Type	If the caller number belongs to 2^{nd} number type, the set prefix will be added to the caller number.
Add Prefix for 2nd Number Type	The prefix that will be added to those numbers that belong to 2^{nd} number type.

4.13.3 PSTN -> PSTN Callee

On the **PSTN** -> **PSTN Callee** interface, you can set rules to change the actual callee number during PSTN -> PSTN calling process.

Click **Add,** and the following interface will be displayed.

Parameter	Explanation
Index	The index of this PSTN -> PSTN callee number manipulation, from 0 to 127. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.
Description	The description of this PSTN-> PSTN callee number manipulation
PSTN Group	Select a PSTN group. The callee number will be manipulated when a call uses a trunk of this PSTN group, actual callee prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix matches the set caller prefix. ‘Any’ means any PSTN group.
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.
Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number.
Number of Digits to Strip from Left	The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the callee number.
Number of Digits to Strip from Right	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the callee number.
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the callee number after its digits are lessened.
Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the callee number after its digits are lessened.
Number of Digits to Reserve from Right	The number of the retained digits which. are counted from the right of the callee number.
Number Type	The type of the callee number. Options include ‘Not Config’, ‘International’, ‘National’, ‘Unknown’, ‘Network Specific’, ‘Subscriber’ and ‘Abbreviated’.

4.13.4 PSTN -> PSTN Caller

On the PSTN -> PSTN Caller interface, you can set rules to change the actual caller number during PSTN -> PSTN calling process.

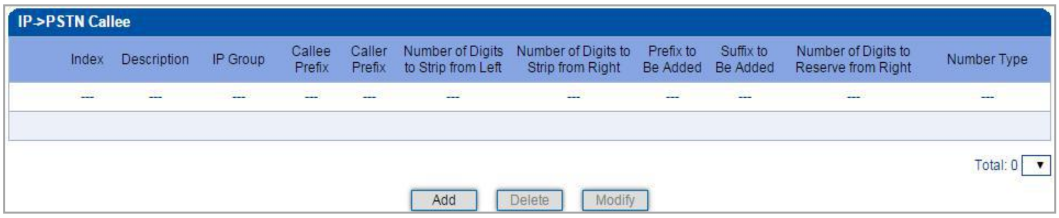
Click **Add**, and the following interface will be displayed.

Parameter	**Explanation**
Index	The index of this PSTN -> PSTN caller number manipulation, from 0 to 127. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.
Description	The description of this PSTN -> PSTN caller number manipulation.
PSTN Group	Select a PSTN group. The caller number will be manipulated when a call uses a trunk of this PSTN group, actual callee prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix matches the set caller prefix. 'Any' means any PSTN group.
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.
Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number.
Number of Digits to Strip from Left	The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the caller number.
Number of Digits to Strip from Right	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the caller number.
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the caller number after its digits are lessened.

Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the caller number after its digits are lessened.
Number of Digits to Reserve from Right	The number of the retained digits which. are counted from the right of the caller number.
Presentation Indicator	If "Allowed" is selected, the calling number will be presented. If "Restricted" is selected, the calling number will not be presented. If "Not Config" is selected, the parameter does not work.
Number Type	The type of the caller number. Options include 'Not Config', 'International', 'National', 'Unknown', 'Network Specific', 'Subscriber' and 'Abbreviated'.

4.13.5 IP -> PSTN Callee

On the **IP** -> **PSTN Callee** interface, you can set rules to change the actual callee number during IP -> PSTN calling process.



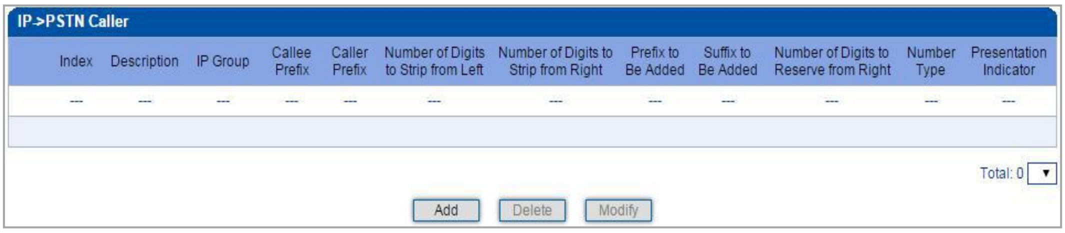
Click **Add,** and the following interface will be displayed.

Parameter	Explanation
Index	The index of this IP -> PSTN callee number manipulation, from 0 to 127. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.

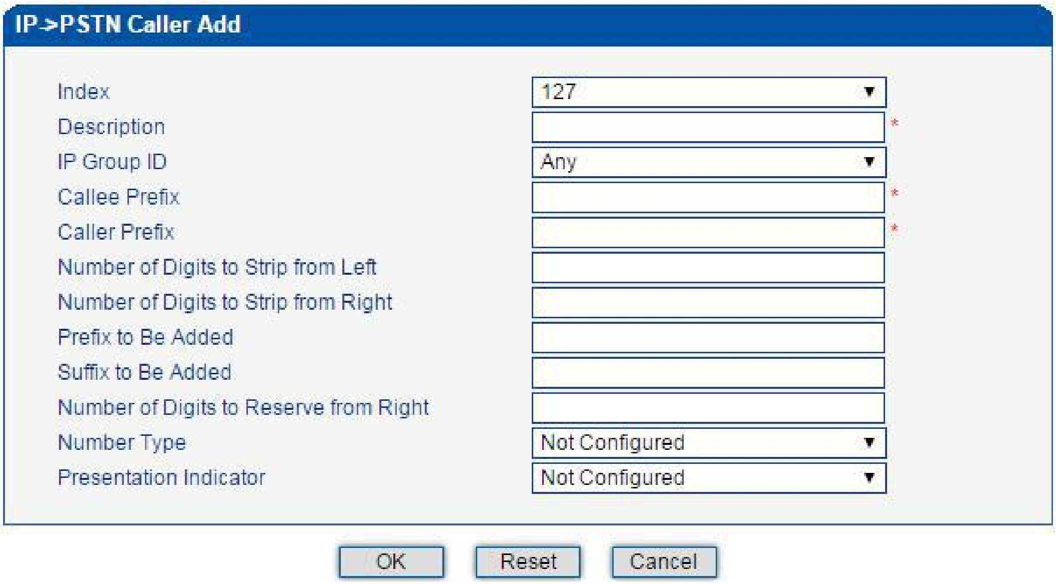
Description	The description of this IP -> PSTN callee number manipulation.
IP Group	Select an IP group. The callee number will be manipulated when a call uses a trunk of this IP group, actual callee prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix matches the set caller prefix. 'Any' means any IP group.
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.
Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number.
Number of Digits to Strip from Left	The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the caller number.
Number of Digits to Strip from Right	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the caller number.
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the callee number after its digits are lessened.
Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the callee number after its digits are lessened.
Number of Digits to Reserve from Right	The number of the retained digits which. are counted from the right of the callee number.
Number Type	The type of the callee number. Options include 'Not Config', 'International', 'National', 'Unknown', 'Network Specific', 'Subscriber' and 'Abbreviated'.

4.13.6 IP -> PSTN Caller

On the **IP -> PSTN Caller** interface, you can set rules to change the actual caller number during IP -> PSTN calling process.



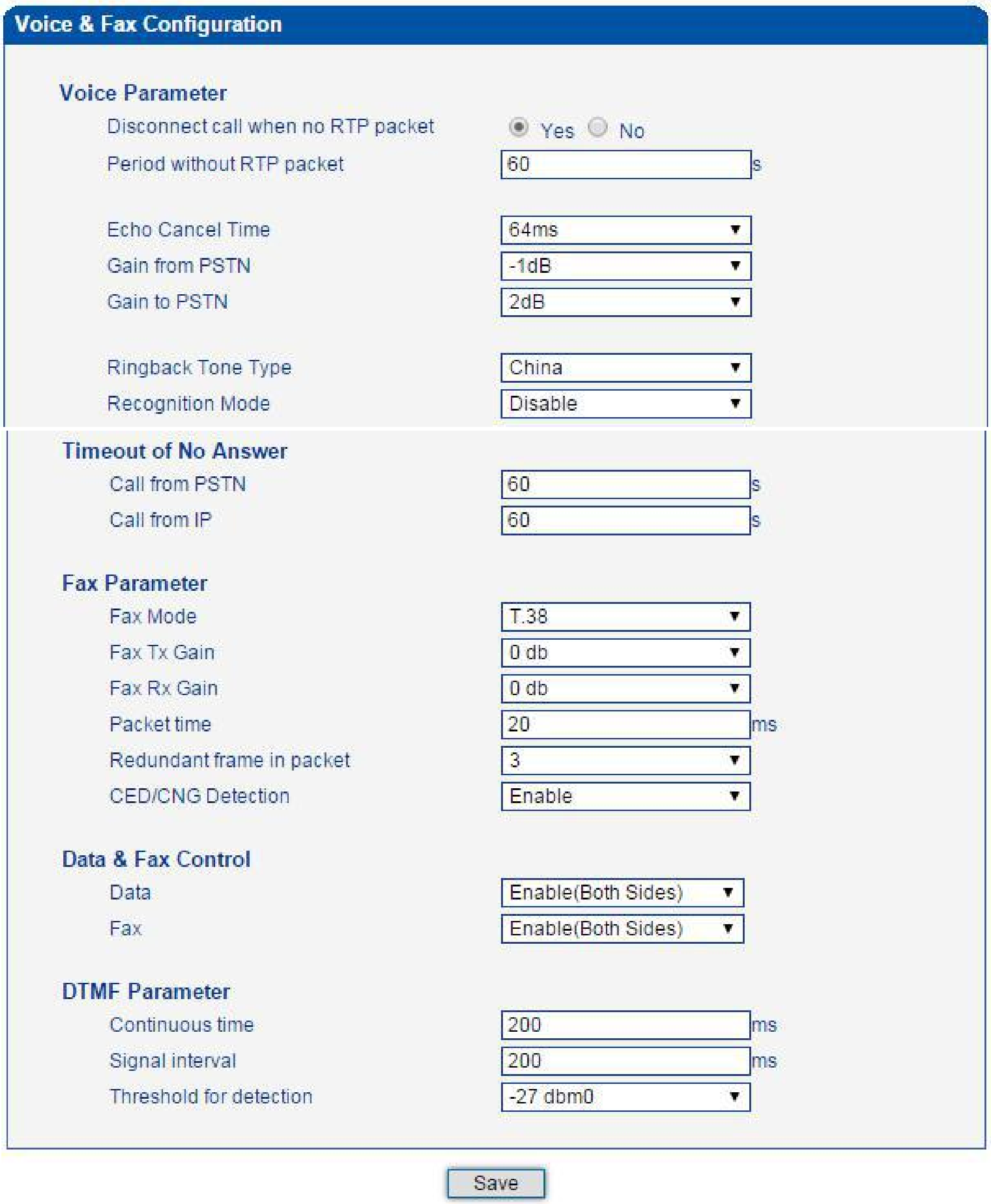
Click **Add**, and the following interface will be displayed.



Parameter	Explanation
Index	The index of this IP -> PSTN caller number manipulation, from 0 to 127. Each index cannot be used repeatedly.
Description	The description of this IP -> PSTN caller number manipulation.
IP Group	Select an IP group. The caller number will be manipulated when a call uses a trunk of this IP group, actual callee prefix matches the set callee prefix, and actual caller prefix matches the set caller prefix. 'Any' means any IP group.
Callee Prefix	Set a prefix for the callee number.
Caller Prefix	Set a prefix for the caller number.
Number of Digits to Strip from Left	The number of digits which are lessened from the left of the caller number.
Number of Digits to Strip from Right	The number of digits which are lessened from the right of the caller number.
Prefix to be added	The prefix added to the caller number after its digits are lessened.
Suffix to be added	The suffix added to the caller number after its digits are lessened.
Number of Digits to Reserve from Right	The number of the retained digits which. are counted from the right of the caller number.
Presentation Indicator	If "Allowed" is selected, the calling number will be presented. If "Restricted" is selected, the calling number will not be presented. If "Not Config" is selected, the parameter does not work.

Number Type	The type of the caller number. Options include ‘Not Config’, ‘International’, ‘National’, ‘Unknown’, ‘Network Specific’, ‘Subscriber’ and ‘Abbreviated’.

4.14 Voice & Fax

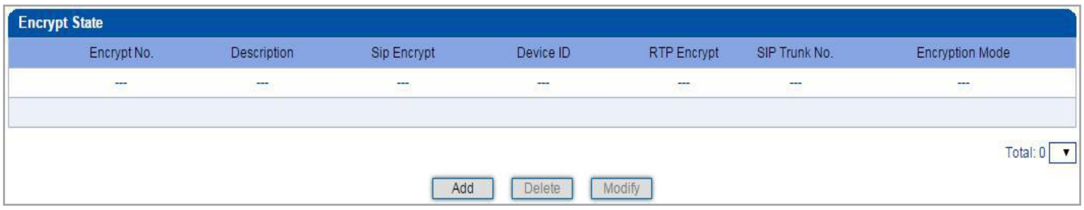


Belong to	Parameter	Explanation
Voice Parameter	Disconnect call when no RTP packet	Options include 'Yes' and 'No'. If 'Yes' is selected, the call will be disconnected when it is detected that the call's silence time is longer than the set maximum time without receiving RTP packets.
	Period without RTP packet	The set maximum time without receiving RTP packets. Default value is 60 seconds.
	Echo Cancel Time	The interval to remove echo from a voice communication. Options include 32ms, 64ms and 128ms.
	Gain from PSTN	The voice gain from PSTN to IP direction Default value is -1dB.
	Gain to PSTN	The voice gain from IP to PSTN direction Default value is 2dB .
	Ringback Tone Type	Local ringback tone.
	Recognition Mode	Whether to recognize voice when prompt tone is played.
Timeout of No Answer	Call from PSTN	The maximum time of no answer for calls from PSTN.
	Call from IP	The maximum time of no answer for calls from IP Network.
Fax Parameter	Fax Mode	Options include T.38, Pass-through and Adaptive. Default value is T.38. Adaptive means auto negotiate with peer side.
	Fax Tx Gain	Gain of sending a fax.
	Fax Rx Gain	Gain of receiving a fax.
	Packet time	The time for data packing.
	Redundant frame in Packet	The length of frame in RTP packet.
	CED/CNG Detection	Whether to detect CED/CNG.
Data & Fax Control	Data	Whether to enable voice data service on the MTG2000B.
	Fax	Whether to enable fax service on the MTG2000B.
	Continuous time	The duration of a DTMF signal .

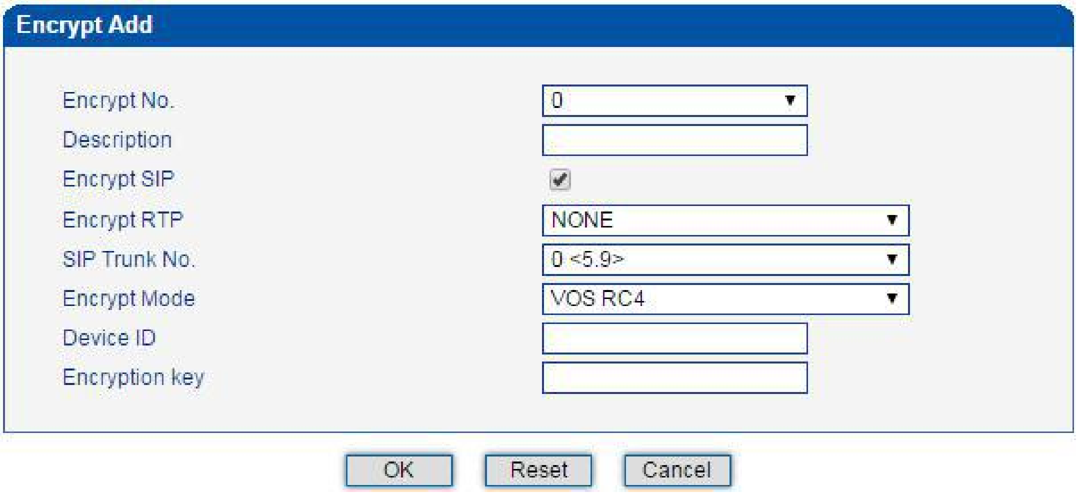
DTMF Parameter	Signal Interval	The interval between two DTMF signals.
	Threshold for Detection	The signal detection threshold.

4.15 Encrypt Config

On the **Encrypt Config** interface, you can set parameters related to encryption.



Click **Add**, and the following interface will be displayed.



Parameter	Explanation
Encrypt No.	The No. of this encryption.
Description	The description of this encryption.
Encrypt SIP	Whether to encrypt SIP message.
Encrypt RTP	Whether to encrypt RTP packet.
SIP Trunk No.	The No. of the SIP trunk that transmits the SIP message to be encrypted.
Encrypt Mode	Only support VOS RC4 at present.
Device ID	The ID of the SIP account to which the SIP trunk belongs.

4.16 Maintenance

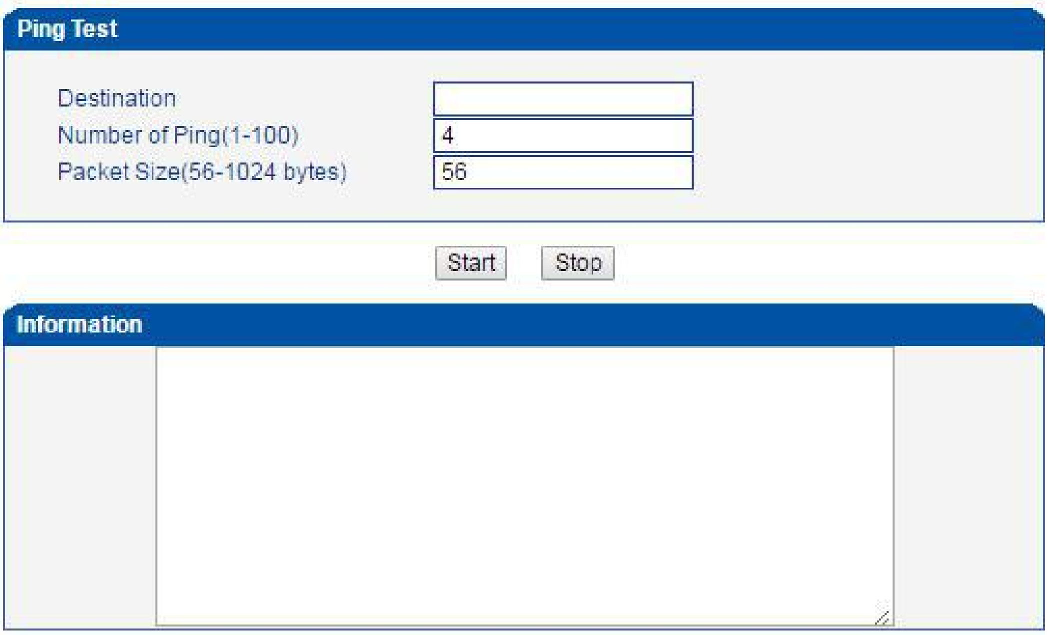
4.16.1 Ping Test

Ping is used to examine whether a network works normally through sending test packets and calculating response time.

Instructions for using Ping:

1) Enter the IP address or domain name of a network, a website or a device in the input box of destination, and then click **Start.**

2) If related messages are received, it means the network works normally; otherwise, the network is not connected or is connected faultily.



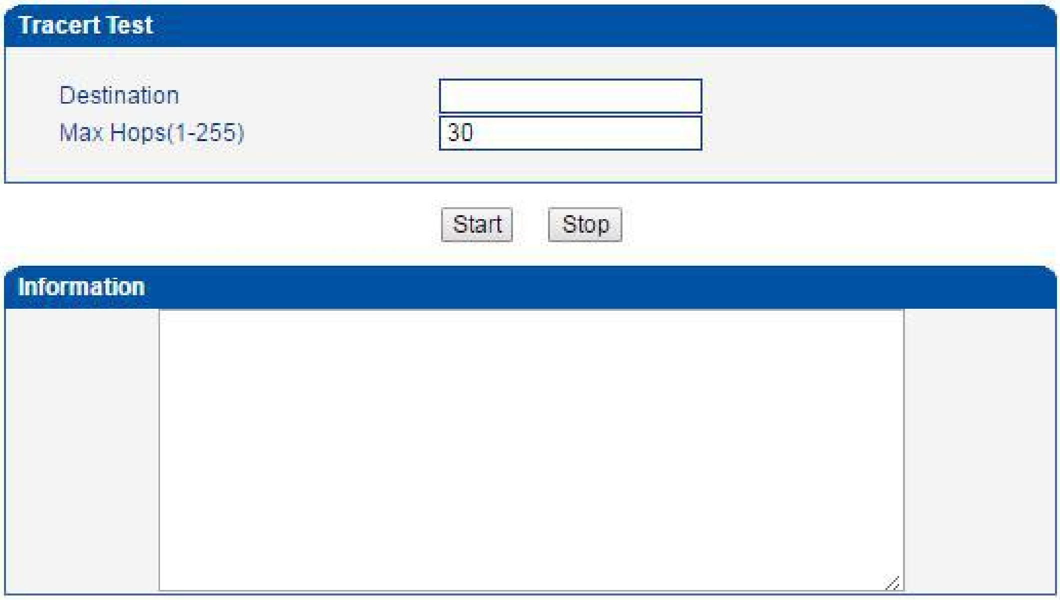
4.16.2 Tracert Test

Tracert Test is used to determine a route from one IP address to another.

Instruction for using Traceroute:

1) Enter the IP address or domain name of a destination device in the input box of Destination, and then click Start.

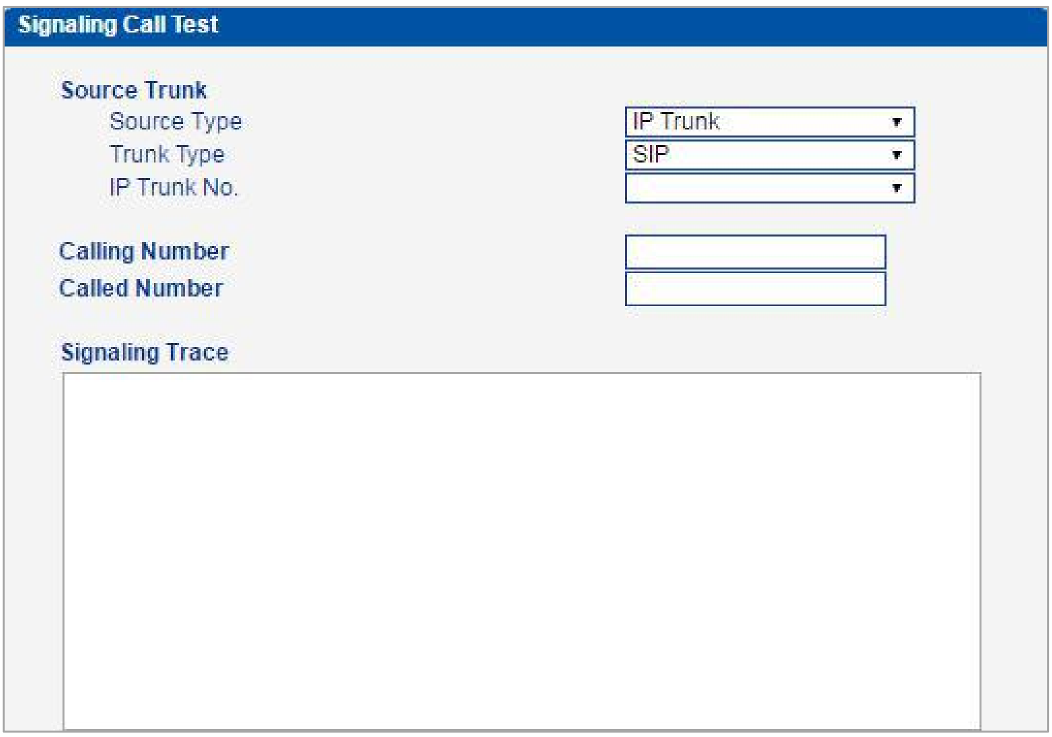
2) View the route information from the returned message.



4.16.3 Signaling Call Test

On the **Signaling Call Test** interface, you can test whether the signaling of a call is successfully connected. You need to select the source type, trunk type and IP trunk No. of the call, and enter the calling number and called number. If the signaling of a call fails, you can find out where errors have occurred through the messages returned in the **Signaling Trace** box.

Signaling Call test is used to help locate the reason for a failed call. It is used to test the signaling of a **PSTN->IP or PSTN->IP** call and check whether the connection is normal or not.

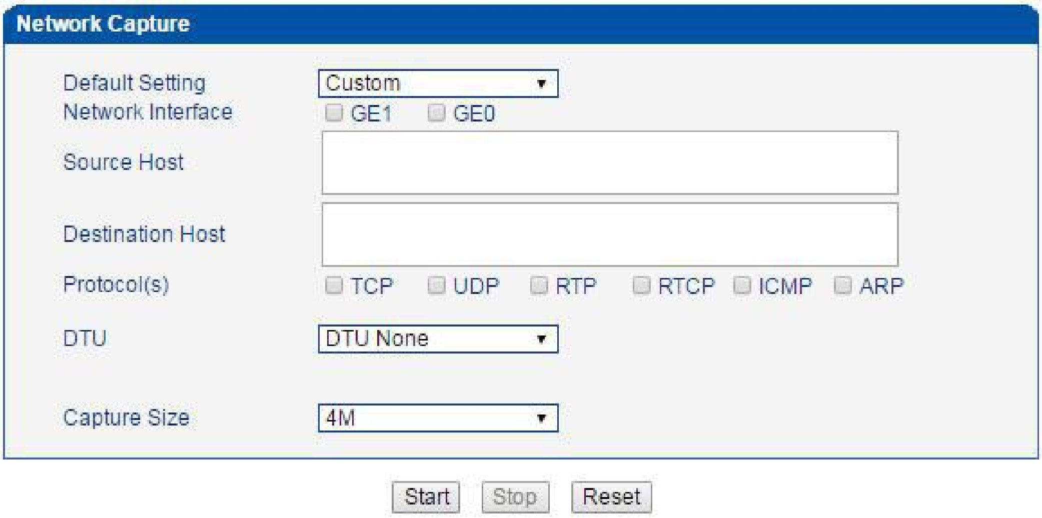


4.16.4 Network Capture

On the following interface, you can capture data packages of the available network ports. You can also set source host and destination host to capture the packages that you want.

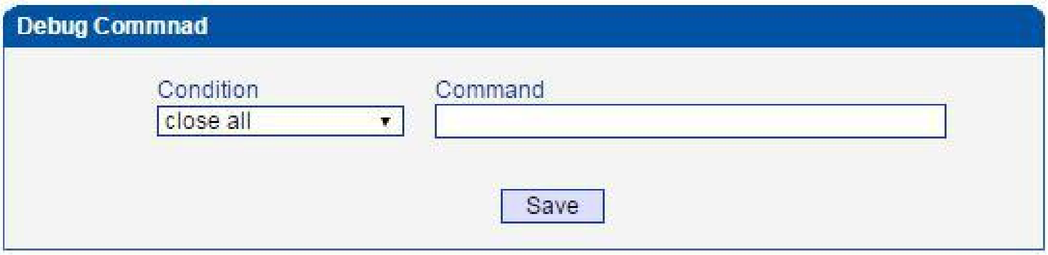
Note: If there are multiple source or destination IP addresses, please use '|' to separate them, for example, 172.16.115.12|172.16.115.15.

After package capturing is completed, save the captured packages on a computer and then use a tool to analyze them.



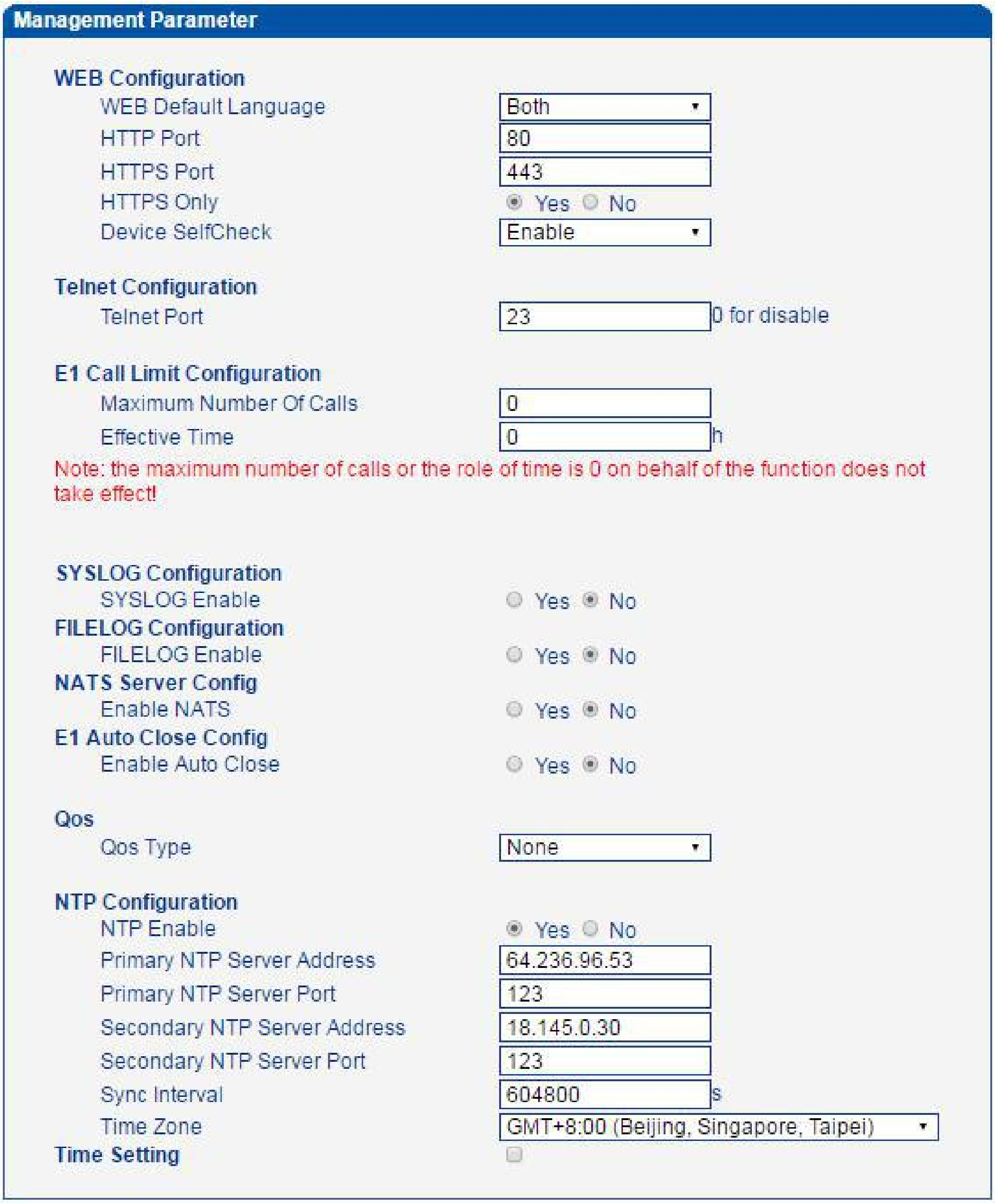
4.16.5 Debug Command

At present, only 'closing all' is supported. 'close all' means to close all the tracing.



4.17 Management

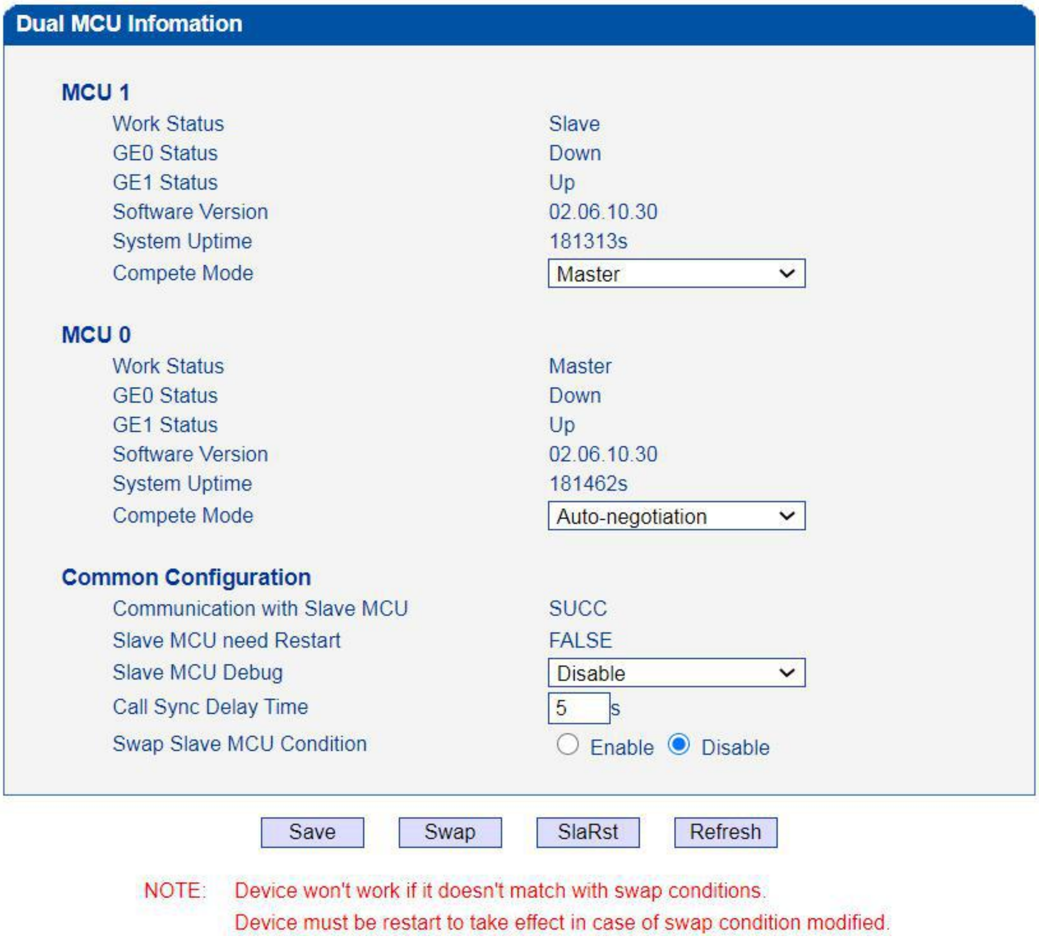
4.17.1 Management Parameter



Belong to	Parameter	Explanation
WEB Configuration	WEB Default Language	Configure web page display language (Both/ English/ Chinese).
	HTTP Port	The default port of the HTTP service is 80.
	HTTPS Port	HTTPS port The default port of the HTTPS service is 443.

	HTTPS Only	Only allow HTTPS connections. When enabled, HTTP cannot access the device.
Telnet Configuration	Telnet Port	The default port of the local Telnet is 23, 0 is disabled.
E1 Call Limit Configuration	Maximum Number of Calls	The maximum number of calls within the effective time, 0 means the function does not take effect.
	Effective time	The effective time to limit the maximum number of calls, 0 means the function is not effective, and the E1 call limit configuration takes effect for each E1.
SYSLOG Configuration	SYSLOG Enable	To send logs of the corresponding to the SYSLOG server.
FILELOG Configuration	FILELOG Enable	To save the log of the device, which can be downloaded in the data download.
NATS Server Config	NATS Enable	To send bills to NATS server.
E1 Auto Close Config	Enable Auto Close	E1 port will be automatically closed when the detection conditions are met.
Qos	Qos Type	Do not enable /DS, whether to enable Qos service, not enabled by default.
NTP Configuration	NTP Enable	Whether to enable NTP to synchronize the system time, it is enabled by default.
	Primary NTP Server Address	Primary NTP server address.
	Primary NTP Server Port	The default port of the primary NTP server is 123.
	Secondary NTP Server Address	The address of the secondary NTP server.
	Secondary NTP Server Port	The default port of the secondary NTP server is 123.
	Sync Interval	The time period of system detection.
	Time Zone	Select the time zone where the current device is located.
Time Setting	Time Setting	Tick Enable and enter the date and time, the date and time meet the standard, and the set time cannot be too far away from the current time of the device.

4.17.2 Dual MCUCard Parameter



Parameter	Explanation
Slave MCU Debug	If enabled, rpc_trace trace information will be displayed through the slave MCU port.
Call Sync Delay Time	Calls longer than the configured time will be normal after the master/slave MCU switch.
Swap Slave MCU Condition	After enabling, network abnormality triggers the switch of master/slave MCU.
Communication Status	Multiple options（GE0/GE1），unplugging and plugging of the network cable of the master MCU port will trigger the master/slave switch.

4.17.3 Server Parameter

Belong to	Parameter	Explanation
Authentication Configuration	Authentication Enable	After enabling, the device will authenticate the server and send call bills.
Record Configuration	Recording Enable	After enabling, the device sends the media stream to the recording server to generate a recording file.
recognition configuration	Enable voice recognition.	After enabling, the device sends the media stream to the recognition server for voice recognition.

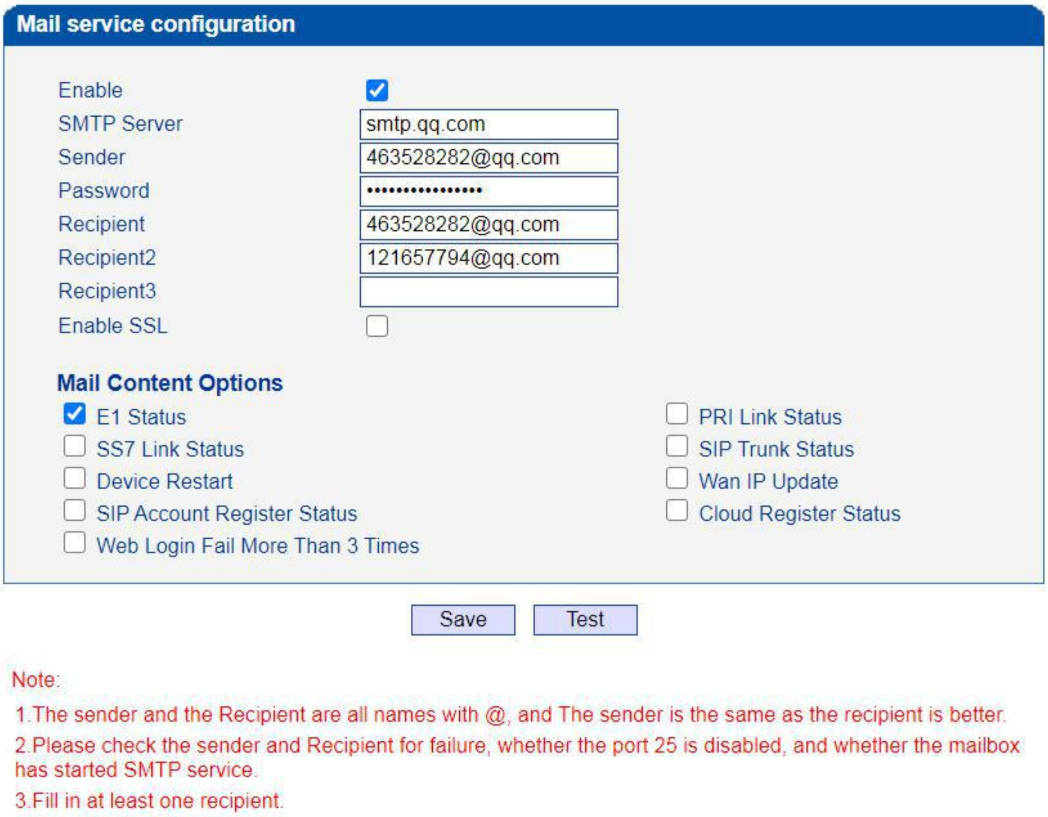
4.17.4 Cloud Server

User can register the MTG2000B device to cloud server, and then the gateway will be managed by cloud server.

Parameter	Explanation
Domain	The address of the cloud server, the public network cloud server is www.dmcld.com
Port	The port to connect to the cloud server, the public network cloud server port is 2020.
Password	Password can be empty.

4.17.5 Mail Server

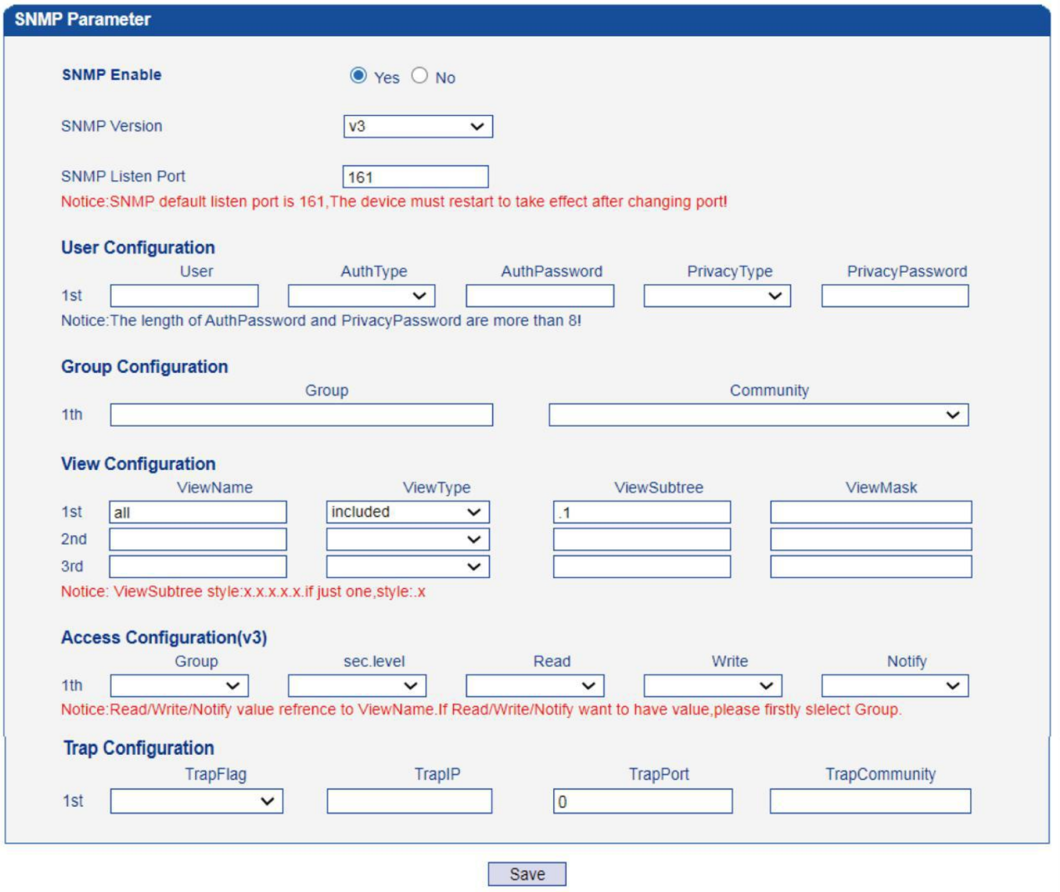
After enabling the mail service, it can send device alarm emails to specific recipients through email servers such as 163 and qq.



Parameter	Explanation
SMTP Server	Email server address (such as smtp.163.com).
Sender	The sender of the alert email (need to enable SMTP).
Password	Authorization password of the sender.
Recipient	Recipient email address.
Enable SSL	The mail is encrypted via SSL.
Email Content Options	Select the subject of the message.

4.17.6 SNMP Parameter

SNMP is a network management standard based on the TCP/IP protocol suite. It is a standard protocol for managing network nodes (such as servers, workstations, routers, switches, etc.) in an IP network. SNMP can enable network administrators to improve network management efficiency, discover and solve network problems in time. Network administrators can also receive notification messages from network nodes and alarm event reports through SNMP to learn network problems. After the device is connected to the SNMP server, you can view and set of the device on the SNMP server, and view the device alarms.

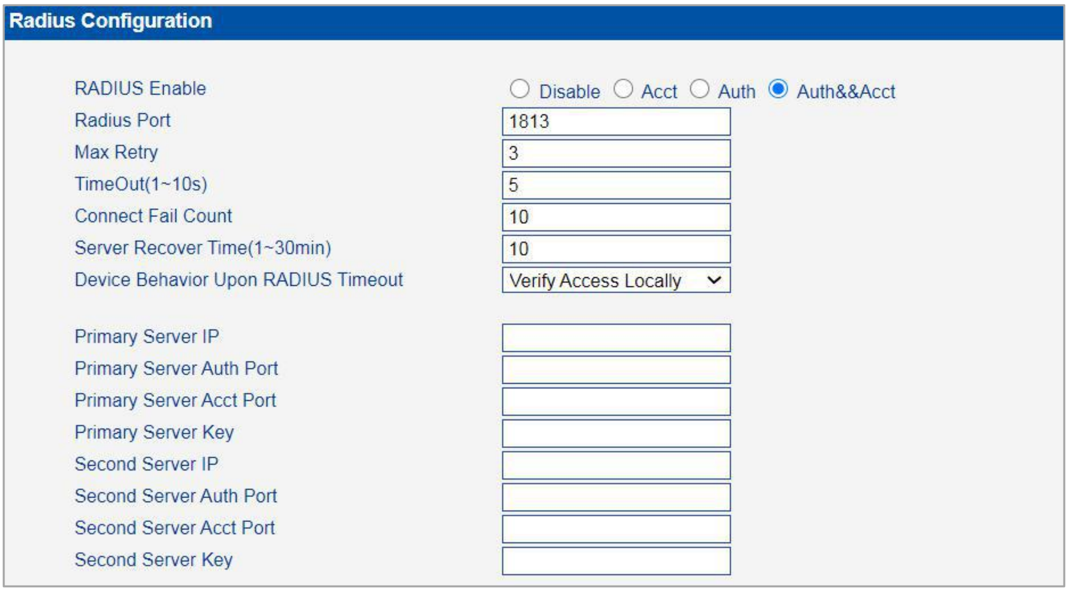


Belong to	Parameter	Explanation
SNMP Version	SNMP Version	v1/v2c/v3
SNMP Listen Port	SNMP Listen Port	The device SNMP listening port is 161 by default, and it will take effect after modification.
User Configuration	User	Same as the user name set on the SNMP server.
	Auth Type	MD5/SHA, consistent with the setting on the SNMP server.
	Auth Password	The password is consistent with the setting on the SNMP server.
	Privacy Type	DES/AES/AES128, consistent with the setting on the SNMP server.
	Privacy Password	The password is the same as that set on the SNMP server.
Group Configuration	Group	Custom group name .
	Community	The community configured above.
View	View Name	Custom

Configuration	View Type	included/excluded
	Mib Subtree	The Root OID of the Mib Subtree, in the format x.x.x.x.x. If there is only one x, the format is x.
	View Mask	The mask and the OID of the mib tree are expressed in hexadecimal to determine the range of a view. After translating into binary, each bit corresponds to a bar in the OID. 1 means exact match, and 0 means general.
Access Configuration (v3)	Group	Choose a group name from the ones configured above.
	Sec. Level	Authnopriv/authpriv, the encryption type and encryption password will be empty. When the security level is authpriv, the encryption type and encryption password will be empty.
	Read	Select from the configured views above.
	Write	Select from the configured views above.
	Notify	Select from the configured views above.
Trap Configuration	Trap Flag	V1/V2c/inform
	Trap IP	The address of SNMP trap.
	Trap Port	SNMP trap port.
	Trap Community	Consistent with the configuration of the SNMP platform, it can be empty.

4.17.7 Radius Parameter

The RADIUS server is responsible for receiving the user's connection request, authenticating the user, and then returning all the necessary configuration information to send the service to the user. After the device is connected to the radius server, it can authenticate the device login and charge the device call.

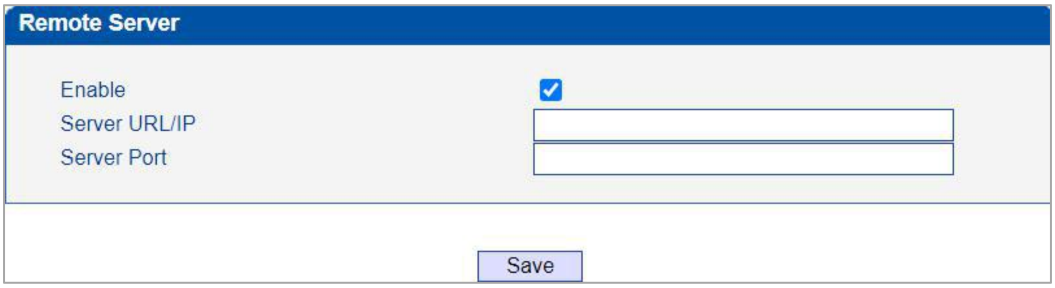


Parameter	Explanation
RADIUS Enable	Select RADIUS service： Disable/ Acct/ Auth/ Acct&Auth.
Radius Port	The port for connection and communication between the device and the radius server (the default is 1813).
Max Retry	The number of retry when the device does not receive a reply after sending a radius request.
Timeout (1~10 seconds)	The time interval between no reply after the device sends a radius request and retransmission of the radius request.
Connect Fail Count	Only used in Acct mode, and the configured count of connect fail does not receive a response, and the device automatically sets the radius server to the dead state.
Server Recovery Time (1~30 min)	After setting the recovery time, the radius server status changes from dead to active.
Device Behavior Upon RADIUS Timeout	Local verification/login refused; local verification–radius server authentication timeout, verify whether the user name and password are consistent with the registered, if they are, the access to the device is successful, if not, the user name/password error will be prompted. Login is refused–Radius server authentication timeout directly denies access, prompting user name/password error.
Primary Server IP	Primary radius server address.
Primary Server Auth Port	Primary radius server authentication port.
Primary Server Acct Port	Primary radius server Acct port.
Master Server Key	Master radius server key.
Second Server IP	Second radius server address.
Second Server	Second radius server authentication port.

Auth Port	
Second Server Acct Port	Second radius server Acct port.
Second Server Key	Second radius server key.

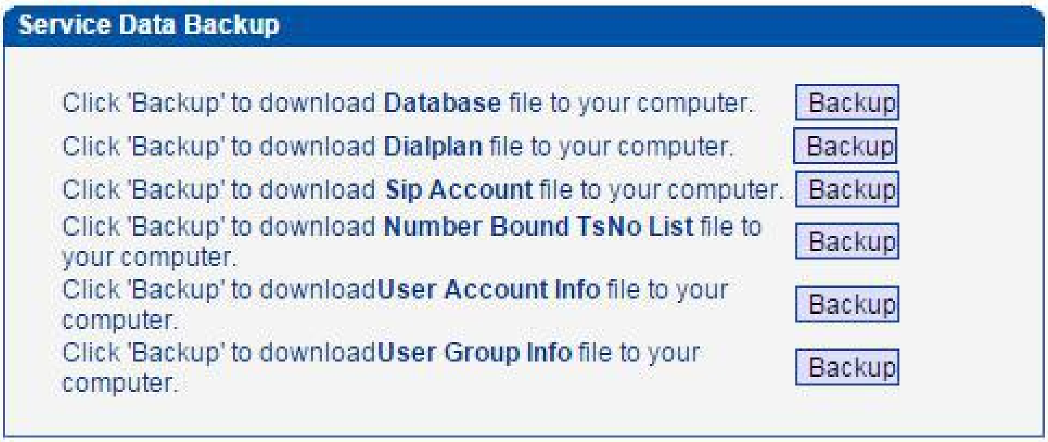
4.17.8 Remote Server

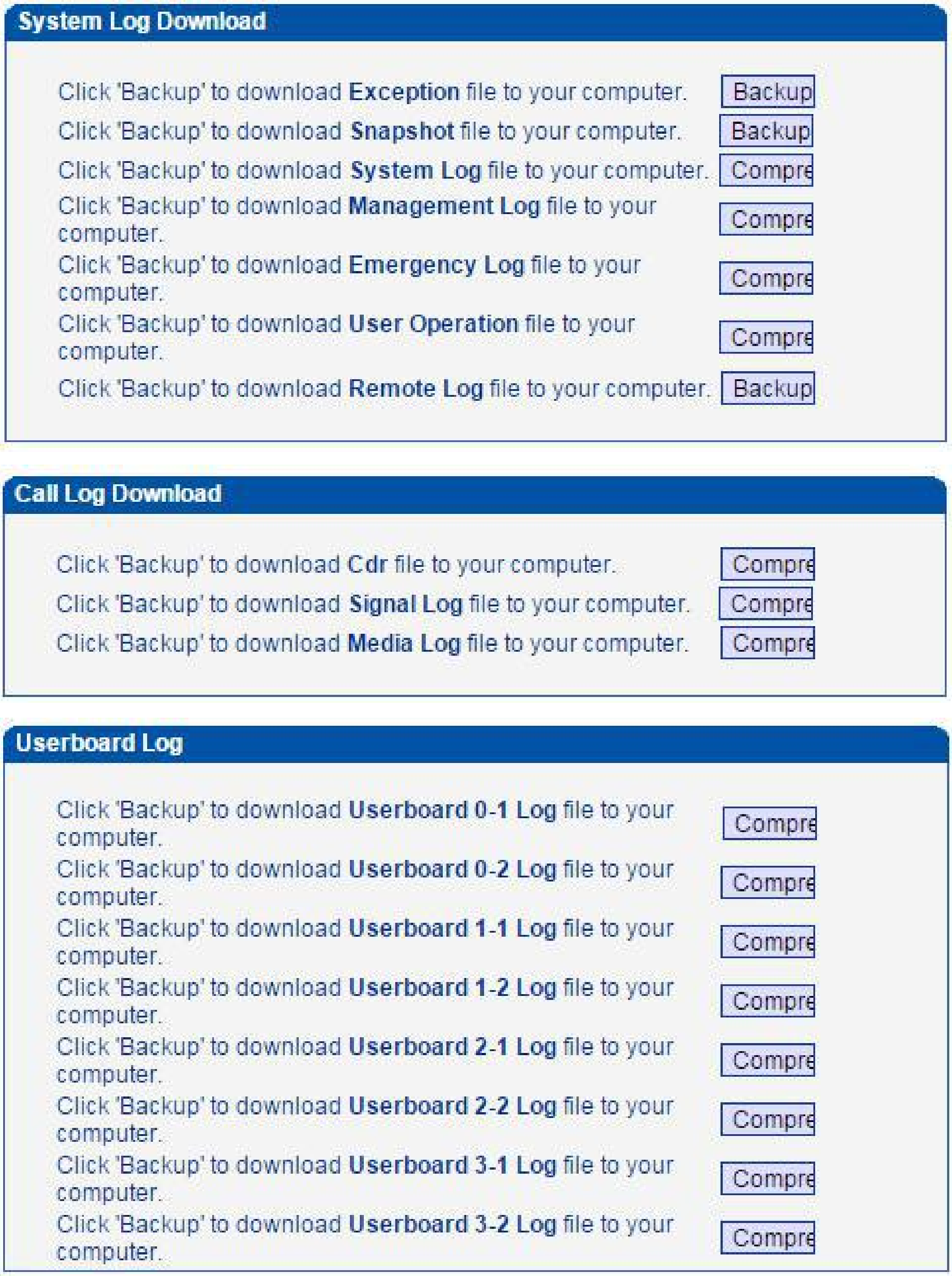
After connected to the server, you can log in to the web management platform of the device through the server.



4.17.9 Data Download

Through data download, service data, system logs, call logs, userboard logs, etc. can be saved to the local computer.




System Log Download
Click 'Backup' to download Exception file to your computer.
Backup
Click 'Backup' to download Snapshot file to your computer.
Backup
Click 'Backup' to download System Log file to your computer.
Compre
Click 'Backup' to download Management Log file to your computer.
Compre
Click 'Backup' to download Emergency Log file to your computer.
Compre
Click 'Backup' to download User Operation file to your computer.
Compre
Click 'Backup' to download Remote Log file to your computer.
Backup
Call Log Download
Click 'Backup' to download Cdr file to your computer.
Compre
Click 'Backup' to download Signal Log file to your computer.
Compre
Click 'Backup' to download Media Log file to your computer.
Compre
Userboard Log
Click 'Backup' to download Userboard 0-1 Log file to your computer.
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Click 'Backup' to download Userboard 0-2 Log file to your computer.
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Click 'Backup' to download Userboard 1-1 Log file to your computer.
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Click 'Backup' to download Userboard 1-2 Log file to your computer.
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Click 'Backup' to download Userboard 2-1 Log file to your computer.
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Click 'Backup' to download Userboard 2-2 Log file to your computer.
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Click 'Backup' to download Userboard 3-1 Log file to your computer.
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Click 'Backup' to download Userboard 3-2 Log file to your computer.
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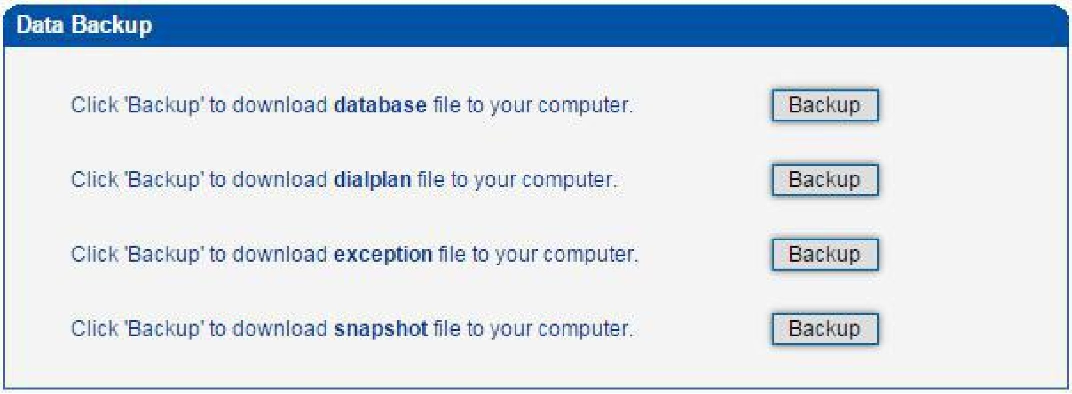
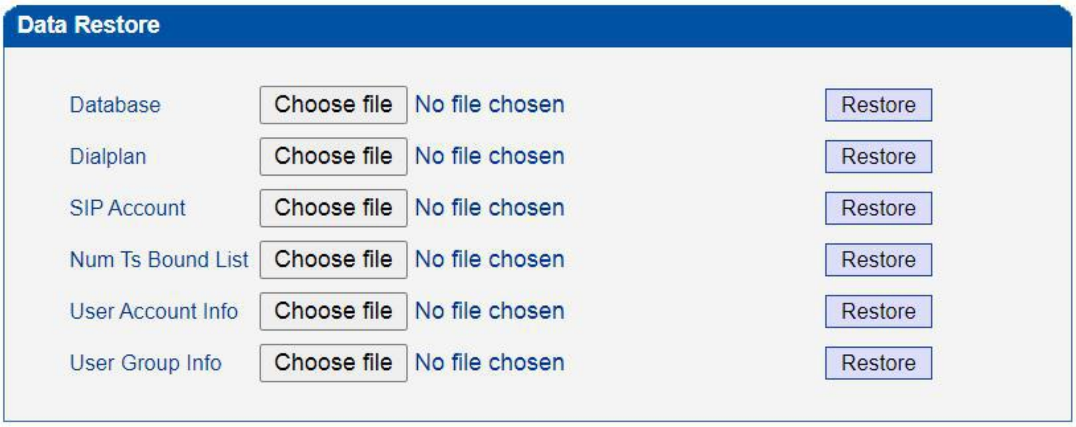


4.17.10 Data Restore

On the **Data Restore** interface, you can restore database, dialplan, SIP account and so on. If you upload a file that contains default configurations, the MTG2000B will be restored to default configurations. You can also upload a dialplan file to restore dialing rules.

Database herein refers to the database where configuration data are placed.



4.17.11 Version Information

On the **Version Information** interface, the version information of the software, database, Web, FPGA, DSP and DTU boards are displayed.

Version Information

File Type	Version	Date Built	Time Built
Software	3.06.10.43	2020-08-19	19:49:38
Database	2.03.26	2020-07-05	15:30:00
Web	3.06.10.43	2020-08-19	19:49:41
FPGA	1.02.11	2016-06-03	18:22:04
UserBoard ipk	board_1.2		
UserBoard image	h8users.35		

CardDTU Version Info

Description	Slot Num	Current Version
DTU2B-0	0	board1.2-02.14.35-00
DTU2B-1	1	board1.2-02.14.35-00
DTU2B-2	2	board1.2-02.14.35-00
DTU2B-3	3	board1.2-02.14.35-00

Refresh

4.17.12 Firmware Upgrade

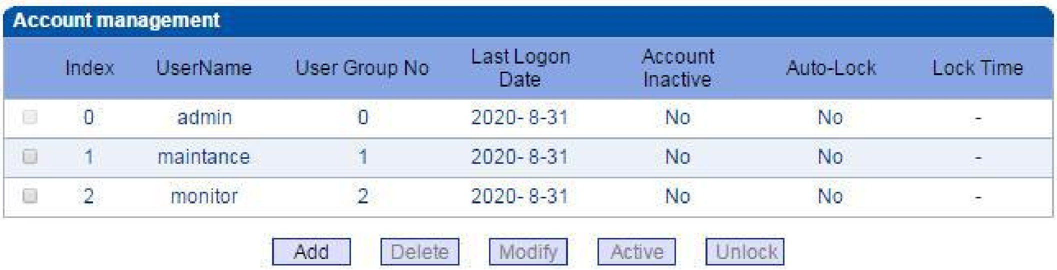
On the **Applications Upload** interface, you can upload files to upgrade the software, the Web, and the Mod file of MTG2000B. If you select 'Package', it means the upgrading files of the software and Web are packaged and then uploaded.

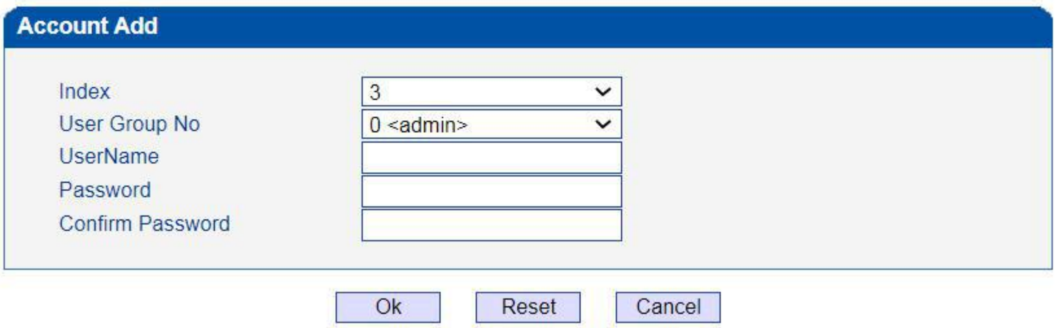
Note: Do not upgrade the underlying files yourself.

	Parameter	Explanation
Applications Upgrade	Package	Select the package to be loaded (*mtgpackage.ldf*), and click Upload. The package contains app and web. There is no need to reload the app or web program. After the loading is successful, restart the device.
	Software	Select the app program to be loaded (*mtgapp.ldf*), and click Upload. After the upload is successful, the supporting web program will be loaded.
	Web	Select the *mtgweb.ldf* to be loaded, and click Upload. After the app and web are loaded successfully, restart the device.
	Mod File	Select *recog.mod* to be loaded, click Upload, and restart the device after uploading successfully.
	Tcpdump	Select the *tcpdump (linux program)* to be loaded, click upload, and restart the device after the upload is successful.
	Certificate	Select the CA certificate file to be loaded, click Upload, and restart the device after the upload is successful.
Firmware Upgrade	Boot	Select the *mtgboot.ldf* file to be loaded. After the upload is successful, the *telnet* device enters *^config*, executes *uboot update*, and restarts the device after the prompt “update uboot success”.
	Kernel	Select the *mtgkernel.ldf* file to be loaded. After the upload is successful, the *telnet* device enters *^config* , executes the *kernel update*, and restarts the device after the prompt “update kernel success”.
	File System	Select the *mtgfs.ldf* file to be loaded. After the upload is successful, the *telnet* device enters *^config,* executes *license update*, *netinfo backup*, save the license and network information of the device, and then execute *fs update*. After the *fs* is refreshed (Do not operate the web and do not use the web to restart the device). You can log in to the reboot device with SSH, or *reset* the device in *^config* mode.
	FPGA Firmware	Upload the selected *mtgfpga.ldf* and restart the device to take effect after the upload is successful.

	DSP Firmware	Upload the selected *mtgdsp.ldf* and restart the device to take effect after the upload is successful.
	DSP827 Firmware	Upload the selected *dsp827app.ldf* and restart the device to take effect after the upload is successful.
	Authorization	Upload the selected *mtgauth.ldf* and restart the device to take effect after the upload is successful.
	Module	Upload the selected audio file and restart the device to take effect after the upload is successful.
Cards Update	UserBoard ipk	Upload the selected user board program and restart the device to take effect after the upload is successful.
	UserBoard image	Upload the selected user board program and restart the device to take effect after the upload is successful.
Standby Software Transmit	After selecting the software package and database, click **Synchronize**; the software package can only synchronize the uploaded package files; the program can be synchronized after the master/slave MCU synchronization is successful.	

4.17.13 User Account Management



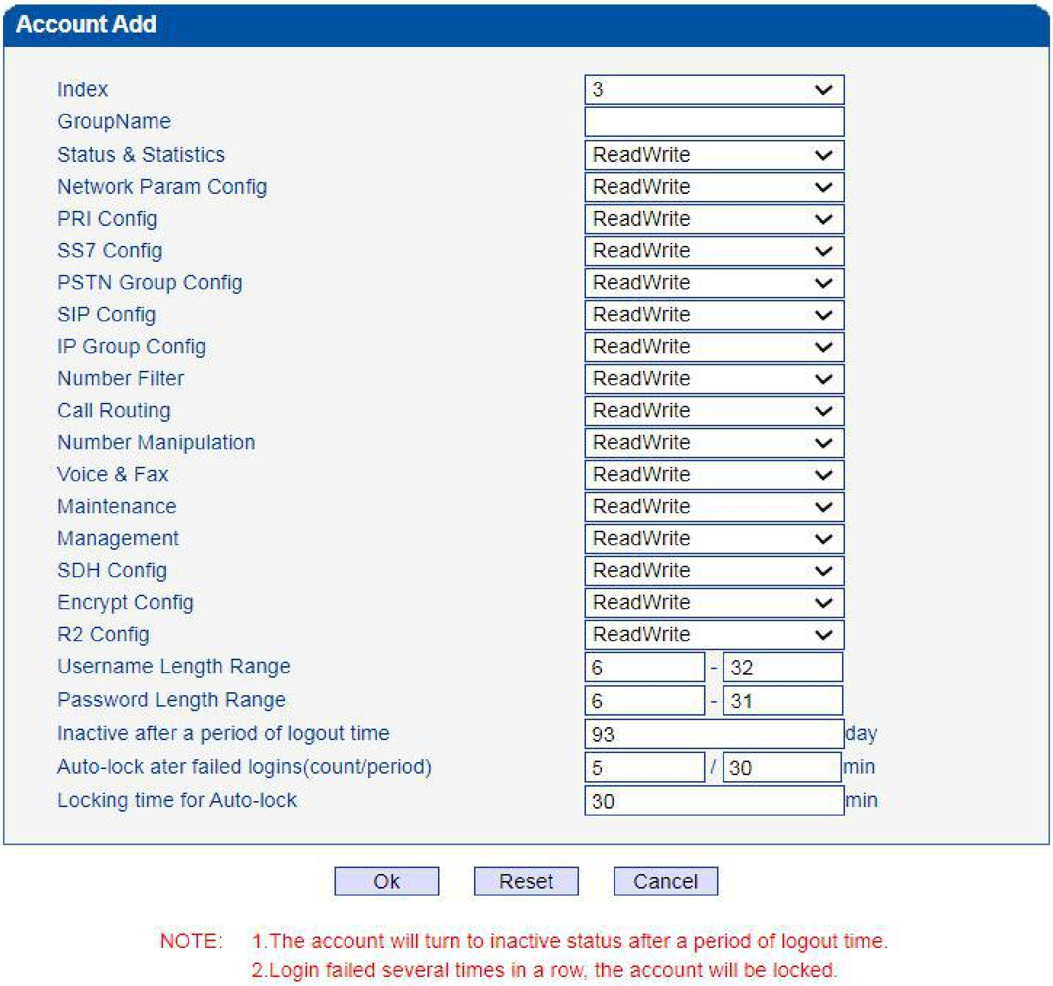


Parameter	Explanation
Index	Account index, 32 accounts can be configured, account 0 cannot be modified or deleted.
User Group No	The account in which the group.

4.17.14 User Group Management


Account Group management

	Index	GroupName	Network Param Config	PRI Config	SS7 Config	PSTN Group Config	SIP Config	IP Group Config	Number Filter	Call Routing	Number Manipulation	Voice & Fax	Maintenance	Management	User Management
	0	admin	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW
	1	mainta...	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	NA
	2	monitor	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	NA



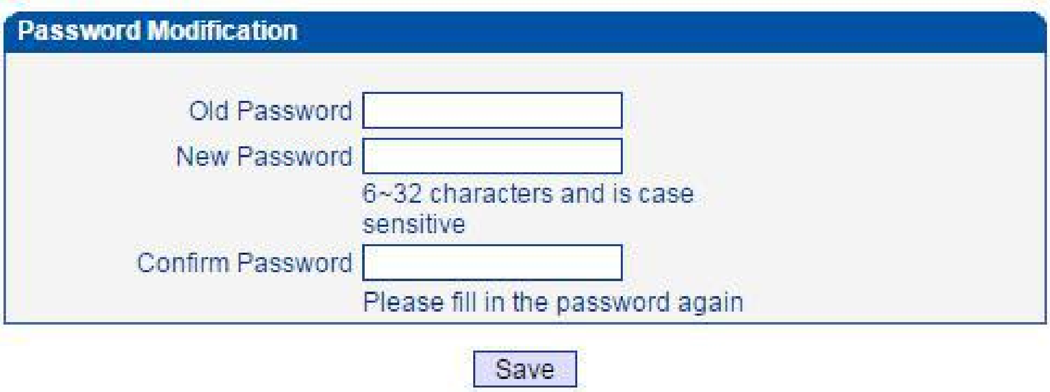
Parameter	Explanation
Index	Account group index, 8 account groups can be configured, account 0 cannot be modified or deleted.
GroupName	Description of account group name.
Permissions	ReadWrite/ ReadOnly/ None.
UserName Length Range	Limit the length of the password username (The front bit cannot be length than the later).
Password Length Range	Limit the length of the password (The front bit cannot be length than the later).
Inactive after a Period	When the account is not logged in or used within the configured

of Logout Time	time (the device has not been restarted), the account into dormant and cannot be used。 the account will go to sleep and cannot be used.
Auto-lock after Failed Login (count/period)	The number of consecutive login failures within the configured period. If more than the preset number, the account will be locked and cannot be logged in.
Locking Time for Auto-lock	Set the account lock time, and the account will be automatically unlocked after the preset time is reached.

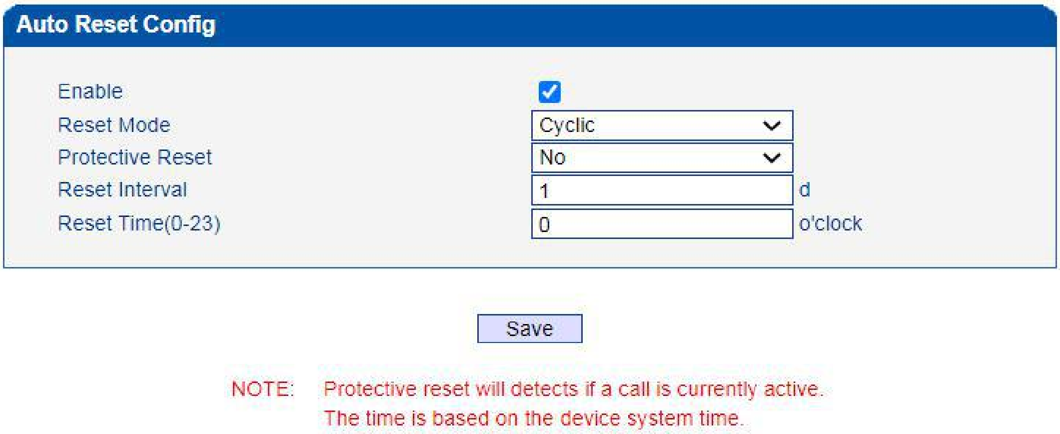
4.17.15 Password Modification

On the **Password Modification** interface, you can modify password for logging in the MTG2000B device. Default password is admin, so it is advised to modify it for security consideration.

The above mentioned password is also used to log in Web Interface, Telnet and SSH.



4.17.16 Auto Reset



Parameter	Explanation
Reset Mode	Timed restart/delayed restart; timed restart is a cyclic restart, and delayed restart is a one-time restart.

Protective Reset	Protective restart will detect whether there is current calls within the time range, and restart the device when there is no calls; otherwise, the device will be forced to restart within the last time.
Reset Interval	The time of the interval between two restarts
Reset Time (0-23)	The time of each restart

4.17.17 Device Restart

Click the **Restart** button, and you can restart the MTG2000B device.

5 Abbreviation

Abbreviation	Full Name
PRI	Primary Rate Interface
DND	Do-not-Disturb
FMC	Fixed Mobile Convergence
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi Frequency
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
PSTN	Public Switched Telephone Network
STUN	Simple Traversal of UDP over NAT
IVR	Interactive Voice Response
ISUP	ISDN (Integrated Services Digital Network) User Part
NTP	Network Time Protocol
PBX	Private Branch Exchange
RTP	Real Time Protocol
RTCP	Real Time Control Protocol
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
SS7	Signaling System Number 7
TUP	Telephone User Part
LOS	Loss of Signal
RAI	Remote Alarm Indicator
AIS	Alarm Indication Signal
LFA	Loss of Frame Alignment
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
CIC	Circuit Identification Code
SPC	Signaling point code
PCM	Pulse Code Modulation
CLI	Calling Line Identification

6 Commands

6.1 Commands under en Mode

This section is aimed to guide customers to get more details of MTG2000B gateway through command lines. It introduces the command lines that are commonly used.

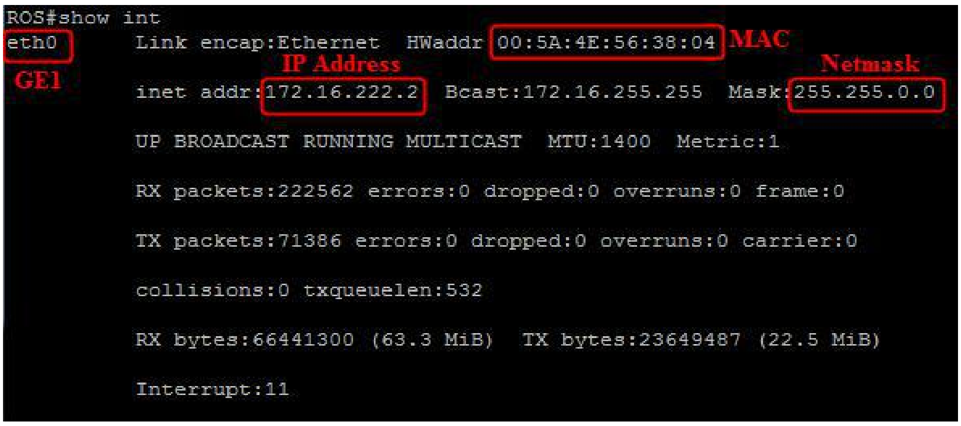
6.1.1 Login Command

Run the PuTTY, and login MTG2000B gateway through Telnet. Enter username and password, and then run command en to activate the privileged commands.

```
Welcome to Command Shell!
Username:admin
Password:*****
ROS>en
ROS#
```

6.1.2 Query IP Address

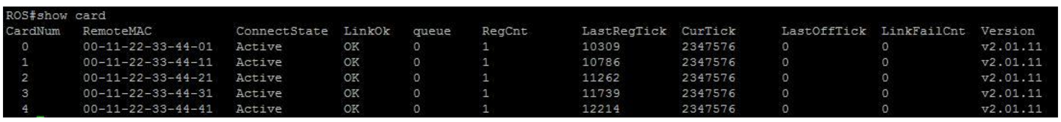
Enter the command **show int**, IP address, MAC address and Netmask of GE1 are displayed.




```
ROS#show int
eth0      Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:5A:4E:56:38:04

          inet addr:172.16.222.2  Bcast:172.16.255.255  Mask:255.255.0.0

          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST  MTU:1400  Metric:1

          RX packets:222562 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0

          TX packets:71386 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0

          collisions:0 txqueuelen:532

          RX bytes:66441300 (63.3 MiB)  TX bytes:23649487 (22.5 MiB)

          Interrupt:11
```

6.1.3 Query Statistics about DTU

Enter the command **show card**, and statistics about DTU are displayed.



ROS#show card

CardNum	RemoteMAC	ConnectState	LinkOk	queue	RegCnt	LastRegTick	CurTick	LastOffTick	LinkFailCnt	Version
0	00-11-22-33-44-01	Active	OK	0	1	10309	2347576	0	0	v2.01.11
1	00-11-22-33-44-11	Active	OK	0	1	10786	2347576	0	0	v2.01.11
2	00-11-22-33-44-21	Active	OK	0	1	11262	2347576	0	0	v2.01.11
3	00-11-22-33-44-31	Active	OK	0	1	11739	2347576	0	0	v2.01.11
4	00-11-22-33-44-41	Active	OK	0	1	12214	2347576	0	0	v2.01.11

6.1.4 Query DSP Information

Enter the command **show dsp info**, and DSP information is displayed.

```
ROS#show dsp info
Dsp No:0,         Status:DSP_LOADING_INIT_SUCCESS
                  Dsp Cap:2480
                  Dsp Mac:00-11-22-33-44-02
               Ip Address:172.30.20.4
              Arm version:Branch_7_25_K2
          Load Fail Count:0
     Cmd NoResponse Count:0
 ==========================================================
Dsp No:1,         Status:DSP_LOADING_INIT_SUCCESS
                  Dsp Cap:2480
                  Dsp Mac:00-11-22-33-44-03
               Ip Address:172.30.20.4
              Arm version:Branch_7_25_K2
          Load Fail Count:0
     Cmd NoResponse Count:0
 ==========================================================
Dsp No:2,         Status:DSP_LOADING_INIT_SUCCESS
                  Dsp Cap:2480
                  Dsp Mac:00-11-22-33-44-12
               Ip Address:172.30.20.4
              Arm version:Branch_7_25_K2
          Load Fail Count:0
     Cmd NoResponse Count:0
 ==========================================================
```

6.1.5 Query CPU Performance

Enter the command **show perf**, the CPU performance is displayed.

```
ROS#show perf
    performance now :0
    performance 5s  :0
    performance 60s :0
    performance 600s:0

    performance now user(%%):0
    performance now system(%%):0
```

Performance now	CPU load at current time
Performance 5s	Average CPU load in recent 5 seconds
Performance 60s	Average CPU load in recent 60 seconds
Performance 600s	Average CPU load in recent 600 seconds

6.1.6 Query SS7 Trunk Status

Enter the command **show ss7 sta**, and the status of SS7 link is displayed.

```
ROS#show ss7 sta
  grpId  linkState  mainLink  backupLink  currentCalls  maxCalls  failCalls  tot
alCalls  failRatio
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------
```

6.1.7 Query SS7 Link Statistics

Enter the command **show ss7 link**, and statistics about SS7 link are displayed.

```
ROS#show  ss7 link
  linkId hdlcNo type    revErrs cc       rc    lsc            iac       poc        txc   aerm    suerm
 daedt daedr
----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------
```

6.1.8 Query SS7 Call Statistics

Enter the command **show ss7 call**, and statistics about SS7 calls are displayed.

```
ROS#show ss7 call
grpId: interface ID   userId: CC call ID   callId: SS7 call ID
online total calls: 0
```

6.1.9 Query SS7 Errors

Enter the command show ss7 err, and errors about SS7 trunks or SS7 links are displayed.

```
ROS#show ss7 err
error cnt:14
[07-15 11:06]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:06]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:07]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:07]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:07]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:07]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:07]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:07]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:08]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:08]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:08]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:08]erro - hard_init()->tm_connect_ss7_e1 failed!
[07-15 11:08]linkId[2] erro - ###-- Error: Abnormal Flag -> 127 <= 21 <= 127
[07-15 11:08]linkId[2] erro - ss7_pkt_discard()->fsn error! previous:51 ,new:127 len:6
```

6.1.10 Query PRI Trunk Status

Enter the command **show q931 sta**, and statuses of PRI trunks are displayed.

```
Welcome to Command Shell!
Username:admin
Password:*****
ROS>en
ROS#show q931 sta
SHOW ALL PRAs DETAIL CALL STATISTIC INFORMATION
ROS#
```

6.1.11 Query PRI Link Statistics

Enter the command **show q931 link**, and PRI link statistics are displayed.

```
ROS#show q931 link
  PRA E1No. COMPORT STATE     STATUS                         v_s v_a v_r pst peer_cm
d    own_cmd     own_resp    qlen
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------
---------------------------------

online total links: 0

ROS#
```

6.1.12 Query PRI Call Statistics

Enter the command **show q931 call**, and statistics about PRI calls are displayed.

```
ROS# show q931 call
SHOW ALL PRAs INFORMATION
 CR: Q931 CALL REFERENCE SC:SHOW CALLING NUMBER
UID: EIA NO <<16 | PORT NO or 0x200 << 16 | ST CR
ROS#
```

6.1.13 Query Packet Statistics of HDLC Channel and Related Error Codes

Enter the command **show mcc x** (x refers to the port No. of HDLC channel), and the packet statistics and error codes (if there are any) of the HDLC channel are displayed.

```
ROS#show mcc x
----HDLC channel 0 Info ----
 chan0 send frames num = 0.
 chan0 recv frames num = 0.
ROS#
```

6.1.14 Query Status of E1 Port

Enter the command **show e1 x** (x refers to the E1 port No.), and the status of the E1 port is displayed.

```
ROS#show e1 x
 E1No=0  E1OkFlag=0, enable , IsUsed=0(none-255), LineState=0xa3, Framing_Err_Nu
m=0, Code_Violation_Num=0, E-bit_Err_Num=0, RX_CRC_Err_Num=0.
 Set Remote Clock Source Port:0 at Card:0.
ROS#
```

6.1.15 Query Statistics of All Call

Enter the command **show cc call,** and the statistics of all calls are displayed.

```
ROS#sh cc call
 No   Ci   Cr1  Cr2  State      Term1 Term2 Trunk1 Trunk2 S_time   V1k Stl Room1 Room2 RfPt1 RfPt2 Calling      Called
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

 ---------Total 0 lines-------


 Max :2, Current :0


 TrunkType  TrunkNo    CallsNum
 ------------------------------



---------------------------- cc statistics ----------------------------
                       CR exception :0
                      CCB exception :0
           Exceed max call duration :0
                   No voice protect :0
           Call routine check error :0
             SIP trunk disconnected :0
   Calls release by SIP trunk fault :0
         Calls release by DSP fault :0
        Calls release by PSTN fault :0
    Calls release by no SIP response:0
ROS#
```

6.2 Commands under config Mode

6.2.1 Login Commands

Welcome to Command Shell!

Username:admin

Password:*****

ROS>en

ROS#

ROS#^config

ROS(config)#

6.2.2 Other Commands

Used For/To	Command
Query version information	ROS(config)# load show
Call tracing	ROS(config)#deb cc detail all ROS(ada)#turnon 27
SIP signal tracing	ROS(config)#deb sip msg all ROS(ada)#turnon 71
Query SS7 Signal	ROS(config)#deb ss7 <lnkId> <level> ROS(ada)#turnon 96
Query PRI Signal	ROS(config)#deb q931 detail ROS(ada)#turnon 64
Restart MTG2000B	ROS(config)#reset gmpu [ipaddr]

6.3 Commands under ada Mode

6.3.1 Login Commands

Welcome to Command Shell!
Username:admin
Password:*****
ROS>en
ROS#
ROS#^ada
ROS(ada)#[119-17:35:18:040]ADA CONNECTED ...,WELCOME!
ROS(ada)#

Used For/To	Command
Query the records about exceptions or errors	ROS(ada)#cmd 3 30 0
Query the records about exceptions or errors before the restart of MTG2000B	ROS(ada)#cmd 3 30 1
Disable the printing of SIP messages	ROS(ada)#turnoff 71
Disable the printing of SS7 messages	ROS(ada)#turnoff 96
Disable the printing of PRI messages	ROS(ada)#turnoff 64
Disable the printing of CC messages	ROS(ada)#turnoff 27